DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.

REPORT

ON THE

SEA AND INLAND FISHERIES OF IRELAND

FOR

1907.

IN TWO PARTS.

PART I.—GENERAL REPORT.

PART II.—SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATIONS.

PART I.—GENERAL REPORT.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of His Majesty.

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To

His Excellency John Campbell, Earl of Aberdeen, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland.

May it please Your Excellency,

I am directed by the Vice-President to submit to Your Excellency the Report on the Sea and Inland Fisheries of Ireland for the year 1907.—Part I., General Report.

I have the honour to remain,

Your Excellency's faithful Servant,

T. P. GILL,

Secretary.

Department of Agriculture

and Technical Instruction for Ireland,

Upper Merrion-street,

Dublin, 18*th August*, 1908.

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DUBLIN CASTLE,

20th August, 1908.

SIR,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 18th instant, forwarding, for submission to His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, the Report on the Sea and Inland Fisheries of Ireland for the year 1907, Part I., General Report.

I am,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,

J. B. DOUGHERTY.

THE SECRETARY,
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND
TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.

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SEA AND INLAND FISHERIES OF IRELAND, 1907.

REPORT

TO THE

SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.

SIR,

We have the honour to submit Part I. of the Report for the year 1907 on the Sea and Inland Fisheries of Ireland.

PART I.—GENERAL REPORT.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

In our last Annual Report certain influences and changes affecting the Irish Sea Fisheries were considered somewhat in detail. The decline in the general capture, which was noted in 1906, unfortunately continued in 1907. The immediate cause was, however, special in character, and bearing in mind the wintry weather and the continuous storms which prevailed at the end of May, for the whole of June, and again in the autumn, one can well understand that fishing at sea during that period was well-nigh impossible. It is then that the spring mackerel and herring fisheries are usually at their best, and the failure in these accounts for a large portion of the total decline of 1907. A more serious failure, because of its not being directly due to weather conditions, was that experienced in the autumn at Downing's Bay. Boats assembled there, and for months waited in vain for the herring, which, however, did not show up in paying quantity until the greater part of the fleet had dispersed. The consequent loss was felt not only by the fishermen, but by the curing firms and by the numerous hands which in good seasons obtain employment at the stations.

In view of the difficulty which sailing boats now experience in competing with steamers in all branches of the fishing industry, and the financial risks involved in investment in steam drifters by fishermen who work from home ports, we thought it desirable to experiment with a paraffin motor.

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We accordingly issued a loan to a carefully selected crew, and placed an order for a 25-ton motor fishing boat with Messrs. Tyrrell and Sons, of Arklow. The dimensions of the vessel (named "*Ovoca*"), which is fully rigged for sailing, are as follow:—Length, $48\frac{4}{10}$ feet; beam, $14\frac{4}{10}$ feet; depth, $7\frac{4}{10}$ feet. The engine is a 23 horse power, of the type known as the "Dan," and is of Danish make. It drives the winch for hauling nets as well as the propeller and the pump. The "*Ovoca*" on her trials did over six knots an hour without the aid of sails. In selecting the engine and deciding on the design of the vessel, we studied the experience that had been gained in Scotland and elsewhere in motor-driven fishing boats; and, so far, the "*Ovoca*" has proved successful.

We also issued a loan to another crew of fishermen on the north coast to put a paraffin motor into the 25-ton boat "*Monica*."

The change in the class of boats taking part in the fishing, which we referred to in our last report, continues. In 1907 there was a decrease of 188 in the third and unclassed boats, but increases of 29 in the first and 95 in the second classes.

In 1907 we decided on applications for fishery loans from 151 fishermen, and arranged to lend sums amounting in all to £5,456 10s.

The question of establishing a brand for mackerel cured in Ireland for export formed the subject of an exhaustive series of inquiries, and has already been referred to in previous publications of the Department. Some of the evidence given has been regarded by supporters of the brand system in Scotland as mischievous, in so far that it was considered to have instituted an unfair comparison between Irish herrings which are cured for export, and the herrings which are eligible for the Government brand in Scotland. Whatever individual witnesses may have said at the inquiries above referred to, it is necessary to point out that a comparison of the specially fine herrings cured in the North of Ireland can only be made with the best class of herrings in Scotland, namely, those taken on the west coast of that country, *which are not eligible for the brand*. There is no basis of comparison between the Irish herrings cured for export and the east coast herrings of Scotland, to which the various grades of the Government brand are adapted. There is an immense export trade from Scotland in these latter herrings. The Scottish brand now, as formerly, is highly respected in Germany and Russia. Business is transacted on its guarantee, which is sufficient testimony of the great care taken to maintain its character by the Fishery Board for Scotland.

During the year the Department received an advantageous offer for the purchase of their steam cruiser *Helga*. After full consideration, they decided to accept it, and to replace her by a vessel of greater speed and more modern equipment for the work of fishery protection and research.

The new cruiser was built by the Dublin Dockyard Company, with engines of 1,000 horse-power, by Messrs. D. Rowan

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and Co., of Glasgow. Her dimensions are :—Length between perpendiculars, 155 feet; breadth moulded, 24 feet 6 inches; depth moulded, 13 feet 6 inches.

The Department arranged to retain the s. s. *Helga* until within a few months of the completion of the new cruiser, and in the interval between the date of delivery and that on which the new *Helga* was available for marine police duties a steamer was chartered for the purpose.

The difficulties of protecting our fishing grounds are steadily increasing owing to fresh demands for the prohibition of steam trawling in inshore waters all around the coast, and, although the new cruiser is much faster than the old, it seems possible that the time is not far distant when a second vessel will be necessary. Even with the additional assistance obtained by the occasional employment of the Congested Districts Board's steamer *Granuaile* it is hardly possible to give the simultaneous protection along the different coasts of the country which is found to be desirable.

A large number of the bays and inshore waters around Ireland are closed to steam trawling. During the year we found it necessary to propose further restrictions affecting the following places :—

> An area off the coast of the County of Antrim, bounded by an imaginary straight line from Bengore Head to the most westerly point of Rathlin Island; and by said Rathlin Island; and by an imaginary straight line from the Light House on said Rathlin Island to Tor Point; and by that part of the mainland of the County of Antrim situated between Tor Point and Bengore Head.
>
> An area around Tory Island, County Donegal, bounded landwards by the line of low water mark on the shores of said island, and bounded seawards by a line around said island drawn three geographical miles from said line of low water mark.
>
> An area off the coast of the County of Donegal, bounded by straight lines drawn from Horn Head, in the County of Donegal, to the nearest point of Tory Island, and from the Light House on Tory Island to the Bloody Foreland.
>
> The area off that part of the coasts of the Counties of Antrim, Londonderry, and Donegal, bounded seawards by imaginary straight lines from Bengore Head, in the County of Antrim, to the Light House on Inishtrahull, and thence to Ireland's North Point near Malin Head, in the County of Donegal, and bounded landwards by the shores of the respective counties, and an imaginary straight line across the mouth of Lough Foyle from Magilligan Point to Greencastle Pier.

The Lord Lieutenant in Council approved of all save the last, which has therefore no force.

We also found it necessary to close up part of the Public Oyster Beds at Tralee between 11th March and the 9th February in each year.

A licence to plant a mussel bed below low water mark in the River Nanny was granted during the year.

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The salmon capture in 1907, as indicated by the railway traffic, showed a serious decline. The weather conditions affeetsd the netting adversely. The outstanding feature of the fishery was the failure of the grilse, which, so far as can bs ascertained, were universally scarce, late, and of poor average size.

No sign of salmon disease was observed.

A very important by-law, prohibiting the use of nets, save landing nets and those for the capture of eels, in all the fresh-water portions of the River Barrow and its tributaries, was submitted by us and received the approval of the Lord Lieutenant in Council.

We also made a by-law prohibiting the use of all engines for the capture of fish in those parts of the River Suir at Clonmel which lie between the bridges at Suir Island and the "Gas House Bridge." In this by-law we made an exception in favour of single rods and lines when used from certain banks of the river.

The output from the different hatcheries in 1907 was 5,244,500 salmon, 195,000 white trout, and 358,500 brown trout.

The Fishmongers' Company has continued to give effective aid in the suppression of illegal fishing in Ireland.

We desire to place upon record our high appreciation of the services rendered by the officers and men of the Royal Irish Constabulary in the protsction of inland fisheries. Although accusations of neglect are from time to time made against the force by persons whose opportunities of knowledge of the matter must in charity be supposed to be very limited, it is only right to say that the preservation of rivers and lakes is largely due to an unceasing vigilance on the part of the Constabulary, which is much better known to would-be poachers than to the public at large.

Assistance in the collection of statistics, and in the investigation of numerous matters of detail arising out of our administration of the loan fund, was also rendered by the Constabulary, and by the Coast Guard.

Many scientific and other reports have been received during the year, and this opportunity is taken of thanking those who placed at the disposal of the Department the valuable information they contain.

THE SEA FISHERIES.

Vessels, Men, and Boys.

There were 6,097 vessels actually engaged in the sea fisheries in 1907, as compared with 6,161 in 1906, showing a decrease of 64.

This year's figures are composed of 407 first, 3,253 second, and 1,833 third class boats, 411 unclassed open row boats and canoes of 18 feet and upwards in length, and 193 unclassed open row boats and canocs of under 18 feet. The net falling off above-mentioned results from decreases of 179 in the third class, and of 9 in the unclassed open row boats, and increases of 29 in the first class, and 95 in the second class.

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There were 23,045 men and 498 boys employed, being 321 men and 68 boys less than in the previous year.

The distribution of boats and persons according to the various classes of fishing followed, was as follows :—

There were 11 steam trawlers, 8 being of from 20 to 65 tons nett register, and the others being smaller vessels. Of sailing boats, 477 followed trawling, 184 of which were from 10 to 65 tons each. The remainder were smaller.

About 1,660 men and 35 boys were engaged in trawling.

Fishing by long lines was carried on by about 5,190 men and 70 boys, in 32 first class, 799 second class, 438 third class, and 111 unclassed, boats.

About 380 persons were engaged gathering oysters off the public beds.

About 3,880 persons were engaged at the lobster and crab fisheries.

About 400 persons were engaged in picking mussels, 280 in picking cockles, and 3,000 in gathering periwinkles.

Further details are given in the Appendices.

The number of boats engaged in the mackerel and herring fisheries are referred to on pages xiv. and xvii. and pages xviii. and xxiii.

There were 51 first, 483 second, 396 third class, and 41 unclassed boats, that did not fish during the year.

Four first class boats from Arklow attended the Scotch herring fishery.

Review of Statistics of Fish (excluding Salmon) Landed.

According to the returns received the total quantity of sea fish (other than shell fish) captured in 1907 was 697,901 cwts., valued at £290,892. In 1906 the corresponding figures were 753,471 cwts., and £321,475. The former therefore show decreases of 55,570 cwt., and £30,583.

The following figures show the comparison between the landings on the different coasts during the two years :—

—		Cwts.	Value.
			£
North Coast,	1907, .	88,028	44,089
,,	1906, .	100,230	64,959
East Coast,	1907, .	215,334	107,408
,,	1906, .	204,735	106,738
South Coast,	1907, .	144,195	47,710
,,	1906, .	245,262	69,231
West Coast	1907, .	250,344	91,685
,,	1906, .	203,244	80,547

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The average price per cwt. of the total catch in 1907 was about 8*s.* 4*d.*, and in 1906 about 8*s.* 6½*d.*

Including shell fish the total value for 1907 was £341,049, and for 1906, £373,491.

A comparison between this year and last in respect to quantities, values, and average prices of the different kinds of sea fish landed in Ireland will be found in Appendix No. 2, page 4.

Dublin Market Returns.

The amount of fish, excluding herrings, mackerel, shellfish and salmon, which passed through the Dublin market during 1907 was 4,337 tons, being a decrease of 308 tons on that of the previous year.

The number of steam trawlers which worked regularly out of Dublin was 8 during nine months, and 7 during the rest of the year. They made 550 trips, and landed 2,558 tons of fish. As is usually the case, whiting was the fish taken in the largest quantities. It reached a total of 11,355 boxes; cod and haddock came next, the former exceeding 9,500 and the latter 6,000 boxes. Hake, pollock, ray and conger were also taken in considerable quantities. Of flat fish there were 1,334 boxes of dabs, 1,133½ of megrims or ox soles, 928 of plaice, 435½ of black soles, 281¾ of turbot, and 191¾ of brill.

Besides the local fleet, steam trawlers owned elsewhere sold their fish (amounting to 11 tons) in the Dublin market on four occasions.

The supplies from Howth reached 515 tons, the same figure as that of the previous year. The fish consisted of cod, haddock, whiting, conger eels, ling, ray and bream.

Three hundred and twenty-five tons, the same amount as in 1906, came from Galway. They included over 1,000 hampers of haddock, and nearly 500 of plaice. Whiting, cod, black soles, turbot, hake, and ray were also included.

The sailing vessels of Dublin Bay accounted for 197 tons, principally ray and plaice. Whiting and haddock were also landed in considerable quantities. The total take was seventy-three tons less than that of the previous year.

From the Dingle fleet of sailing trawlers 194 tons were received, which is fifteen tons more than in 1906. Plaice and black soles formed the bulk of the catch. The latter were mainly taken during February, March, April, and May.

The Balbriggan trawlers sent 142 tons, practically the same amount as in the previous year, nearly all plaice and dabs. From August to November was their best period.

Three hundred and thirty-nine tons, composed principally of haddock, plaice, cod and whiting, reached the market from various other centres. This quantity is nearly 100 tons more than that of the previous year.

Imported fresh fish outside that mentioned in the following paragraph amounted to 56 tons, as compared with 79 in 1906. It consisted almost entirely of haddock and plaice.

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Besides this there passed through the market in 1907 about 6,933 barrels and 15,965 boxes of Irish fresh herrings, 12 barrels of Irish cured herrings, 5,963 barrels and 731 boxes of imported fresh herrings, and 405 barrels of imported cured herrings. The mackerel amounted to 8,661 boxes of Irish fish.

Salmon, trout, eels and shellfish were also dealt with in varying quantities.

Spring Mackerel Fishing.

The late arrival of mackerel in the Autumn of 1906 was to some extent compensated for by the continued presence of the shoals on many parts of the coast in the following January and February, long after the period of their usual stay. In January great takes were made by "nobbies" and by row boats off Valentia. The temptation to overload the row boats was very great and two boats were swamped, with the loss of eight lives, while other crews narrowly escaped. Great hopes were entertained that there might be a prosperous spring fishing, particularly as April opened with a week of summer-like weather. The balance of that month, as well as May and June, were, however, characterised by storms which made fishing on the Atlantic coast often impossible. The record for the year up to 30th of June, when, according to custom, our statistical returns for the Spring season close, is consequently bad. The catch shows a falling off of 53,655 cwts., and in value of £4,840. The decline was felt more or less at all the ports, except at Valentia Harbour, where a large number of vessels congregated, and the landings, as returned from Knightstown and Cahereiveen, amounted to 21,934 cwts. against 16,005 cwts. for the preceding year, with a more than proportional increase in the money value.

It has been noted that the Spring Mackerel of the past few seasons have been of smaller size than formerly.

In treating of the general decline in the catch as recorded in the statistics above referred to, one most important fact must be mentioned. The prolongation of wintry weather into the early summer months delayed the departure of the fish, so that when the weather improved in July there was what may be looked on as a most successful extension of the spring fishery for a couple of weeks, which probably resulted in additional landings to the extent of about 40,000 cwts., the value of which would be some £8,000 to £10,000. During late years a considerable portion of the spring catch is cured for the American market, particularly during the month of June. Nearly 13,000 barrels were thus put up this season before the end of that month. The curing continued during July. A large number of firms were engaged in this trade—and two Norwegian schooners came to Cleggan, County Galway, where they bought mackerel, and in June and July gave considerable employment to the local people in curing and packing 1,374 barrels in the best style. In July many fishermen gave up mackerel fishing owing to the fact

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that in some places the catching of lobsters, and in others drifting for salmon, offered greater chances of profit.

The following are the numbers of Irish boats which landed Spring Mackerel in large or small quantities in 1907 :—

1st Class,	189
2nd ,,	428
3rd ,,	533
Unregistered,	31
Unclassed,	139

The following are the numbers of boats belonging to other nationalities reported as engaged :—

English,	25
Scottish,	2
Manx,	60
French,	68

The catch of the French fleet is salted down on board and taken direct to France, and particulars of the capture are not included in our statistics of fish landed.

As usual, telegraphic information of the progress of the fishery was collected and despatched to all important centres twice each week during the season, and the following notes are based on the information thus obtained :—

Although at some stations a considerable quantity of fish was captured during the second week in April, it was not until the following week that operations had generally commenced. The most successful week was that ended 25th May, during which 15,164 boxes were landed by 155 boats, being an average of 20·44 boxes per boat per night.

Taking the principal stations *seriatim* :—

From *Kinsale*, during the earlier part of the season, more boats were employed than from any other station. Their number at one time reached 65. 1,670 boxes were landed during the first half of April. The next two weeks were the best of the season, 12,676 boxes having been taken. In the week ending 20th April, 4,764 boxes were landed by 42 boats for five nights' work, an average of 22·68 boxes per boat per night. During the next week 58 boats fished five nights, and landed 7,912 boxes, being an average of 27·28 boxes per boat per night. Although the number of boats increased, there was a decided falling-off in the capture in May, at the end of which month the vessels began to leave. The mackerel fetched at first 25*s*. per hundred, but afterwards fell to 15*s*. and 10*s*., and in the month of June 8*s*. was the average price.

At *Baltimore* fishing was in progress during the first half of April. During the remainder of that month 35 boats were working for four or five nights a week, but their catch amounted only to a total of about 4,400 boxes. During the first two weeks of May the fishing was very poor, but in the next three the landings greatly improved, and amounted respectively to 4,078,

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5,995, and 4,320 boxes. About 48 boats then took part in the fishing. The best average was 44·5 boxes per boat per night for the week ended 29th June, when 30 boats fished on four nights. The week which produced the greatest actual take was that ended 25th May, when 5,995 boxes were landed by 48 boats as the result of five nights' operations. The prices commenced at 12*s.* 6*d.* per hundred. They subsequently reached 15*s.* for one week, but afterwards fell to about 8*s.*

At *Castletownbere* the season was a very poor one. The number of boats that fished never exceeded ten, and was generally three or four. The week ended 8th June produced the greatest result, namely 350 boxes for four nights, fishing by ten boats. The first price realized was 21*s.* per hundred. Afterwards 10*s.* per hundred was obtained, and towards the end of the season from 6*s.* to 9*s.*

At *Valentia* the fishing was in operation by 25 boats during the week ended 20th April. The catch (900 boxes) was not large, being only an average of nine boxes per boat per night. In the following month the number of boats increased, and from forty to fifty were engaged during the balance of the season up to the 22nd June, after which their number fell off. The best actual catch took place during the week ended 25th May, when 4,129 boxes were landed, being an average of 21·73 boxes per boat per night. During the following week 3,196 boxes were landed by fifty-one boats as the result of five nights' fishing. This, however, only produced an average of 12·53 boxes per boat per night. At the commencement of the season 25*s.* to 15*s.* per hundred was realized. During the earlier part of May prices were from 16*s.* to 13*s.*, but at the close of that month some of the fish only fetched 5*s.* per hundred. For the balance of the season the prices varied from 14*s.* to 6*s.* per hundred.

At *Fenit* six boats worked four nights during the week ended 20th April, their landing (48 boxes) being insignificant. It was not until the last half of May that the boats made any remunerative captures. During the week ended 18th of that month 20 boats landed 2,453 boxes for five nights' fishing, being an average of 24·53 boxes per boat per night In the following week 2,020 boxes were landed by 18 boats. The highest average per boat per night (61·11 boxes) was for the week ended 8th June, but only 12 boats, including steam drifters, fished on three nights of that week. The prices commenced at 20*s.* per hundred. In May 15*s.*, 11*s.* and 8*s.* were paid, while in the following month 12*s.* and 9*s.* per hundred were realized.

At *North Arran* the season started by four boats fishing for three nights during the week ended 20th April. Their catch was insignificant. The best week was that ended 18th May, when 907 boxes were landed by 19 boats after four nights' fishing. During the following three weeks the number of boats declined to 12, and the average capture per boat per night during that time would be about 10 boxes. At the beginning the fish fetched from 15*s.* down to 6*s.* 9*d.* per hundred. A contract price was afterwards 7*s.* 6*d.* per hundred, which was altered towards the end of the season in July to 5*s.*

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Particulars of the fishing will be found in Appendix No. 4, p. 12. See also chart between pp. viii. and ix.

Autumn Mackerel Fishery.

The figures given in Appendix No. 5, pages 16–20, relate to the mackerel landed between the 1st July and the 31st December, and the amount thereof, namely, 116,434 cwts., was less by some 3,000 cwts. than that for the previous year. The money realized was also less to the extent of about £8,000. The difference in amount landed would have been still greater but for the facts that there was a large increase in the quantity of mackerel (mainly July fish) landed on the County of Galway, and that the east and south-east coasts in general showed increased captures in 1907. The real autumn season does not usually commence until about the month of September, and this year, all along those parts of the Irish coast which are mainly looked to to meet the demand of the American market, it was most disappointing. The shortage occurred, with small exceptions, at the regular curing centres around the West Cork and Kerry Coasts. It was due almost entirely to the wild and stormy weather which prevailed. In some places the boats could fish but one night a week. Around Dunmanus Bay and vicinity on nine nights only during the entire season were fish caught to any extent—the Seine nets doing best. The complaint of inability to get to sea was quite general, and in the Ballinskelligs district, owing to this cause, no mackerel were landed.

The foregoing will explain in a great measure the decrease of nearly 2,000 in the number of barrels of mackerel cured for export. When it became evident that the autumn season would result in a shortage of fish, the prices in America which, about the middle of the year were quoted at from thirteen to fourteen dollars a barrel, rose gradually, and eventually reached nineteen and twenty dollars a barrel. At the same time it is probable that the standard of cure during the season was higher than formerly, owing to the fact that a great deal of information as to the pronounced effect in America of good or indifferent or bad curing, as the case might be, was disseminated in the curing districts at public inquiries which were held by the Department in January and February of 1907 into the question of the advisability of instituting a Government brand for Irish-cured fish.

The mackerel landed in July—a very substantial quantity—was somewhat low-priced, and that caught off the east coast in herring nets was of small value and only sold locally. These facts helped to lower the average price for the six months; but in many parts of the curing districts from 10s. to 13s. per hundred fish was paid to the fishermen during November and December.

A trial for autumn mackerel was made, with the assistance of the Department, by a crew of fishermen from Ring, Co. Waterford, but did not produce any satisfactory result. The fish caught eastwards from Kinsale are usually of too small a class for the curers.

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For full details of the autumn mackerel fishery the tables in the Appendix No. 5, pp. 16–20 must be examined, and in the chart between pages viii. and ix. the relative importance of this year's catch can be noted.

The following are the numbers of Irish boats which landed Autumn Mackerel in large or small quantities in 1907 :—

Irish, 1st Class,	113
" 2nd "	904
" 3rd "	705
" unregistered,	44
" unclassed,	242

Three English boats came for this fishing.

Summer Herring Fishery.

The summer herring fishing shared with the spring mackerel fishing the decline on the season's returns. This decline seems to have no other general cause than the tempestuous weather which prevailed in the early months. The falling-off was from 113,495 cwts. in 1906 to 96,274 cwts. in 1907, with a decrease on the season of £14,378.

The decline was much marked at Dunmore East, Ardglass, and Kinsale. At the latter practically none but Scottish boats fish for the summer herring. At Ardglass the falling-off was partly accounted for by the weather and partly by the fact that a number of Portavogie boats worked from their home port. Portavogie, consequently, showed a great increase on the previous year's landings. The strike of the dockers at Belfast caused many boats to give up fishing on the Co. Down coast before the close of the season, owing to the impossibility of getting their catches shipped in the cross-Channel steamers from Belfast.

From Kinsale and the east coast most of the fish caught were marketed fresh, as were also those caught by local fishermen in mackerel nets off the west coast. In Downing's Bay (Co. Donegal) curing went on as usual, and 10,897 barrels of herrings were despatched thence to markets in Russia and Germany, &c., where they fetched the highest prices paid there.

We found it necessary to publish a warning to curers in connection with the irregularity of the practice of branding the words "Downing's Bay" on barrels containing herrings which were not landed or cured at Downing's Bay.

The herrings which are caught in considerable quantities in the mackerel nets off the Kerry coast are of specially good quality, and the Congested Districts Board sent an expert herring curer to that coast in the summer to instruct the mackerel curers in the best method of curing those herrings.

The following are the numbers of Irish boats which landed Summer Herrings in large or small quantities in 1907 :—

1st Class,	136
2nd "	719
3rd "	191
Unregistered,	1
Unclassed,	101

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The following are the numbers of vessels belonging to other nationalities reported as engaged :—

English,	27
Scottish,	323
Manx,	34

The system of telegraphic intelligence was continued during the year in connection with this fishery, and revealed the following points of interest :—

At *Howth* a small quantity of fish was taken at the end of May and the beginning of June, but it was not until the month of July that considerable captures were made. From seventeen to twenty-five boats were fishing that month, save in the third week of it, when forty-two boats worked on a couple of nights. The prices were high in the month of May, when the captures were small. In the last week of June the fish fetched £1 0*s.* 9*d.* a mease, but afterwards the prices varied between 11*s.* and 18*s.* The total quantity of fish taken was 2,736 mease, and its value would be about £2,365.

The weather in June and July was mostly favourable. The quality of the herring when the fishing was at its height was good.

At *Dunmore East* there was a marked falling-off in the take, only 784 mease having been landed. In the week ended 4th May eighteen boats fished for one night, but during the balance of the season the number varied from six to eleven. The weather generally was rather unfavourable. The highest price (21*s.* a mease) was realized during the second week of June. The season closed about the third week of that month.

With regard to the experiment which was undertaken last year with the assistance of the Department to test the presence of herrings in this neighbourhood during February and March, it is interesting to note that a Scottish steam drifter fished three nights in the opening of February, but made no capture. On the 21st of that month another Scottish boat fished and caught about a mease. During the week ended the 23rd February one boat fished for a night and caught 1½ mease. Three steam and two sail drifters then arrived, and for one night's fishing only had a result of ½ mease, the quality of the fish being poor. The steam drifters then left. During the week ended the 16th March two boats fished one night, but without success. The weather was favourable during the test, and the general results are similar to those of the previous year.

At *Kinsale* the fishing was light, the most successful week being that ended 25th May, when 160 mease were landed by thirteen boats as the result of five nights' fishing. The season began by the arrival of eight Scottish boats on 9th May, and closed early in June, but towards the latter half of that month some 110 mease were caught in mackerel nets. The prices throughout were from 12*s.* to 25*s.* a mease. The weather was, generally speaking, not suitable for a successful fishing.

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At *Killybegs* 376 crans were landed, showing a satisfactory increase on last year's catch. Most of it was cured for exportation. The season opened about the middle of April, and during that month the best takes were made. The fishing started by nine boats, but after the second week of May some of these left for other centres, and only two boats pursued operations in the months of June and July. As much as 85*s.* a cran was obtained for a small quantity in the third week of June. The prices, however, were very variable. During the period of the greatest captures the fish fetched only from 17*s.* to 18*s.* a cran, but 30*s.* and 40*s.* were subsequently obtained. Towards the end of May and at the beginning of June the average was only about 12*s.* 6*d.*, while subsequently 85*s.*, 70*s.*, 45*s.*, and 43*s.* were paid.

At *Kincasslagh* the entire fishing took place during the latter part of May. Over 200 crans were landed, most of which was cured for exportation. The prices were 53*s.* and 42*s.* 6*d.* a cran.

At *Burtonport* 20 crans were landed in the month of May the prices varying from 80*s.* to 30*s.* a cran.

At *Downing's Bay* the bulk of the fish was landed during the two weeks ended 18th May. About 90 boats fished for five nights each week, their combined takes amounting to about 7,200 crans. The prices varied from 31*s.* to 47*s.* a cran. Subsequently as many as 140 boats, including steam drifters, took part in the fishing, but their total catch for two weeks ended 1st June was only about 1,600 crans. Prices varied from 84*s.* to 45*s.* 6*d.* a cran. The quality of the fish was good, and the weather was favourable. The season closed after the first week of June.

At *Buncrana* the fishing took place during the last three weeks of May. During the first week 30 boats fished for five nights, landing 514 crans. In the following week 1,631 crans were landed by 70 boats as the result of five nights' fishing. The total catch for the season was over 2,600 crans. The price kept somewhere about 44*s.*, but on one occasion went down to 10*s.*, and on another up to 54*s.* a cran. The weather was favourable.

From *Portavogie* a few boats fished in April. The number gradually increased to 29 in the following month. During the remainder of the season a further increase took place until in the week ended 13th July 45 boats were operating. The total amount landed was 5,234 mease. Prices were very variable. They were as low as 5*s.* 6*d.* and as high as 25*s.* In the first part of May and the first part of June the weather was unfavourable, but otherwise it was fair enough. The fish reached its highest quality during the latter half of June.

At *Ardglass* fish were first taken in the last week of April, when three boats worked for three nights. The number of boats increased in the following month, during one week of which 18 vessels fished for four nights. On occasions afterwards as many as 24 boats worked. The best week of the season was that

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ended 29th June, when 952 mease were landed. The prices were variable, being mostly between 10*s.* and 15*s.* a mease. The catch amounted to 7,608 mease. The herrings did not reach their best quality until the middle of June.

At *Kilkeel* herrings were first taken about the 16th of April. Three boats continued fishing until the middle of the following month, when the number increased to eight, and during the week ended 15th June as many as 15 boats were working. The total quantity landed was about 2,691 mease, and the prices all through varied from about 10*s.* to 15*s.* At one time, however, 30*s.* a mease was obtained.

Particulars of the fishing will be found in Appendix No. 6, p. 22.

Autumn and Winter Herring Fishery.

The total catch of herrings during the autumn and winter season of 1907–8, amounted to 222,870 cwts., valued at £65,113, as compared with 211,164 cwts., valued at £76,864 in the previous corresponding season. The decrease in the money is accounted for by the fact that there was a serious falling off in the quantity landed on the north-west coast of Donegal between Burtonport and Downing's Bay, in which district the herrings are of very good quality, and the prices are always much higher than on other parts of the Irish coast. It was also due in part to the fact that the east coast captures were 25 per cent., more than in the autumn season of 1906–7, while the amount realized for them remained practically the same. Increased landings occurred at Ardglass, Kilkeel, Skerries, Howth, Arklow and Courtown.

The Waterford stations show that the landings declined from over 20,000 cwts., to about 2,000 cwts.

The fishings off the Cork coast on the contrary gave substantial increases. Queenstown, Kinsale and Bantry had totals very much in excess of those of the previous season, whilst Baltimore and Schull are credited with 2,500 cwts., none having been landed there in the season of 1906–7. A large falling off is, however, noticeable at Castletownbere and Ballycrovane.

At the latter station herrings showed in great numbers for a short time, two row-boats landing fifteen thousand in two nights, but as most of the vessels were then engaged in mackerel fishing the herrings were not followed when they shifted ground.

The fishings off the Kerry coast and in Galway Bay resulted in large decreases.

In Donegal Bay there was a remarkable increase. In Donegal Harbour alone 42,721 cwts. of herrings were landed, as compared with 1,271 cwts. for the season 1906–7.

Herrings set into Killary Harbour in considerable numbers in November and December, and a good fishing was availed of by boats from the surrounding districts.

Fourteen thousand seven hundred and twenty-four barrels were cured for exportation. This was very considerably less

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than the quantity so treated during the previous season, which result is due to the want of success in the fishing off the north-west coast of Donegal.

The weather was exceedingly stormy in the autumn, and at the time when the best fishing might have been expected, very few nights proved suitable, and on the Donegal coast a number of fine luggers were driven from their anchorages and totally lost.

The system of telegraphic intelligence revealed the following points of interest :—

At *Howth* the quantity landed was 5,082 mease, being 1,491 mease more than in the previous season. A very large proportion of the fish was captured during August and September. Over thirty boats were engaged early in August, and about fifteen at the end of September. Prices varied from 20*s.* to 6*s.* per mease.

At *Arklow* operations began late in October and lasted until the end of December; 3,186 mease were taken, which was 2,004 mease more than the amount landed during the previous autumn season. Prices ranged from 20*s.* to 7*s.* per mease. On one occasion 48 boats were working. Forty boats fished for seven nights, while from 20 to 33 took part during most of the season.

At *Dunmore East*, where 3,838 measo were captured in the season of 1906–7, only six mease were landed this season.

At *Helvick Head* 788 mease were caught, as compared with 5,780 in 1906–7. The number of boats engaged here was about twelve. Over half the catch sold at 10*s.* 6*d.* a mease. The quality of the herrings was good.

At *Summer Cove* 1,159 mease caught in mackerel nets were landed. Last season there was none. Prices about 15*s.* a mease.

At *Killybegs* 1,682 crans were landed, as compared with 1,466 crans in 1906–7. During August a few boats worked. In September the number increased to 29. Afterwards about 10 boats fished, but towards the end of October 20 boats were out for four nights. For the few caught in August the prices were high, between 45*s.* and 58*s.* In September they were over 40*s.*, when the quality was good. The fish afterwards became mixed, and prices ruled from about 20*s.* to 16*s.* Prices varied from 14*s.* 6*d.* to 45*s.* per cran.

At *Burtonport* and the neighbouring creeks 1,559 crans were landed. Almost all the fish was taken during the last week of November, when 120 boats were engaged. The quality was very good, and the average price was 36*s.* per cran. The amount landed did not greatly exceed one-fourth that of the previous season.

At *Kincaslagh* the bulk of the capture took place in November and January. The amount landed was 826 crans compared with 1,989 crans in 1906-7. Prices were from 26*s.* to 31*s.* per cran. From forty to fifty boats were engaged when the fishing

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was at its height. The weather was unfavourable a large part of the time.

At *Downing's Bay* the season opened in September, but only relatively small captures were made until the month of January. The amount landed was 5,500 crans, which was almost 1,200 crans less than in the previous autumn season. The quality was very good. The prices in the early part were high, from 40*s.* to 50*s.* a cran. From 17*s.* to 44*s.* were afterwards realized. Over sixty boats were at one time engaged, but many of them, giving up all hopes of earning anything, left before the herrings appeared in paying quantities. In January the number of boats varied between 4 and 32. The weather, on the whole, was unfavourable.

At *Buncrana* 695 crans were landed by five boats fishing on five nights during the week ended January 25th. They were sold at £1 0*s.* 10*d.* a cran.

At *Portavogie* 2,149 mease were landed up to the 21st September. The quality generally was mixed, and prices ranged from 18*s.* 6*d.* to 3*s.* 6*d.* per mease. The previous season's catch was 2,658 mease. In the earlier part the number of boats which fished weekly was between 24 and 37. The numbers afterwards fell to 16, 14, and as low as 4.

At *Ardglass* the fishing produced 6,332 mease, nearly all during August and September. Only 3,575 mease were landed during the previous autumn. From 16 to 28 boats were engaged during the first half of the season, but afterwards the numbers dropped to 8 and 3. The prices generally ranged at from 12*s.* to 15*s.*, but they went as low as 5*s.* 7*d.* a mease. The weather was changeable. The quality of the fish good in August and early September.

At *Kilkeel*, where the boats worked during August, September, and October, nearly 4,800 mease were landed. The quality was mixed at the beginning and end of the season, but good in the middle of it. Prices ranged from 20*s.* 9*d.* per mease downwards, the lowest being 7*s.* 5*d.* The landings at Kilkeel showed an increase on that of the previous autumn season.

The following are the numbers of Irish boats which landed Autumn and Winter Herring in large or small quantities during this season :—

1st Class,	176
2nd "	1,398
3rd "	367
Unregistered,	18
Unclassed,	113

The following are the numbers of vessels belonging to other nationalities reported as engaged :—

English,	13
Scottish,	19
Manx,	39

Particulars of this fishery will be found in Appendix No. 7, p. 26.

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Mussels.

The quantity of mussels exported in 1907 was about 1,956 tons, and the annual export since 1901 has averaged about 1,930 tons, the highest and lowest figures being respectively 3,636 tons in 1905, and 803 tons in 1904. The principal sources of supply are Castlemaine Harbour in Kerry, Dundalk and district, Belfast Lough, Sligo, and South Donegal. While the Belfast mussels go chiefly to Scotland, the manufacturing towns in the northern and midland counties of England take most of the rest, and appear to offer a demand for large well-fished mussels which is greater than the supplies which have hitherto been brought under contribution. There are on various parts of the Irish coast prolific beds of good mussels which, probably on account of the cost of marketing, have never been seriously exploited for the English markets.

During the past winter the Department caused samples of mussels to be sent to various English markets from Oranmore and Clarenbridge in Galway Bay, and from the Kenmare River and Glengariffe Harbour. The Galway consignments gave rise to an immediate large demand, especially from Manchester, and the railway companies concerned made no difficulty in reducing the existing rates to a figure which made it possible for the local people to carry on a vigorous trade until the close of the season, which, although not defined by any general legal definition, may be said to extend from October to about the middle of March. The Glengariffe operations were conducted on a more modest scale, but gave promise of remunerative work in so far as the productiveness of the beds, which are of limited extent, may allow.

The Kenmare experiment was less successful, because it was found that mussels, though abundant and of good quality, could not be raised cheaply enough to afford a fair margin of profit. It is hoped to overcome this difficulty by the introduction of bag-rakes, as used in the estuaries of the Exe and Tees, but these could not be obtained before the close of the season. It is our pleasant duty to acknowledge the courtesy with which our inquiries as to quality of mussels required, method of packing, &c., &c., were met by the dealers to whom consignments were made.

In addition to testing the market, the Department have undertaken, in Galway Bay and Glengariffe Harbour, demonstration of the method of mussel culture by relaying operations, such as have met with so much success in the Liverpool district and elsewhere.

It is matter for regret that the condition of the Castlemaine Harbour fishery cannot be said to be satisfactory. Observance of the by-laws dealing with this region has been rigidly enforced by the Department's bailiff, but it appears that the beds which produce the best quality of mussels have been rather seriously depleted, while the market reputation has been subjected to considerable risk by the consignment of inferior products. So far it

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has not proved possible to induce the local dredgers to co-operate in the replenishment of the deep-water beds by relaying thereon young stock derived from the tidal area, although, for purposes of demonstration, the Department have offered to pay all the expenses of such operations.

Loans.

There were received during the year 129 applications from 151 persons, for loans amounting to £5,860 0*s.* 10*d.* Of these there were granted 122 loans to 143 persons, to the amount of £5,456 10*s.* The sum actually issued during the year was £4,464 14*s.* 10*d.*

Many of the loans were for sums varying from £5 to £10, but larger sums were also issued, and in regard to these the following will indicate the amounts and purposes :—

In County Dublin sums of £230, £150, £140, £110 and £42 were advanced for the purchase of boats and gear, £230, £110, and £70 for the purchase of boats, £60 for the repairing of a boat, £61 10*s.* for the repairing of a boat and purchase of a yawl, &c., and £200 for the purchase of ropes, sails, &c. An advance of £14 10*s.* for the purchase of an otter trawl was also made.

In County Wicklow a sum of £1,150 was advanced for the building and equipping of the motor fishing boat "Ovoca." Two sums of £100 each and one of £60 were issued for the purchase of nets, &c. Three loans of £35 each were made for the building of boats, and one of £90 for the purchase of a boat and gear.

In County Wexford £25 was issued for the repairing of boats.

In County Waterford a sum of £25 was issued for the repairing of a boat and the purchase of gear. Advances of £21 and £12 were made for the purchasing of boats, and £24 for the purchase of herring nets, &c.

In County Cork a loan of £15 was granted for the purchase of herring nets.

In County Galway, sums of £80, £50, £36, £35, £28, £26, £24, £23 10*s.*, £22, and £21 10*s.*, four of £20, three of £25, two of £21, three of £16, one of £15, and one of £12, were issued for the purpose of providing boats or boats and gear.

In County Sligo £23 was advanced for the building of a boat.

In County Londonderry, a sum of £72 was issued for the purpose of purchasing a boat and sails, and £55 for the purchasing of herring nets, &c.

In County Antrim £180 was granted for the installation of a motor engine in a fishing boat; other loans varying from £50 to £64 were made for the purchase of nets and sails, and one of £25 for the purchase of a boat.

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In County Down sums of £200 and £120 were issued for the purchase of boats; sums of £120, £80, and £25 for the purchase of boats and gear, and £14 for the purchase of herring nets.

The administration of this fund was imposed on the Department on 1st April, 1900. Since then 945 applications were received from non-congested districts for sums amounting on the whole to £25,503 11*s.* 10*d.* Only seventy-seven of them fell through, arising from various causes such as insufficient security, the fact that the applications were from persons under age, or were for purposes outside the scope of the Act, or were dropped or withdrawn, or were actually refused as being from persons who were not *bona fide* fishermen, or with regard to whom unfavourable reports had been received, or who had bad records.

Since the passing of the Purchase of Land and Congested Districts (Ireland) Act, 1891, under which a sum of £20,000 was reserved for administration in non-congested districts (which fund has been placed at the disposal of the Department by the Act 62 & 63 Vic., cap. 50), the sum of £43,567 7*s.* 7*d.* was advanced by way of loan up to the 31st December, 1907. The promissory notes signed to secure principal and interest amounted to £46,799 5*s.* 5*d.* The repayments were £38,193 1*s.* 10*d.*, the outstanding notes not arrived at maturity £7,808 9*s.* 3*d.* The arrears on the £43,567 7*s.* 7*d.* amounted to £423 10*s.* 6*d.* In addition £374 3*s.* 10*d.* is irrecoverable. It will be thus seen that the *bad debts* do not amount to 1 per cent.

On 31st December, 1907, the Fund stood thus:—

	£	s.	d.
Government Stock, . .	20,000	0	0
Cash, ...	3,316	13	0
Outstanding Promissory Notes not arrived at maturity, . .	7,808	9	3
Arrears, ...	423	10	6

Further particulars in connection with these loan transactions will be found in Appendix No. 17., pp. 52–55.

Casualties.

The number of fishermen who lost their lives in the year ended 30th September, 1907, while actually in pursuit of their calling, was twenty-two. In the previous yearly period the number was eight. Four were drowned while engaged in work not immediately connected with fishing. One first, eight second, three third-class, and one unclassed boats were lost during the year under review, while engaged in fishing, as compared with two first, four second, and four third-class boats in the previous year. Five first-class and one second-class boats were seriously damaged.

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The following are the particulars of the casualties as furnished by the Coast Guard Officers at the various stations :—

From Howth Station.—On the 29th November, 1906, the master of the "Ellen Jane" of Howth, while engaged in long-line fishing off the Kish Lightship, was knocked overboard and drowned.

On the 23rd May, the first-class boat the "St. Catherine," of Howth was dismasted in a gale while fishing off the Kish Lightship.

One of the crew of the "Clementina," of Howth, while engaged in fishing about one mile south-east of Ireland's Eye, on the 19th June, fell overboard and was drowned; and on the 28th September, another man belonging to the same boat, which was then lying in Howth Harbour, was also drowned. It is supposed that he fell into the harbour when returning on board at night.

From Ringsend Station.—The second-class boat "Sea Swallow," was sunk by collision in the River Liffey on the 5th November, 1906. No life was lost.

From Union Hall Station.—The master of the fishing boat "Emma," was drowned on the night of the 19th September. He was returning to his home from Union Hall in the small boat belonging to his vessel.

From Baltimore Station.—On the 20th August, two fishing boats collided off Cape Clear. The second-class boat "Island Maid" sank, but her crew were saved by the other vessel.

From Ballycrovane Station.—On the 8th December, 1906, the second-class boat "Glimpse," was blown from her moorings at Dinish Island and was broken on the rocks.

From Knightstown Station.—Two second-class boats with eight men were lost on the 14th January. The boats are reported to have been overladen with mackerel.

From Caherciveen Station.—On the 18th June one of the crew of a second-class boat, while engaged in shortening sail, fell overboard and was drowned.

From Ballinagall Station.—On the 24th November, 1906, the canoe "Star of the West" sank with her nets and take of fish. On the 2nd May, 1907, the canoe "Stay," of Smerwick, was, during a heavy gale, blown off the beach at that place, and became a total wreck.

From Brandon Quay Station.—Whilst two men were proceeding to the Magheree Islands, on the 22nd May, to capture lobsters their canoe capsized and they were drowned.

From Seafield Station.—On the 17th October, 1906, a canoe belonging to Quilty, and manned by a crew of three men, was capsized by a heavy surf about four hundred yards off Seafield Pier. Two of the crew were rescued, but the third was drowned.

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From Costello Bay Station.—When returning from a regatta held at Mynish Bay on the evening of the 16th July a boat containing a party of thirty-five persons was, when going about, capsized. Twenty-seven of her passengers were rescued, the others, five young women and three fishermen, were drowned.

From Keel Station.—One unclassed boat was wrecked at Achill Head on the 20th October, 1906.

From Raghley Station.—On the 2nd May, the second-class fishing boat "Maria" was blown from her moorings and foundered.

From Killybegs Station.—A fisherman fell from a boat lying alongside the pier at Killybegs on the 6th October, 1906, and was drowned.

From Bunbeg Station.—The first-class fishing boat "Alexander" while anchored off the south side of Innismeen Island, dragged her anchors in a gale on 2nd May, and became a total wreck. No one was on board at the time.

From Burtonport Station.—On the 6th December, 1906, seven first-class boats were stranded at Gortnasate. Four were greatly damaged.

From Sheephaven Station.—On the 19th November, 1906, the second-class lugger "St. Ambrose" became a total wreck at Portnablagh owing to the parting of her mooring chains in a strong gale.

From Portrush Station.—A second-class fishing boat sank in Portstewart Harbour during a gale in October, 1906. She was damaged beyond repair.

From Ballygalley Station.—On the night of the 16th February, a third-class fishing boat, with a crew of three men, was returning from Carnlough to Larne. She was capsized by a heavy squall, and was subsequently found broken up on the Scotch coast. The bodies of her crew were not recovered.

From Burr Point Station.—On the 8th May, a second-class boat containing a crew of three men was capsized in a squall. The crew were drowned.

Piers and Harbours.

The operations of the Department during 1907, in connection with the construction and improvement of piers and harbours were as follows:—

Arklow.—This harbour, which formerly was frequently during every year blocked by sand and which, when the Department took charge of it, had been inaccessible for lengthened periods for anything larger than small boats, has been kept open by the Department's dredger, under an arrangement with the Harbour Board, and the depth on both the inner and outer bars has been

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steadily improved. There are now some nine feet at low water of spring tides across the former and up to the berths in the river, while the latter may be said no longer to exist, the depth there (some 13 feet) being that of the surrounding area.

As a result, there has been an increase of traffic generally and considerably so in connection with Messrs. Kynoch's factory. There is a tendency shown for the harbour to become a place of general resort, and, to some extent, of refuge. It has been crowded with shipping almost continuously.

The Department expended a sum of £30 on the improvement of a slip, which was mainly used for the launching of vessels turned out from Messrs. Tyrrell's boatyard at Arklow. The improvement was found to be specially necessary in connection with the launching of a large motor fishing boat which was being built there to the order of the Department.

The scheme for the construction of a floating basin and the further improvement of the channel by means of dredging is in process of execution by the Department with funds allocated from the Irish Development Grant.

Poulduff.—The extension of this pier has been completed and the works have been taken over by the county. It has been reported that the pier is giving much satisfaction locally.

Passage East.—The Department paid their promised contribution of £2,000 towards the expenses of this undertaking, which was carried out by the Board of Works. The Department also contributed £200 to meet an excess of expenditure on this pier.

Tramore.—The Department have completed the reconstruction of this pier and, the conditions having proved favourable, were able to improve considerably on the original scheme. Much local satisfaction is expressed with the work.

Helvick Head.—The question of the repair and improvement of the boat dock at Helvick Head for the benefit of the local fishermen has been and is still under the consideration of the Department, who may possibly render financial aid in carrying out any scheme approved of.

Newtown Creek.—The Department offered to pay half the cost of constructing a landing place at Newtown Creek provided the Waterford County Council voted the other half. The work has been carried out by the Department.

Garrarus Strand.—The Department provided a winch for the use of the fishermen at this place.

Baltimore.—Negotiations are proceeding with the local authorities at Baltimore in connection with a proposal to erect, jointly with the Congested Districts Board, a slip at this place.

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Glandore.—The Department paid their contribution of £5 for this year towards the cost of maintaining a harbour light.

Adrigole.—The work at this pier, to which the Department contributed £1,000, has been finished under the management of the Congested Districts Board, and it is understood that a satisfactory traffic is being developed.

Ringmoylan.—The Department gave a contribution of £300 towards the completion of the pier, mainly on the ground of its facilities for transit of goods. The pier is only very slightly used for fishing, and, therefore, the contribution did not come from that part of the Department's Endowment Fund which is specially applicable to the purposes of sea fisheries. The work is being carried out by the County Council.

Hoobawns.—The Department informed the Clare County Council that they were prepared to carry out a small work at Hoobawns at a cost of about £350 if the Council provided £50. The necessary funds being promised, the work has been undertaken and is now well in hands.

Kilcummin.—The Department had an inspection made of the boat-slip at Kilcummin, and consider that an expenditure of about £100 would enable the necessary repair and improvement to be effected. They informed the Mayo County Council that if a local contribution equal to one-third that amount were forthcoming the Department would provide the balance and carry out the work.

Inniscrone.—The provision of storage accommodation during winter for the boats of the Inniscrone fishermen is desirable, and the Department informed the Sligo County Council that they were prepared to co-operate in enabling the Council to secure a plot of ground which appeared suitable for the purpose.

Rathmullan Pier.—Traffic at Rathmullan was seriously impeded owing to the silting which had taken place at the Pier. The Department made a contribution of £200 to the County Council to enable the necessary dredging to be carried out. The work was effective.

Portrush.—The Department's dredger was hired by the Portrush Harbour Company and succeeded in clearing and improving the berthage to the extent required, although the material to be dealt with was by no means suitable for operation by suction dredging.

Port Ballintoy.—The scheme for the improvement of this Harbour has not yet been put into operation owing to some difficulties connected with private ownership. Arrangements

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are, however, being made which it is hoped will overcome these difficulties and provide for the repair and future maintenance of the Harbour.

Lough Neagh.—The Department offered to contribute—within a limit of £100—one half the cost of carrying out a scheme for the improvement of the landing accommodation at Cranfield.

Wrackport, Co. Down.—The Department expended over £30 in erecting a winch for the use of the fishermen at this place.

The Department repaired the barking pan which they had established some years ago at Giles' Quay for the benefit of the fishermen.

Correspondence has taken place and inspections have been made by the Department's officers in connection with requirements at other places, where schemes did not assume definite form during the year.

In the Report of the Inspectors of Irish Fisheries for the year 1894 a return was given relating to works under the Sea Fisheries (Ireland) Act, 1883 (46 and 47 Vic., c. 26), up to the 31st March, 1895.

Since that time particulars of the yearly expenditure under the Act by the Commissioners of Public Works have been given in the Annual Reports of the Fishery Authorities.

The expenditure by the said Commissioners during the year ended 31st March, 1908, was as follows:—

Pier Works:	£	s.	d.
Passage East Harbour, . .	2,146	17	0
*Portavogie, ...	10	0	0
	£2,156	17	0

Marine Superintendence.

Since the cases mentioned in our last Report the Department's steam cruiser *Helga* made three captures of vessels which were considered to be working in areas closed to steam trawling. Two fines of £50 and one of £100 were imposed, and the nets used were ordered to be forfeited.

The Department also instituted proceedings against the skipper of a vessel for illegally steam trawling off the Londonderry coast. The circumstances were brought under the notice of this Branch by the local fishermen. The magistrates imposed a fine of £85.

In two other cases of alleged illegal steam trawling reported by fishermen, the Department will prosecute.

A summons was issued against the master of a steam trawler which was observed inside the limits by H.M.S. *Skipjack*, but the case was dismissed. The Commander of the Department's steam

* The Expenditure during the year on Portavogie was £262 17*s.* 8*d.*, of which however, only £10 was charged against the Sea Fisheries Fund.

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cruiser detected a small local steam trawler fishing illegally in Dundrum Bay. Proceedings were instituted, and a fine of £10 was imposed, and the net of the vessel ordered to be forfeited. Two local sailing trawlers were also captured fishing illegally in this Bay, and a fine of £10 was imposed in each case. Three instances of illegal fishing by sailing trawlers in the same locality were reported by the fishermen. Prosecutions were instituted by the Department. In one case a fine of £10 was inflicted. The two others were dismissed. A further case is pending.

Instructors and Bailiffs.

A bailiff was again employed by the Department for the oyster fishery in Tralee Bay. Under his supervision the bed has improved and the regulations have been more consistently observed by the fishermen.

He devoted part of his time to the Castlemaine Mussel Fisheries, where he had the assistance of a local watcher, who was also appointed by the Department.

He was also employed, during the early part of December, in supervising the dredging of the public oyster beds at Clarenbridge, with the assistance of a boat's crew engaged by the Department, and of the bailiffs appointed by the local fishing community. The open season is the month of December, but actual dredging was, as usual, restricted by local agreement to the first half of the month. Restocking by the Department is taking place here.

The Department have been taking steps to increase the stock of oysters on the Westport beds, and employed a bailiff to protect the young oysters and to supervise generally the fishing operations.

The Department continued their assistance to the Kinsale Technical Committee in connection with the net-mending class. They paid the salaries of an instructor and other officials, as well as the rent, lighting, and care of the class-room, and for fixtures and materials. The following is an extract from a report of the experiment received from the Secretary to the Kinsale Technical Instruction Committee :—

"A four months' course of instruction was conducted in Kinsale during the past winter, commencing on the 4th November last, in response to an application of the Kinsale Technical Committee to the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland.

"The subject was, as one would expect, taken up with great earnestness, and the classes, which were in charge of a local man, were not long formed when it was found impossible to provide

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instruction for all the applicants, and in making a selection amongst them preference was given to the sons and daughters of the fishermen, as the instruction was mainly intended for them. By this means a very good class of student was got together, who attended the instruction night after night, and showed a genuine desire to obtain a practical knowledge of the subject.

"The class was composed of about twenty boys and ten girls."

The Department afforded skilled instruction to the crews of fishing boats who desired to follow the herring fishery, and also to a fisherman in the curing and mounting of nets. In two cases, as similar instruction had previously been given free by the Department, the crews contributed part of the instructors' salaries.

INLAND FISHERIES.

Salmon Fisheries.

Having regard to the quantity (1,183 tons) of salmon and trout carried over the Irish railways in 1907, the year cannot be looked upon as a satisfactory one. This traffic showed a decline on all those railways save one. For the previous five years the amounts so carried were respectively, 1,778, 1,881, 1,380, 1,381, and 1,649 tons. The shortage in 1907 appears to be largely due to the failure of grilse, which, so far as can be ascertained, were universally scarce, late, and of poor average size.

Out of 22,922 boxes of salmon received in Billingsgate market, London, 5.543 were from Ireland. In the previous year out of a total of 24,994 boxes 7,100 were from Ireland. In 1905 the figures were 25,607 and 5,979.

No sign of disease was observed in any of the districts, and, speaking generally, offences against the fishery laws have diminished.

Save as specially mentioned hereafter, no case of river poisoning was reported.

Elections of Conservators for the Drogheda, Dundalk, and Waterville Districts took place this year.

Drift netting for salmon continued on a large scale in the sea off the coast from Connemara to Londonderry. It does not appear to have been so productive as in 1906, the total estimated capture for the three months of June, July and August in each year having been, respectively, 3,313 cwts. and 2,367 cwts. As

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this fishery depends for its success almost entirely upon the capture of large grilse, the condition of the grilse supply before referred to would seem to furnish a sufficient explanation of the difference.

It is reported from the Dublin district that the year showed a slight improvement on the previous one. The Autumn run of fish, when the nets were off, was the best for five or six years. The weather was unfavourable to netting, but favourable to rod fishing, on account of the rainy season and consequent floods.

The Department made a grant of £13 17s. to the funds of the Dublin Board of Conservators, being the equivalent of the amount locally subscribed.

The Wexford district also reports a slight improvement. The take by nets was greater, the weather being favourable. Angling was fair, especially from May on. From October to January there was a good run of salmon.

In the Waterford district, the general state of the salmon fisheries was reported to be satisfactory, and the take by nets was up to that of the preceding year. Angling was good in the early part of the season. February and March were fairly fine and open for netting and angling. April was a wet month, and the water, as a rule, was too high for rod fishing. The early part of May was hard and dry, and unfavourable to nets and rods, and the latter part of the month was broken. The south and south-west winds caused a good run of salmon—when the nets did well. June was wet and stormy and unfavourable to angling. July was a good month, but August again was wet and stormy. Very few grilse were taken during the year. Some heavy Spring fish were caught, but the average weight of the salmon would be from 12 lbs. to 15 lbs., and grilse about 4½ lbs.

The Sheeptown river, which is a tributary to the Nore, was poisoned with lime. The offenders were convicted.

At Cahir Park rod fishery on the River Suir 48 salmon weighing altogether 525¾ lbs. were taken. The figures for 1906, were 47 salmon, weighing 555 lbs., and for 1905, 49 salmon, weighing 666½ lbs.

Ten salmon, weighing 103½ lbs. were taken at Neddin's Water. In the previous year, the capture was 18 salmon, weight 400 lbs., and in 1905, 24 salmon, weight 384 lbs.

In the Lismore district, the salmon fisheries were reported to be improving, although no increase in capture took place in 1907. The weather was favourable to netting, as it was to angling during February, March, and April, from Lismore to Carysville. It was fair for the whole river during the remainder of the season. The year was a bad one for grilse, but there was a good run of both salmon and grilse during the whole months of October and November. Very many of the grilse were of small size.

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In previous reports (Part II.) we gave comparisons between the annual captures at the Blackwater Fishery, Lismore, and an average for the twenty-five years ended 1899. This year it was 48 per cent. below such average. At the Dromana Fishery there were only 369 fish caught. In 1906 there were 833, and in the previous year 711.

In the Cork district the general state of the fisheries was described as fairly good. A fair number of salmon were captured by nets in February and March, but netting for sea-trout was unsatisfactory. Angling was pretty good in March and April. The water was, however, low.

During the years 1905 and 1906 the Department contributed £500 to the funds of the Conservators of the Cork district. In view of the large public rights of fishing exercised therein, and of the efforts made by the fishermen and proprietors to provide locally the funds necessary for the purposes of protection, the Department made a further grant of £250 to the Board this year.

The fisheries of the Bandon section of this district slightly improved, but the take of grilse was less than last year. Spawning commenced unusually early in the rivers. The angling season was fair, and, in the upper reaches, a little better than the average. Floods enabled the fish to go up, in consequence of which rod fishing in the lower portions of the rivers was rather poor. The weather was unfavourable to netting. A tributary to the Bandon was poisoned by spurge in July. There was very little poaching in the division.

Although the Department contributed sums of £30 and £16 in previous years to the funds of the Bandon division, the financial position of the Conservators remained still unsatisfactory, and did not enable them to keep sufficient watch over the large extent of spawning rivers and tideway under their control. The Department therefore offered to contribute (within a limit of £30) the sum of £2 for every £1 subscribed locally. This offer was availed of to the full extent.

In the Skibbereen district the fisheries were described as improving, but the capture of salmon and grilse by nets was somewhat less than last year. There was an average take of sea-trout. About the first week of September a great quantity of salmon and trout came up the river. Some of the larger salmon remained below the weir until October. The weather was favourable. A few salmon were found dead, but the cause of mortality is unknown. In two cases dynamite was used for the purpose of taking fish.

The fisheries of the Bantry district were reported to be declining, the capture being less than in the previous year. Angling was, however, fair. Two cases of river poisoning occurred.

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The Department offered to contribute a sum of £30 towards the funds of the district, on condition that £1 should be subscribed locally for every £2 provided by the Department. The offer was availed of to the extent of £8.

In the Kenmare district the season was described as bad, and less productive than that of 1906. Angling, too, was poor. The weather was unfavourable both to netting and angling. Spurge was used in two rivers of the district.

In previous reports (Part II.) we gave comparisons between the annual captures at the Blackwater Fishery, County Kerry, and an average for the twenty-five years ended 1899. This year it was 72·2 per cent. below such average.

The Department made a grant of £60 towards the funds of the Conservators of the district, being at the rate of £3 for every £1 raised by local subscription.

In the Waterville district the take of salmon and grilse by nets was reported to be greater than, and that of sea-trout about the same as, last year. Salmon angling was good, and sea-trout angling slightly better than in 1906. The weather was favourable to fishing. The spring fish this year were very heavy.

In previous reports (Part II.) we gave comparisons between the annual capture at the Waterville Fishery, and an average for the twenty-five years ended 1899. This year it was 45·7 per cent. below such average. The actual number of fish taken was 341. The figures for the previous year and 1905 were respectively 439 and 287.

In Killarney district, although the weather was described as favourable, the catch was poor. Angling during the spring on the Killarney lakes was fair, but in the summer months was indifferent.

The following observations were made by a gentleman who has a large interest in the fisheries of the District:—

"1st August, 1907.

"The season which closed last night was a remarkable one in this District, inasmuch as a heavy run of salmon began in November and continued until May, decreasing gradually towards that month. The grilse which nominally would have come in the greatest numbers in June were practically absent from these waters, and I think it holds the record for scarcity and the small size of the fish.

"For the past week, when in other years the season would have been quite spun out, they have been coming in increasing numbers.

"Substantially there was a 'gap' of six months in the season whatever may have been the cause."

The Brown Flesk was poisoned by means of lime in the month of July.

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At the Laune Fishery, below Killorglin, the take this year was 59 per cent. below the average for the twenty-four years ended 1898.

The Department offered to contribute (within a limit of £100), a sum of £2 for every £1 voluntarily subscribed towards the protection of the fisheries of the Killarney District.

The salmon fisheries of the Limerick District in the year 1907, were described as declining. The take by nets was not more than half the average. The angling season was one of the worst for many years. The weather was most unfavourable to netting, but during part of the year was favourable to angling. There were four cases of poisoning in the District.

The following reports from the different parts of the District were received in August, 1907:—

"*Kilrush.*—The season here for weirs and nets was bad. The fish did not put in an appearance this year same as former years.

"*Tarbert.*—The season here for weirs and nets was bad. The weirs did fairly well for a short time during the spring fishing.

"*Glin.*—A very marked decrease this year.

"*Loughill.*—The weir here did fairly well this year and better than last.

"*Foynes.*—A considerable falling off in the take of fish this year.

"*Ennis.*—A very small take of fish compared with the last five years.

"*Castleconnell.*—A considerable falling off in the supply of fish here.

"*Killaloe.*—Nothing noticeable.

"*Adare.*—Salmon and peale fishing here very bad, the poorest for many years.

"*Listowel.*—A vast increase of salmon and white trout in this part of the district as compared with former years.

"*Athlone.*—The number of spring fish caught here was far above the average of previous years. There was never such a lot of salmon taken at Boyle as this year. There was a decided improvement also in the Rivers Inny and Suck. It may be taken that this district has a very great increase all round.

"It is probable that the cause of the increase may be attributed to the fish passing up earlier in the year before the weirs were opened for fishing; and for the last five or six years there was noticed a considerable run in December and January; also the protection in the upper waters has very much improved since the launch in Lough Ree was got."

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At the Newgarden, Summerhill and Castle, Woodlands, Doonass and Hermitage rod fisheries, about Castleconnell, the total number of fish taken was 186. In the previous year it was 328; in 1905 it was 292.

The Department contributed towards the funds of the Limerick Board a sum of £960 in view of the fact that a sum of £240 had been raised by local subscription.

A grant of £20 was made by the Department to the Trout Protection Association which looks after the fisheries of Lough Sheelin.

The Department reconsidered the question of the financial assistance which was promised towards the funds of the Local Committee having charge of the fisheries of the Rivers Feale and Cashen. About two-thirds only of the Department's offer of £120 had been availed of, and it was arranged that the unpaid balance should not be issued, but that a new grant of £150 would be made on the following conditions:—

(*a.*) That the Limerick Board of Conservators would give to this portion of their District the normal amount of protection which they would have given had no assistance been rendered by the Department.

(*b.*) That besides this, the Limerick Board of Conservators would allocate a sum of £30 to the funds of the Committee.

(*c.*) That the Department's grant would be issued in the proportion of £3 to every £1 raised locally.

(*d.*) That one-half of the sum mentioned in condition (*b*) might be considered as a local subscription for the purposes of the grant.

(*e.*) That the scheme of expenditure by the Committee should meet with the approval of the Department.

In the year 1906 the Department afforded financial and engineering assistance in the erection of a fish pass in the Listowel Weir, which has proved a great success, as may be gathered from a letter, of which the following is a copy:—

"23rd August, 1907.

"The pass is a great success. During the early part of the season, when water was very low, great numbers of fish were seen making for it with unerring instinct. We have had excellent fishing and plenty of it."

The following appeared in the local press on 21st June, 1907:—

"ANGLING IN THE FEALE.

"The predictions made for years respecting the increased revenue the Fishery Board would derive from the improvement of the Feale, have this year been realised, as never

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since the erection of the mill weir at Listowel have so many licensed anglers availed of the excellent fishing afforded by the River Feale, particularly in its upper waters, as, during the present season, a fact, of course, attributable to the kindness of Mr. Latchford in permitting a fish gap to be inserted in the weir at Listowel, and the advantages of which I had been anticipating in these columns for years. Large numbers of tourists have this year found first-class sport in the Feale."

The Department offered to the Westmeath Lakes Fish Preservation Society a contribution, within a limit of £20, of 7*s.* 6*d.* for every £1 subscribed locally. The offer was availed of to the extent of £15. The Society has been doing good work.

In view of the large number of persons who come to Lough Derg annually for the fishing, and of the resulting employment of boatmen and others around the lake, and also having regard to the fact that local subscriptions to the amount of about £85 were collected, the Department contributed a sum of £42 to the funds of the Lough Derg Fishery Society to enable that body to afford increased protection to the fisheries.

This was one of the worst years on record for the Galway Fishery, and indeed, generally over the whole of the Galway district the take was much below the average. The capture by rod and line at Galway was only about one-third that of last year. It was fairly good, however, over other parts. The weather was unfavourable in the spring, but generally favourable to both angling and netting during the summer months.

A grant of £25 was made by the Department to the Lough Corrib Fisheries Association to enable it to carry on its work. Through the efforts of this body a great improvement has been effected in the fisheries, and increasing numbers of anglers have been attracted to the locality.

The Lough Mask and Carra Fishery Association applied for a renewal of the grant of £15 which, in a previous year, the Department made towards the expenses of protection. The work of the Association is of public utility, and about £100 was subscribed during the season 1906-7. The Department consequently renewed their grant of £15.

In Connemara District the fisheries were said to be fair, but declining. Angling is the only class of salmon fishing followed. It appears to have improved in the Gowla, Inver, Ballynahinch and Lower Costello Rivers, and was fair in the remainder of the District. The weather was favourable all round.

The netting season in the Ballinakill District was, owing to floods, more or less a failure, but angling was very good.

The Bangor Fisheries during 1907 were reported to be unsatisfactory and declining. The take by nets was less productive, and angling was not so good. The weather conditions all through the season were, in most parts of the District, unfavourable. Fish appeared in the rivers three weeks later than usual.

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The general state of the Salmon Fisheries in the Ballina District was described as fair, and not, as a rule, declining; but for the Moy the year was the worst on record. Angling was fairly good. The weather was most unfavourable, floods and cold occurring throughout the season. Poaching is said to be widespread in this District during the close time.

The capture at the Moy Fishery was sixty per cent. below the average for the twenty-five years ended 1899.

It appeared to the Department that the local Board of Conservators were not in a position, from want of funds, to afford the necessary protection to the spawning fish in their district, in which a very considerable public fishing is carried on. An application was made to the Department for a grant of £350. and, on consideration, it was decided that a contribution of £250 for one year might be offered, provided that the Conservators obtained another £100 from local sources, that additional bailiffs were employed to watch the spawning streams, and that the Moy Fishery Company contributed at least £700 to the funds of the Conservators. This offer was availed of.

The Sligo District Fisheries were fairly good, and described as improving. The take by nets was much the same as, or perhaps a little better than, during the previous year. Angling was good at times. The weather was described as, on the whole, favourable. Some fish were killed by the use of dynamite.

The reports from the Ballyshannon district were rather unfavourable, save as to angling, which was good, the weather having been suitable to this mode of fishing. Floods were responsible for the diminished capture of salmon and grilse by nets. Pollution by flax-water and lime occurred.

The Department made a grant of £44 to the Ballyshannon Board of Conservators towards the cost of protecting the fisheries of the Bundrowes River.

In the Letterkenny district the fisheries were described as fair and improving, the take of salmon and grilse by nets being more productive. Angling improved much as compared with former years. The weather was suitable to it but unfavourable to netting. It is said that the average weights of the salmon and grilse have increased in the district. A few cases of flax-water poisoning occurred.

The Londonderry fisheries were not so good as in 1906. The take by nets was less productive, as the weather was rather unfavourable to that mode of fishing. Angling, however, was fair. In one case dynamite was used to take fish. One or two reports of the use of lime were received, and flax-water pollution occurred in many places.

The Salmon fisheries of the Coleraine district in the year 1907 were described as declining. Netting for salmon and grilse was less productive than in the previous year, although that for sea-trout was much the same. The weather during the whole season was most unfavourable to netting, as it was to angling during the earlier part, but July, August, and September suited the rod men. Prosecutions took place in about sixty cases of

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flax-water pollution. Three instances of poisoning by lime were reported.

A sum of £100 was contributed by the Department this year towards the protection of the fisheries of Lough Neagh, on which Lough a very large number of the public are engaged in fishing for salmon, trout, eels and pollen. A condition attached to the grant was that the amount allocated for the like purpose from the ordinary funds of the Board of Conservators should not be decreased.

The sum of £100 which was promised in a previous year with the like object was paid during the early part of this year.

The Department contributed a sum of £20 towards the purchase of good, healthy trout fry for distribution in the rivers of the Coleraine district, on condition that a like amount was contributed locally, and that the selection of the places for the liberation of the fry would be made with a view to the benefit of those parts of the waters of the district in which private rights of trout fishing were not enforced. This enabled the Conservators to place over 100,000 fry in the lower reaches of the Rivers Maine, Moyola, Ballinderry and Blackwater, and in Lough Neagh. Similar operations in former years, aided by contributions from the Department, are reported to have resulted in the appearance in Lough Neagh of a considerable number of trout which are regarded by the fishermen as derived from imported ova of the Loch Leven variety.

The net fisheries of the Ballycastle district greatly declined in 1907, which year was, owing to unfavourable weather, the worst of many past. Rod-fishing did not, however, show any decline. Some cases of flax-water pollution occurred.

The state of the fisheries in the Dundalk district was, on the whole, satisfactory, although a decline took place as compared with the previous year. Netting for salmon and grilse was less, while for sea-trout it was slightly more, productive than in 1906. Angling was good during the first three months of the open time, but was bad afterwards. The weather was said to be favourable to netting. Twelve cases of flax-water pollution occurred.

The fisheries of the Drogheda District were reported to be declining. The take by nets was less. Angling was fair. The weather conditions were said to be favourable. The fish appeared in the river somewhat later than in 1906.

The Department continued their policy of assisting in the artificial propagation of salmon and trout. During the season 1907-8 the output from the different hatcheries was 5,244,500, as against 6,143,000 in the previous season.

In addition the output of white trout was 195,000, and of brown trout 358,500.

Full details of hatchery operations are contained in Parts II. of the annual reports of this Branch.

Further applications for change of close seasons were received during the year under review, which, however, are held over pending legislation which will enable the Department to deal with them in a satisfactory manner.

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Inspections of mill premises, with a view to the protection of fish and the provision of facilities for their migrations, were made. Exemption from compliance with the obligation to erect gratings was granted in some cases.

The total number of rod licences issued in 1907 was 3,147, compared with 3,124 in 1906. In regard to engines used mainly by fishermen who fish on common law rights, the number of draft net licences issued was 665, a decrease of 73 on the previous year; and of drift nets, 642, a decrease of 16.

The total amount received by Boards of Conservators for licences in 1907 was £10,667 15*s.* 0*d.* The total ten per cent. rate collected on the poor-law valuations of fisheries was £917 5*s.* 6*d.*. Fines and the sale of forfeited engines, &c., produced £521 15*s.* 5*d.*, and subscriptions came to £3,013 12*s.* 0*d.* The grand total was £15,120 7*s.* 11*d.*; in 1906 it was £14,116 19*s.* 2*d.*

See Appendices Nos. 25 to 29, pp. 127 to 151.

Eel Fisheries.

The returns furnished by certain railway companies of the amount of eels carried over their systems would indicate that this traffic was about one-fifth less than that of the previous year. The number of licences issued for coghills was 82, for gaps, &c., 343, and for draft nets 19. In the previous year there were 56 coghill, and 368 gap, &c., and 21 draft net licences issued.

In the Drogheda district the eel fisheries appear to be improving. The principal runs took place in October and November.

In the Dundalk district the runs are said to have taken place during August, September, and October, and the general condition of affairs is described as satisfactory.

About twenty men and boys were engaged in the Wexford district in taking some £60 worth of eels.

In the Waterford district the principal run took place in October and November.

There are 16 eel weirs on the Barrow, 2 on the Suir and 2 on the Nore. The eel fisheries of the district may be taken as having improved this season.

It has been stated that no eel fry have come up the rivers of the Bandon division for the past five or six years, although no obstruction to their doing so exists.

The reports from the Limerick district are fairly good, the principal runs taking place in October, November, and December. Probably from £6,000 to £8,000 worth were captured.

The eel fisheries of Galway in 1907, were below the average, the principal runs taking place in October, November, and December. About 12 men followed net fishing for eels. A few men used long lines.

About £40 worth of eels were taken in the Connemara district.

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In the Ballina district the eel fisheries remain much the same as they have been for a number of years. Possibly about £500 worth were taken.

It is understood that the eel fisheries of the Ballyshannon district were not so good this year.

From Coleraine it is reported that the eel fisheries were better than last season, and that they are improving, the principal runs taking place in September, October, and November. Coghill nets in weirs and draft nets and long lines are used. It is probable that about 400 persons are engaged; and the value of the fish despatched from the district has been roughly estimated at £11,000.

Pollen Fisheries.

The Pollen Fisheries of Lough Neagh for the year 1907 were thought to be less productive than in the previous year—although the amount sent to cross-channel markets was practically the same in both years. During the summer months very few fish were taken, but they were very large in size. The heaviest takes were at the commencement of the season. About three-fourths of the catch went to the English markets and the remainder was for home consumption. There were 145 licences issued for Pollen draft nets, and 88 for Pollen trammel nets, producing a total licence duty of £305 10*s*. The number of persons employed in fishing would be about 700, but in addition there are persons engaged in repairing boats, nets, &c., so that there would be from 900 to 1,000 persons dependent on the fishery.

The average price would be over 20*s*. per cwt. Good prices were obtained at the latter end of the season for large fish which were taken in the trammel nets.

We have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servants,

WM. SPOTSWOOD GREEN,

Chief Inspector of Fisheries.

E. W. L. HOLT,

Scientific Adviser and Inspector of Fisheries.

M. P. DOWLING,

Inspector of Fisheries.

Department of Agriculture
and Technical Instruction for Ireland.
(Fisheries Branch)
17th day of August, 1908.

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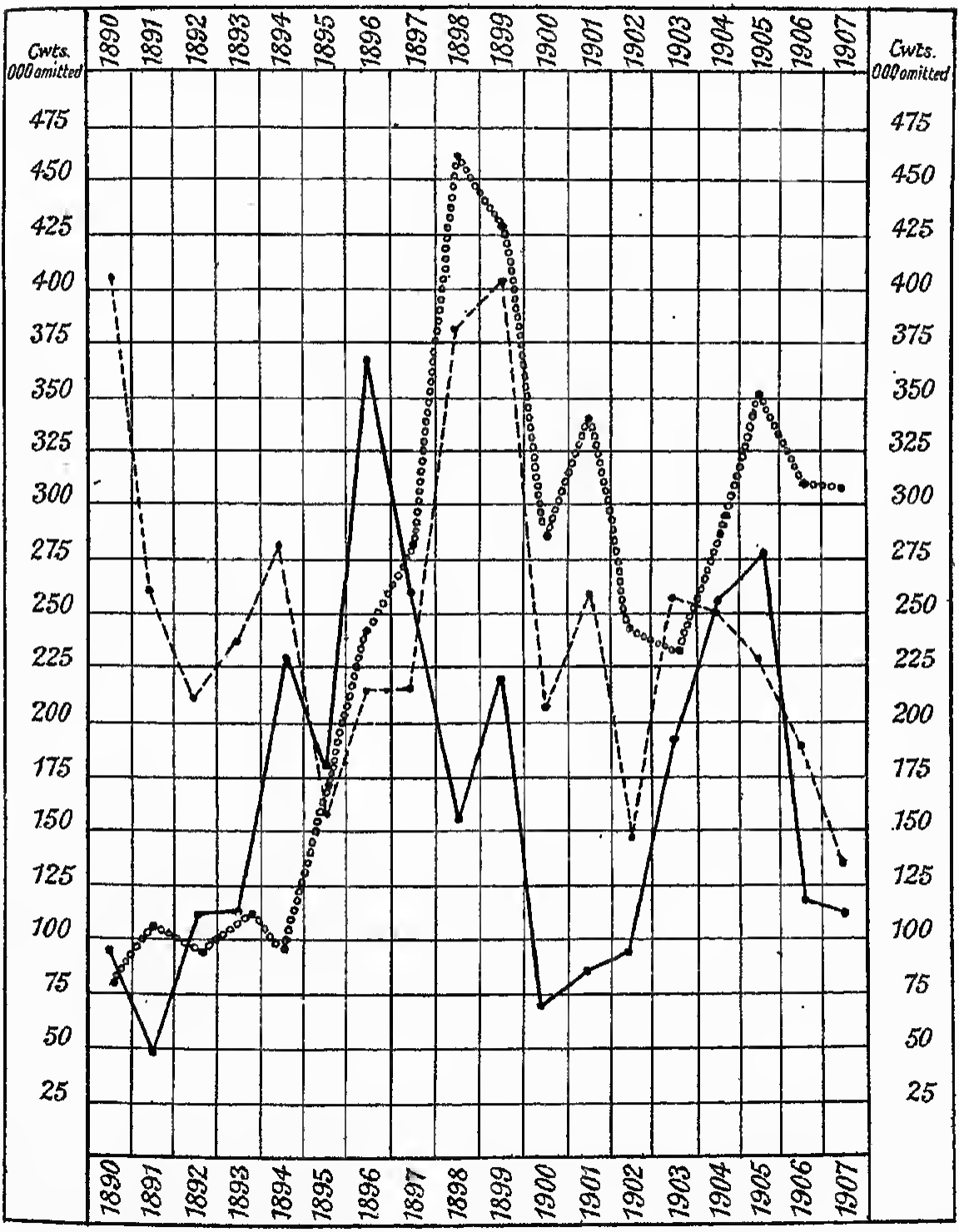
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.

Diagram illustrating the fluctuations in the Irish Mackerel and Herring Fisheries during the years 1890-1907.



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APPENDIX TO PART I.

OF THE

REPORT

ON THE

SEA AND INLAND FISHERIES OF IRELAND

FOR THE YEAR 1907.

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APPENDIX

STATEMENT of the Total Quantity and Value of the Fish returned as that landed

—	North Coast.				East Coast.			
	Quantity.		Value.		Quantity.		Value.	
	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£
Brill,	.	.	.	.	343	364	650	693
Soles,	66	50	317	183	990	962	4,037	3,100
Turbot,	22	25	73	05	346	366	1,355	1,903
Total Prime Fish,	88	75	390	248	1,679	1,712	6,048	5,786
Cod,	973	991	423	630	11,851	12,631	9,452	9,688
Conger Eel,	42	29	17	19	5,407	3,557	3,453	2,763
Haddock,	2,169	1,941	1,009	1,034	5,542	4,323	6,341	5,325
Hake,	.	.	.	.	4,566	5,072	0,446	6,256
Herrings,	73,866	93,879	39,501	61,026	126,072	114,685	33,877	33,533
Ling,	4	6	2	4	6,275	7,281	4,681	6,381
Mackerel,	1,493	709	262	180	5,518	3,862	1,259	1,028
Plaice,	1,553	1,591	1,405	1,244	15,778	9,610	17,329	9,947
Ray or Skate,	218	159	81	46	5,616	4,953	2,418	2,611
Sprats,	.	.	.	.	.	22	.	28
Whiting,	191	16	104	9	7,575	6,577	6,785	6,023
All other, except Shell Fish,	2,431	843	895	519	19,455	30,734	9,319	15,369
Total of all Fish, save Shell Fish,	83,028	100,230	44,089	64,959	215,334	204,735	107,468	106,738
SHELL FISH:								
	No.	No.			No.	No.		
Crabs (returned by collectors of statistics),	103,550	53,208	306	201	137,529	150,240	567	860
Do. (additional information),	105,848	215,040	799	1,378	39,310	42,681	343	426
Lobsters (returned by collectors of statistics),	94,244	51,216	2,711	1,449	110,218	52,064	3,683	2,035
Do. (additional information),	100,516	100,236	2,940	3,801	26,262	94,884	1,174	3,526
	Cwts.	Cwts.			Cwts.	Cwts.		
Mussels (returned by collectors of statistics),	.	.	.	.	5,559	6,141	187	284
Do. (additional information),	26	30	1	2	6,361	6,379	817	705
	No.	No.			No.	No.		
Oysters (returned by collectors of statistics),	.	.	.	.	63,267	55,744	134	166
Do. (additional information),	.	57,200	.	182	1,230,65	2,950,303	2,424	5,359
	Cwts.	Cwts.			Cwts.	Cwts.		
Other Shell Fish (returned by collectors of statistics),	630	.	100	.	2,693	3,929	1,652	1,642
Do. (additional information),	276	1,063	61	188	1,752	2,127	157	628
Total of Shell Fish,	.	.	6,916	7,201	.	.	10,538	15,503
Grand Total,	.	.	51,007	72,160	.	.	117,946	122,341

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No. 1.

landed on the Irish Coasts during the Year 1907, as compared with during 1906.

South Coast.				West Coast.				TOTAL.			
Quantity.		Value.		Quantity.		Value.		Quantity.		Value.	
1207.	1906.	1907.	1900.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1900.
Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£
32	42	60	07	292	238	607	491	667	644	1,329	1,281
459	431	2,004	1,414	1,496	1,034	6,659	4,425	3,011	2,497	12,077	9,212
69	55	270	197	404	244	1,530	1,049	341	630	3,226	3,214
560	628	2,400	1,708	2,192	1,516	7,706	5,965	4,519	3,831	16,634	13,707
676	1,040	201	796	1,577	2,485	840	944	14,779	16,847	11,006	12,056
242	513	92	276	396	289	151	109	6,067	4,388	3,713	3,166
1,173	720	660	412	7,219	4,610	4,361	2,087	16,103	11,603	12,371	8,858
206	668	160	703	466	494	230	259	5,260	6,234	6,626	9,216
20,769	59,767	6,328	15,853	83,583	42,105	22,995	15,145	303,310	310,427	102,701	125,557
382	668	255	450	1,920	1,281	972	681	8,587	9,186	5,910	7,525
110,597	172,074	32,170	44,206	134,665	132,226	44,397	46,640	252,473	306,673	76,097	91,060
2,036	2,070	2,365	2,211	3,559	3,606	3,634	3,320	22,926	16,951	24,783	16,722
101	260	24	70	1,330	861	272	164	7,265	6,292	2,795	2,891
1,739	2,207	392	377	760	.	106	.	2,499	2,229	406	405
1,071	1,268	310	439	6,169	6,046	2,982	2,631	16,020	12,907	10,167	9,102
4,921	3,491	2,248	1,722	0,260	8,635	2,899	3,596	33,067	43,703	16,361	21,206
144,195	245,262	47,710	60,231	250,344	203,244	91,685	80,547	097,901	753,471	290,892	321,475
No.	No.			No.	No.			No.	No.		
15,616	6,571	169	63	2,684	2,921	25	24	259,581	204,246	1,067	1,148
8,633	12,384	28	96	622	652	4	6	155,413	270,757	1,174	1,908
42,006	28,038	1,529	1,044	164,852	66,465	5,019	2,190	418,320	199,283	12,942	6,718
113,582	53,398	4,165	2,323	308,956	357,951	11,199	11,721	549,336	606,469	19,478	21,371
Cwts.	Cwts,	.		Cwts.	Cwts.			Cwts.	Cwts.		
.	903	.	66	26,759	22,487	1,439	1,488	32,316	29,531	1,626	1,826
245	.	15	.	3,426	3,603	208	216	10,052	10,012	1,041	922
No.	No.			No.	No.			No.	No.		
32,130	56,007	80	138	505,639	102,882	416	181	401,056	214,633	632	457
9,946	.	40	.	447,747	614,840	1,629	1,929	1,688,349	3,822,342	4,093	7,470
Cwts.	Cwts.			Cwts,	Cwts.			Cwts.	Cwts.		
3,884	4,311	599	759	9,032	9,811	1,662	1,764	16,289	16,051	3,413	4,155
1,436	3,837	806	1,274	20,300	22,521	3,667	5,949	23,770	29,548	4,691	6,030
.	.	7,431	5,755	.	.	25,270	23,457	.	.	50,157	52,016
.	.	55,141	74,986	.	.	116,055	104,004	.	.	341,049	378,491

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Appendix No. 2.

Comparison between the years 1907 and 1906 in respect to quantities, values, and average prices of the different kinds of sea fish landed in Ireland.

Brill.—The total capture of brill in 1907 was 667 cwts., valued at £1,329, as compared with 644 cwts., valued at £1,281, in 1906.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was about £1 19*s.* 10¼*d*, and in 1906 about £1 19*s.* 9½*d.*

Soles.—The total capture of soles in 1907 was 3,011 cwts., valued at £12,077, as compared with 2,497 cwts., valued at £9,212, in 1906.

The average price in 1907 was £4 0*s.* 2¾*d.* per cwt., and in 1906 £3 13*s.* 9½*d.* per cwt.

Turbot.—The total capture of turbot in 1907 was 841 cwts., valued at £3,228, as compared with 690 cwts., valued at £3,214, in 1906.

The average price in 1907 was £3 16*s.* 9¼*d.* per cwt., and in 1906 £4 13*s.* 2*d.* per cwt.

Cod.—The total capture of cod in 1907 was 14,779 cwts., valued at £11,006, as compared with 16,847 cwts., valued at £12,058, in 1906.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was 14*s.* 10¾*d.*, and in 1906 14*s.* 3¾*d.*

Conger eel.—The total capture of conger eel in 1907 was 6,087 cwts., valued at £3,713, as compared with 4,388 cwts., valued at £3,166, in 1906.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was about 12*s.* 2½*d.*, and in 1906 about 14*s.* 5*d.*

Haddock.—The total capture of haddock in 1907 was 16,103 cwts., valued at £12,371 as compared with 11,603 cwts., valued at £8,858 in 1906.

The average price in 1907 was 15*s.* 4½*d.* per cwt., and in 1906 15*s.* 3¼*d.*

Hake.—The total capture of hake in 1907 was 5,260 cwts., valued at £6,836, as compared with 6,264 cwts., valued at £9,218, in 1906.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was about 16*s.*, and in 1906 about £1 9*s.* 7*d.*

Herrings.—The total capture of herrings in 1907 was 309,310 cwts., valued at £102,701.

In the previous year the total capture was 310,427 cwts., and the total value £125,557.

The average price in 1907 was 6*s.* 7¾*d.* per cwt., and in 1906 8*s.* 1¾*d.* per cwt.

Ling.—The total capture of ling in 1907 was 8,587 cwts., valued at £5,910, as compared with 9,186 cwts., valued at £7,525 in 1906.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was 13*s.* 9¼*d.*, and in 1906 16*s.* 4½*d.*

Mackerel.—The total capture of mackerel in 1907 was 252,473 cwts., valued at £78,097.

In the previous year the total capture was 308,873 cwts., valued at £91,060.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was 6*s.* 2¼*d.*, and in 1906 5*s.* 10¾*d.*

Plaice.—The total capture of plaice in 1907 was 22,926 cwts., valued at £24,783, as compared with 16,951 cwts., valued at £16,722 in 1906.

The average price per cwt. was £1 1*s.* 7½*d.* in 1907, and 19*s.* 8¾*d.* in 1906.

Ray or Skate.—The total capture of ray or skate in 1907 was 7,265 cwts., valued at £2,795, as compared with 6,292 cwts., valued at £2,891, in 1906.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was 7*s.* 8¼*d.*, and in 1906 9*s.* 2¼*d*

Sprats.—The total capture of sprats in 1907 was 2,499 cwts., valued at £498.

In the previous year the total capture was 2,229 cwts., valued at £405.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was 4*s.*, and in 1906 3*s.* 7½*d.*

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Whiting.—The total capture of whiting in 1907 was 15,026 cwts., valued at £10,187, as compared with 12,907 cwts., valued at £9,102, in 1906.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was 13*s.* 6¾*d.*, and in 1906 14*s* 1¼*d.*

Other kinds (not including shell fish).—The total capture in 1907 was 33,067 cwts., valued at £15,361, as compared with 43,703 cwts., valued at £21,206, in 1906.

The average price per cwt. in 1907 was 9*s.* 8½*d.*, and in 1906 9*s.* 3½*d.*

Shell Fish.

Oysters.—The returns received show that about 5,314 hundreds of oysters were taken off the public beds in 1907, and that the value thereof was £1,255. The figures for the previous year were 10,652 hundreds, and £2,792.

From the private beds, so far as returns are obtainable, about 11,268 hundreds of oysters were lifted. The value of these is estimated at £3,470. The figures for the previous year were 21,388 hundreds, and £5,135.

See also Appendices No. 13, p. 45, and No. 19, p. 80.

Lobsters.—The returns received show that about 80,638 dozens of lobsters were captured in 1907, and that their value was £32,420. The figures for the previous year were 67,146 dozens, and £28,089.

See also Appendix No. 10, p. 40.

Crabs.—The returns received show that about 34,583 dozens of crabs were taken in 1907, and that their value was about £2,241. The figures for the previous year were 39,642 dozens, and £3,056.

See also Appendix No. 11, p. 42.

Mussels.—The returns received show that the weight of the mussels taken this year was 2,118 tons, and that the value thereof was about £2,667. The previous year's figures were 1,972 tons, and £2,747.

See also Appendix No. 14, p. 48.

Cockles.—The returns received show that about 44,425 gallons of cockles were picked in 1907, and that their value was about £1,319. The figures for the previous year were 39,537 gallons, and £1,083.

See also Appendix No. 15, p. 49.

Periwinkles.—The returns received show that the weight of periwinkles taken this year was about 1,831½ tons, and that the value thereof was £6,410. The figures for the previous year were 2,105¼ tons, and £7,368.

See also Appendix No. 16, p. 50.

Shrimps.—Shrimping is not largely followed around the Irish coast. The cases mentioned in Appendix No. 12, page 44, are the only ones in which reports came to hand that shrimps had been taken. It is estimated that the value was £375. The figure for the previous year was about £514.

The total value of the shell fish, as furnished in the returns for 1907, is estimated at £50,157, as against £52,016 for 1906.

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APPENDIX

ABSTRACT of RETURNS from COAST-GUARD of the NUMBER of

TABLE No. 1.—REGISTERED, UNREGISTERED, and UNCLASSED

No.	NAME OF DIVISION.	Divisional Officer.	Solely engaged					
			First Class.			Second Class.		
			Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.
1	Kingstown,	A. F. Holmes, Comm., R.N.,	38	230	30	26	100	–
2	Wicklow,	M. S. Pasley, Lieut., R.N.,	35	254	25	78	218	6
3	Wexford,	H. E. Sharp, Lieut., R.N.,	1	6	–	20	80	–
4	Waterford,	F. Pierce, Lieut., R.N.,	–	–	–	13	45	1
5	Youghal,	James Brooking, Esq., Acting Divisional Officer.	–	–	–	29	118	–
6	Queenstown,	W. V. Cole, Comm., R.N.,	5	19	–	38	104	1
7	Kinsale,	G. E. Cave, Comm., R.N.,	29	172	29	5	20	3
8	Skibbereen,	E. A. Day, Lieut., R.N.,	52	342	12	7	22	–
9	Castletown Bere,	F. W. Atkins, Esq.,	–	–	–	1	6	–
10	Valentia,	A. H. Ozzard, Lieut., R.N.,	4	15	–	12	49	1
11	Dingle,	Samuel Brock Esq.,	24	96	–	15	65	–
12	Ballyheige,	R. Johnson, Esq.,	–	–	–	–	–	–
13	Miltown-Malbay,	J. G. Fletcher, Esq.,	–	–	–	1	0	–
14	Galway,	H. A. P. Glossop, Lieut., R.N.,	31	136	25	60	269	6
15	Oliffden,	S. C. Weigall, Lieut. R.N.,	3	18	–	1	4	–
16	Keel,	H. J. Carter, Esq.,	–	–	–	–	–	–
17	Belmullet,	G. G. Codrington, Lieut., R.N.,	–	–	–	–	–	–
18	Ballycastle, Killala,	J. W. Frost, Esq.,	–	–	–	–	–	–
19	Pullendiva,	G. H. Greenham, Esq.,	–	–	–	10	20	–
20	Sligo,	Thomas Onslow, Esq.,	–	–	–	31	120	–
21	Killybegs,	Lot Connell, Esq.,	3	7	–	99	537	16
22	Guidore,	G. Kerr, Esq.,	–	–	–	14	70	–
23	Rathmullen,	Langton Browell, Lieut., R.N.,	2	6	–	18	52	–
24	Moville,	Edward M. Hale, Lieut., R.N.,	–	–	–	130	507	–
25	Ballycastle, Antrim,	Hugh F. Hopkinson, Lieut., R.N.,	2	4	–	64	93	2
26	Carrickfergus,	G. W. W. Dawes, Comm., R.N.	–	–	–	30	69	1
27	Donaghadee,	A. A. Lucas, Comm., R.N.,	13	77	6	94	319	14
28	Strangford,	William Lewis, Esq.,	–	–	–	16	29	3
29	Newcastle,	A. Kirke, Lieut., R.N.,	15	95	14	11	25	–
30	Dundalk,	Wm. Sims, Lieut., R.N.,	–	–	–	42	210	–
31	Malahide,	Reginald Growse, Comm., R.N.,	10	54	2	23	70	–
		Totals for 1907,	267	1,531	143	897	3,227	53
		Do. 1906,	277	1,629	163	912	3,346	48

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No. 3.

VESSELS, BOATS, and CREWS engaged in the SEA FISHERIES in 1907.

VESSELS that fished during the Year 1907.

in Fishing.

Third Class.			Unclassed A.			Unclassed B.			Totals.			No.
Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	
14	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78	354	30	1
4	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	117	483	30	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	31	95	-	3
1	3	-	-	-	-	1*	-	-	15	48	1	4
3	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	126	-	5
2	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	126	1	6
0	42	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	234	33	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	364	12	8
2	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	18	-	9
6	20	-	2	4	-	-	-	-	23	88	1	10
34	126	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	287	-	11
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
-	-	-	29	87	-	-	-	-	30	93	-	13
15	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116	456	31	14
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	22	-	15
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
11	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	87	-	18
10	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	42	-	19
20	80	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	51	200	1	20
10	65	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	116	609	21	21
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	70	-	22
1	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	63	-	23
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	507	-	24
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	97	2	25
8	15	1	4	8	-	-	-	-	42	92	2	26
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	107	396	20	27
8	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	36	3	28
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	120	14	29
2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	215	-	30
10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	134	2	31
172	596	8	35	99	-	11	10	-	1,382	5,463	204	
183	630	5	41	122	-	14	20	1	1,427	5,747	217	

* This boat was worked by men who formed the crew of a third class fishing vessel.

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APPENDIX

ABSTRACT of RETURNS from COAST-GUARD of the NUMBER of

TABLE No. 1.—REGISTERED, UNREGISTERED, and UNCLASSED

No.	Name of Division.	Divisional Officer.	Partially engaged								
			First Class.			Second Class.			Third Class.		
			Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.
1	Kingstown, .	A. F. Holmes, Comm., R.N.,	-	-	-	26	77	-	8	12	-
2	Wicklow, .	M. S. Pasley, Lieut., R.N.,	-	-	-	28	103	-	10	28	-
3	Wexford, .	H. E. Sharp, Lieut., R.N.,	-	-	-	09	266	-	2	12	-
4	Waterford, .	F. Pierce, Lieut, R.N. .	1	4	-	51	142	3	12	28	2
5	Youghal, .	James Brooking, Esq., Acting Divisional Officer	-	-	-	18	65	-	14	50	-
6	Queenstown,	W. V. Cole, Comm., R.N., .	-	-	-	13	29	-	11	31	1
7	Kinsale, .	G. E. Cave, Comm., R.N., .	-	-	-	122	509	12	27	91	2
8	Skibbereen, .	E. A. Day, Lieut., R.N., .	39	268	18	221	839	19	80	323	11
9	Castletown Bere.	F. W. Atkins, Esq., . .	2	10	-	156	835	2	162	643	3
10	Valentia, .	A. H. Ozzard, Lieut., R.N.,	-	-	-	153	628	14	165	739	19
11	Dingle, . .	Samuel Brock, Esq., . .	-	-	-	71	221	-	203	615	-
12	Ballyheige, .	R. Johnson, Esq., . .	5	19	-	32	86	-	28	94	-
13	Miltown-Malbay,	J. G. Fletcher, Esq., . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	92	-
14	Galway, .	H. A. P. Glossop, Lieut., R.N.	3	18	3	155	476	30	211	581	22
15	Clifden, .	S. O. Weigall, Lieut, R.N.,	10	61	-	101	375	-	105	295	-
16	Keel, . .	H. J. Carter, Esq., . .	5	22	-	34	147	-	138	556	9
17	Belmullet, .	G. G. Codrington, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	32	134	-	136	425	-
18	Ballycastle (Killala).	J. W. Frost, Esq., . .	-	-	-	3	24	-	78	363	-
19	Pullendiva, .	G. H. Greenham, Esq., .	-	-	-	12	55	-	24	114	-
20	Sligo, . .	Thomas Onslow, Esq., .	-	-	-	24	112	2	17	63	-
21	Killybegs, .	Lot Connell, Esq., . .	4	23	-	110	604	-	17	63	-
22	Guidore, .	G. Kerr, Esq., . . .	14	80	2	374	1,706	17	38	183	-
23	Rathmullen,	Langton Browell, Lieut., R.N.	39	234	-	154	050	-	18	72	-
24	Moville, .	Edward M. Hale, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	100	523	-	1	3	-
25	Ballycastle (Antrim).	H. F. Hopkinson, Lieut., R.N.	1	2	-	52	118	1	13	23	2
26	Carrickfergus	G. W. W. Dawes, Comm., R.N.	-	-	-	14	34	12	26	58	9
27	Donaghadee,	A. A. Lucas, Comm., R.N.,	5	31	3	59	112	1	19	22	-
28	Strangford, .	William Lewis, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	21	43	-	5	7	-
29	Newcastle, .	A. Kirke, Esq., . . .	12	58	7	92	290	-	31	29	13
30	Dundalk, .	Wm. Sims, Lieut. R.N., .	-	-	-	59	205	-	32	61	-
31	Malahide, .	Reginald R. Growse, Comm., R.N.	-	-	-	2	7	-	6	12	-
		Totals for 1907, .	140	830	33	2,356	9,415	113	1,661	5,648	93
		Do. 1908, .	101	638	34	2,246	8,952	165	1,829	6,360	105

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No. 3—*continued.*

VESSELS, BOATS, and CREWS engaged in the SEA FISHERIES in 1907.

VESSELS that fished during the Year 1907.

in Fishing.									Grand Totals of all engaged in 1907.			No.
Unclassed A.			Unclassed B.			Totals.						
Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	
-	-	-	-	-	-	34	83	-	112	443	30	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	38	131	-	155	614	30	2
7	34	-	-	-	-	78	312	-	109	408	-	3
1	3	-	2	8	-	67	183	5	82	231	6	4
-	-	-	8	24	-	38	139	-	70	265	-	5
-	-	-	2	4	-	26	64	1	71	190	2	6
4	7	2	11	21	8	164	631	24	204	865	57	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	340	1,430	48	399	1,794	80	8
-	-	-	-	-	-	620	1,488	5	373	1,595	5	9
25	126	-	7	14	6	350	1,507	38	373	1,595	30	10
13	39	-	-	-	-	287	875	-	360	1,162	-	11
1	2	-	2	4	-	68	205	-	68	205	-	12
105	308	-	3	8	-	142	408	-	172	501	-	13
126	357	18	22	37	10	617	1,469	83	632	1,925	114	14
44	110	-	64	218	-	324	1,059	-	328	1,081	-	15
5	24	-	12	34	1	195	783	10	195	783	10	16
5	20	-	19	49	-	192	628	-	192	628	-	17
33	170	3	-	-	-	109	557	3	120	644	3	18
5	20	-	-	-	-	42	189	-	62	231*	-	19
-	-	-	2	7	1	43	182	3	94	382	4	20
-	-	-	1	4	-	132	694	-	250	1,303	21	21
-	-	-	-	-	-	426	1,969	19	440	2,089	19	22
-	-	-	-	-	-	206	916	-	227	979	-	23
-	-	-	-	-	-	101	526	-	231	1,033	-	24
-	-	-	-	-	-	66	143	6	132	240	5	25
-	-	-	9	18	7	49	110	28	01	202	30	26
-	-	-	-	-	-	83	165	4	190	561	24	27
-	-	-	-	-	-	26	50	-	50	86	8	28
-	-	-	-	-	-	135	377	20	161	497	31	29
-	-	-	18	18	-	109	284	-	153	499	-	30
-	-	-	-	-	-	8	19	-	51	153	2	31
376	1,220	23	182	459	32	4,715	17,582	294	6,097	23,045	498	
337	1,123	10	221	546	35	4,734	17,619	349	6,151	23,366	566	

* In addition to these men, 40 who did not possess boats were engaged in gathering periwinkles.

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APPENDIX No. 3—*continued.*

TABLE No. 2.—RETURN of BOATS that did NOT Fish during the Year.

DIVISION.	1st Class Vessels.	2nd Class Vessels.	3rd Class Vessels.	Unclassed A.	Unclassed B.	Total.
1 Kingstown,	1	10	3	–	–	14
2 Wicklow,	12	27	7	–	–	46
3 Wexford,	–	8	1	–	–	9
4 Waterford,	–	16	2	–	1	19
5 Youghal,	–	5	6	2	–	13
6 Queenstown,	1	4	4	–	–	9
7 Kinsale,	5	18	16	3	2	44
8 Skibbereen,	11	35	18	–	–	64
9 Castletown Bere,	1	17	7	–	–	25
10 Valentia,	–	4	39	–	–	43
11 Dingle,	2		–	–	–	2
12 Ballyheige,	–	5	16	–	3	24
13 Miltown-Malbay,	–	–	–	12	–	12
14 Galway,	–	14	–	–	2	16
15 Clifden,	3	15	13	4	3	43
16 Keel,	1	11	138	–	–	150
17 Belmullet,	1	2	17	–	1	21
18 Ballycastle, Killala,	–	1	7	1	–	9
19 Pullendiva,	–	5	9	–	–	14
20 Sligo,	–	23	34	–	–	57
21 Killyhegs,	1	29	5	–		37
22 Guidore,	1	40	18	–	–	59
23 Rathmullen,	3	38	13	–	–	54
24 Moville,	1	24	–	–	–	25
25 Ballycastle, Antrim,	1	39	3	–	–	43
26 Carrickfergus,	–	9	4	–	–	13
27 Donaghadee,	3	24	2	–	–	20
28 Strangford,	–	15	3	–	–	18
29 Newcastle,	1	3	3	–	–	12
30 Dundalk,	–	35	2	–	–	37
31 Malahide,	2	2	6		–	10
Total,	51	488	396	22	19	971

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APPENDIX No. 4.

SPRING MACKEREL FISHERY.

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APPENDIX

SPRING MACKEREL

No.	Places where Fish are landed.	Collecting Stations.	Date when Fishing may be said to have commenced.	Date when Fishing may be said to have ended.	Quantity captured.
					Cwts.
1	Dunmore East. ...	Dunmore East, ...	--	—	577
2	Queenstown, ...	Queenstown, ...	—	—	819
3	Kinsale, ...	Upper Cove, ...	27th March,	30th June,	19,010
4	Union Hall and Glandore.	Union Hall, ...	10th April	30th June,	5,360
5	South Reen and Castletownsend.	Castletownsend, ...	26th April,	29th June,	250
6	Baltimore, ...	Baltimore, ...	12th April,	30th June,	27,231½
7	Schull, ...	Schull, ...	Beginning of April.	30th June,	533
8	Castletown Berehaven,	Castletown Berehaven	17th April,	30th June,	1,053
9	Garinish and Dursey,	Garinish and Dursey.	Continued from Autumn season until April.		4,001
10	Ballydonegan and Tranferla.	Ballydonegan,			1,530
11	Ballycrovane, Urhan, and Travarra.	Ballycrovane, ...	15th April,	30th May,	552
12	Derrynane, Rath, and West Cove,	Waterville, ...	March, ...	30th June,	360
13	Ballinskelligs, Boolakeel, Dungagon, Allahenemore, Boat Cove, Renroe, and Horse Island.	Ballinskelligs, ...	27th March,	17th May,	860
14	Portmagee, ...	Portmagee, ...	17th May,	7th June, ...	1,727½
15	Knightstown and Renard Point.	Knightstown, ...	15th April,	30th June,	10,756
16	Cahirciveen, Coosroom, Coonana, and Renard Point.	Cahirciveen, ...	28th March,	30th June,	2,178½
17	Dingle and Ballymore,	Dingle, ...	May, ...	June, ...	2,814
18	Smerwick, Ballinrannig, Dooneen, and Ballydavid.	Ballinagall, ...	10th March,	30th June,	5,399½
19	Brandon Creek, ...	Brandon Creek, ...	May, ...	End of June,	2,764
20	Brandon Bay, ...	Brandon Bay, ..	7th May, ...	14th June,	1,707
21	Fenit, ...	Fenit, ...	22nd April,	27th June,	7,405
22	Kilkee, Farrahy, and Goleen	Kilkee, ...	May, ...	30th June,	2,278¾
23	Seafield and Caherrush,	Seafield, ...	April, ...	April, ...	268¾
24	Killeaney Bay, ...	North Arran, ...	17th April	30th June,	2,817

* Part landed in January, February, &c.

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No. 4 (*a.*).

FISHERY, 1907.

Total approximate Value.	Number of Steamers carrying the Fish to England.	Number of Ice Hulks.	Number of Tons of Ice Imported.	Number of Barrels of Fish cured for Exportation.	Observations.	No.
£ s. d. 196 2 5	—	—	—	—	No regular mackerel fishing.	1
811 10 0	—	—	—	—	Do. do.	2
6,936 3 0	2	1	950	260	—	3
1,550 14 0	—	—	—	1,069	*	4
92 0 0	—	—	—	43	*	5
7,072 0 9	2	3	930	1,342	*	6
135 6 0	—	—	—	128	*	7
269 15 3	—	—	—	142	*	8
1,117 6 6 455 7 0	1	—	—	1,660	Nearly all landed and cured in January.	9 10
205 15 8	—	—	—	—	*	11
111 10 0	—	—	—	—	*	12
290 0 0	—	—	—	—	*	13
542 5 0	2	—	—	457		14
7,161 13 0	—	4	745	3,835	*	15
995 17 0	—	—	—	439	*	16
805 0 8	—	—	—	1,104	Most landed and cured in January.	17
1,770 18 0	—	—	—	200	Nearly all landed in January and February.	18
1,004 14 0	—	—	—	48	Nearly all landed in January and February.	19
620 0 0	—	—	—	409	*	20
2,262 19 0	—	2	900	—	—	21
726 9 9	—	—	—	360	*	22
103 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	23
707 8 10	—	2	450	—	*	24

before the opening of the regular Spring Season.

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APPENDIX

SPRING MACKEREL

No.	Places where Fish are landed.	Collecting Stations.	Date when Fishing may be said to have commenced.	Date when Fishing may be said to have ended.	Quantity captured.
					Cwts.
25	Roundstone, ...	Roundstone, ...	15th April,	30th June,	3,213
26	Clifden, Dunlonghan, and Bunowen.	Clifden, ...	16th April,	20th June,	827
27	Cleggan, Inishboffin, and Derryinver.	Cleggan, ...	17th April,	30th June,	11,489
28	Achilbeg, ...	Achilbeg, ...	17th April,	15th June,	756
29	Lacken, Kilonmmin, Dock, and Rathfran.	Ross, ...	1st April,	30th June,	2,947
30	Knockshambo, Glanfield, Graughill, Inver, Muinereena, Tip, and Ballyglass.	Ballyglass, ...	14th May,	30th June,	2,500
31	Belderrig, Porturlin, and Portacloy.	Belderrig, ...	5th June,	30th June,	300
32	Killybegs, ...	Killybegs, ...	—	—	495
33	Burtonport, ...	Burtonport, ...	—	—	400
34	Downings Pier, ...	Mulroy, ...	—	—	320
35	Bunorana, ...	Bunorana, ...	—	—	504
				Total, ...	134,979½

* Part landed in January and February, &c.,

APPENDIX No.

SPRING MACKEREL

Mackerel were also landed at the places set forth below

Collecting Station.	Places where landed.	Quantity.	Value.	Observations.
		Cwts.	£ s. d.	
Courtown, ...	Courtown, ...	3	0 18 0	—
Ballinacourty,	Ballinacourty and Dungarvan.	8	2 7 0	—
Youghal, ...	Youghal, ...	15	4 0 0	—
Ballycottin, ...	Ballycottin, ...	100	80 5 6	—
Crookhaven, ..	Crookhaven, ...	1	0 7 0	—
Bantry, ...	Bantry, ...	75	45 9 6	—
Ventry, ...	Dunquin and the Blaskets.	150	55 0 0	—
Ross and Kilbaba.	Ross and Kilbaha, ...	101½	27 19 0	20 barrels cured.
Tullig, ...	Tullig, ...	76½	20 7 0	—
Liscannor, ...	Liscannor, ...	44	15 17 0	—

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No. 4 (*a.*)—*continued.*

FISHERY, 1907—*continued.*

Total approximate Value,	Number of Steamers carrying the Fish to England.	Number of Ice Hulks.	Number of Tons of Ice Imported.	Number of Barrels of Fish cured for Exportation.	Observations.	No.
£ s. d.						
611 5 9	—	1	230	90	—	25
193 3 6	—	—	—	83	—	26
3,101 3 6	—	1	500	1,033	* Two Norwegian vessels, with curers, &c., arrived and cured about 265 barrels for Norway.	27
188 11 0	—	—	17	—	—	28
1,026 10 0	—	—	—	—	*	29
500 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	30
53 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	31
133 19 0	—	—	—	—	Taken in herring nets.	32
80 0 0	—	—	—	114	Do., do.	33
13 10 1	—	—	—	—	Do., do.	34
64 5 6	—	—	—	—	Do., do.	35
41,459 8 1	—	—	—	12,876		

before the opening of the regular Spring Season.

4 (*b.*)—*continued.*

FISHERY, 1907—*continued.*

which are not included in the foregoing Return.

Collecting Station.	Places where landed.	Quantity.	Value.	Observations.
		Cwts.	£ s. d.	
Ballaghaline,...	Ballaghaline, ...	57¼	22 6 0	—
Ballyvaughan,	Glonnina and Ballyvaughan.	5	1 5 0	—
South Arran,...	South Arran, ...	22	22 0 0	—
Galway, ...	Galway, ...	33½	38 2 0	—
Clew Bay, ...	Clow Bay, ...	69½	24 4 0	—
Keel, ...	Keel, Dooagh, and Keem.	24	8 2 0	—
Belmullet, ...	Belmullot, ...	122½	65 19 6	—
Teelin, ...	Teelin and Cladnageeragh.	92	20 15 6	8 Barrels cured.
	Totals, ...	1,059½	461 4 0	

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APPENDIX

AUTUMN MACKEREL

PARTICULARS of the FISHING carried

No.	Coast Guard or Collecting Station.	Date on which fishing commenced.	Date on which fishing ended.	Places where Fish Landed.
		1907.	1907.	
1	Howth,	—	—	Howth,
2	Bannow,	—	—	Bannow Island and Cullen Cove,
3	Fethard,	—	—	Fethard and Slade,
4	Ballinacourty Helvick Head,	—	—	Dungarvan,
5	Ardmore,	—	—	Ardmore,
6	Youghal,	—	—	Youghal,
7	Ballycottin,	—	—	Ballycottin,
8	Upper Cove,	6th July,	23rd December,	Kinsale,
9	Union Hall,	2nd July,	24th December,	Glandore and Union Hall,
10	Castletownsend,	do.,	31st December,	South Reen,
11	Baltimore,	14th August,	do.,	Baltimore,
12	Schull,	1st November,	do.,	Schull, Cape Clear, Lower Letter, and Kilcrobane.
13	Crookhaven,	September,	December,	Dunmanus Pier, Canty Cove, and Goleen.
14	Castletownbere,	1st August,	31st December,	Gearhies, Gurtnakilla, Castletownbere, White Horse & Pullen,
15	Do.,	do.,	do.,	Bantry,
16	Ballydonegan,	26th August, 17th September,	do, do.,	Ballydonegan, Tranferla, and Esquavade. Garinish and Dursey,
17	Ballycrovane.	26th August,	2nd December,	Cod Head, Gurtahig, Urhan, Travarra, Ballycrovane, Kilcatherine, Clenderry, Ardgroom, Colaris, Derryvegil, and Gurteen Point.
18	Waterville,	1st August,	31st December,	Rineen, Rath, Derrynane, and West Cove.
19	Portmagee,	11th July,	12th December,	Portmagee,
20	Knightstown,	1st July,	31st December,	Knightstown and Renard Point,
21	Caherciveen,	1st September,	31st December,	Caherciveen, Cooscroom, and Coonana.
22	Kells,	12th July,	8th December,	Kells and Rhodes,

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No. 5 (*a.*)

FISHERY, 1907.

on at or near the following places :—

Quantity of Fish taken during the Season.	Total amount estimated to be realized by Fishermen.	Fish Cured for Exportation.		Observations.	
		Where Cured.	Number of Barrels.		
Cwts.	£ s. d.				
3,550	845 14 3	—	—	Taken in Herring nets.	1
330	110 0 0	—	—	Taken by hand lines.	2
581½	212 2 6	—	—	—	3
2,187	479 5 0	—	—	—	4
330	66 0 0	—	14	—	5
493	61 8 6	—	—	—	6
311½	162 1 0	—	—	—	7
11,891	2,853 11 0	Kinsale, ...	2,748	—	8
8,766	2,414 17 0	Glandore and Union Hall, . .	2,264	—	9
906	270 10 0	South Reen, ...	262	None landed in September.	10
3,687½	1,665 11 0	Baltimore, ...	1,296	do.	11
2,500	830 0 0	Schull, Kilcrohane, Lower Letter, and Cape Clear.	717	—	12
2,100	840 0 0	Dunmanus, Canty Cove, and Goleen.	600	—	13
2,341	700 0 0	Castletownbere, Gearhies, Gurtnakilla, Bantry, White Horse, and Pullen.	626	—	14
800	331 18 3	Bantry, ...	91	—	15
1,472½	452 18 0	Ballydonegan, Esqnavade, Tranferla, and Barness.	454	—	16
3,742	904 5 6	Garinish and Dursey, ...	1,043		
3,490	1,160 0 0	Urhan, Travarra, Ardgroom, Colaris, Ballycrovane, Kilcatherine, Clenderry, Derryvegil, Cod Head, Gurtahig, and Gurteen Point.	997	—	17
1,640	820 0 0	Rineen, West Cove, Derrynane,	440	—	18
1,493½	779 2 0	Portmagee, ...	410	None landed in September.	19
11,952	5,503 0 0	Knightstown and Renard Point,	2,987	do.	20
338	133 13 3	Cahersiveen, and Coonana, .	64	—	21
320	80 0 0	—	—	—	22

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APPENDIX

AUTUMN MACKEREL

PARTICULARS of the FISHING carried

No.	Coast Guard or Collecting Station.	Date on which fishing commenced.	Date on which fishing ended.	Places where Fish Landed.
		1907.	1907.	
23	Dingle, . .	1st July, . .	31st December, .	Dingle and Knightstown, . .
24	Ventry, .	November, .	End of December.	Dunquin, ...
25	Ballinagall,	July, . . .	31st December, .	Smerwick, Ballinaraght, Doneen, and Ballydavid.
26	Do., . . .	do., . .	do., . . .	Brandon Creek, ...
27	Brandon Quay, .	1st September, .	do., . . .	Brandon Quay, ...
28	Kilkee, . . .	August, . .	November, . .	Kilkee, ...
29	Do., . . .	3rd July, . .	9th November, .	Coosheon, ...
30	Seafield, . . .	End of August, .	Middle of November.	Seafield and Caherrush, . .
31	North Arran, . .	5th November, .	7th November, .	Kilronan and Kilmurvy, . .
32	Galway, . .	July, . . .	September, .	Galway, Ballinacourty, Keave, and Renville.
33	Roundstone, . .	1st July, . .	4th October, .	Roundstone, ...
34	Clifden, . . .	1st July, . .	30th November, .	Clifden, Dunloughan, & Bunown,
35	Cleggan, . . .	1st July, . .	31st December, .	Cleggan, ...
36	Tully, . .	Beginning of November.	31st December, .	Renvyle Pier and Leonane, .
37	Ballyglass, . .	1st July, . .	30th December, .	Muingcreena, Tip, Knocksbambo, Glanfield, and Grangehill.
38	Belderrig, . .	3rd July, . .	30th December, .	Belderrig, Porturlin, and Portacloy.
39	Ross, . . .	4th August, .	30th November, .	Rathlackon, Kilcummin, and Rathfran.
40	Mullaghmore, .	1st July, . .	12th October, .	Mullaghmore, ...
41	Do., . . .	July, . . .	September, . .	Bundoran and Bunatruhan, .
42	Ardglass, . . .	July, . . .	October, . .	Ardglass, ...
43	Kilkeel, . .	16th July, . .	27th September,	Kilkeel, ...
				Total, ...

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No. 5 (*a.*)—*continued.*

FISHERY, 1907—*continued.*

on at or near the following places—*continued.*

Quantity of Fish taken during the Season.	Total amount estimated to be realized by Fishermen.	Fish Cured for Exportation.		Observations.	No.
		Where Cured.	Number of Barrels.		
Cwts.	£ s. d.				
1,859	632 13 0	Dingle, ...	3,460	Little landed at Dingle after July. Fish from Ballinagall, Brandon Creek, and Ventry cured at Dingle.	23
518	234 0 0	Dunquin and Dingle, ...	50	—	24
6,208	2,165 0 0	Smerwick, Ballyferriter, Ballydavid, Fornough, Ballinabrick.	323	Little landed in August and September.	25
3,997	1,558 1 0	Brandon Creek and Dingle, .	87	do.	26
5,212	1,967 2 0	Brandon and Cappa, ...	1,514	do.	27
674	248 0 0	Kilkee, ...	150	—	28
413½	125 14 0	—	96	—	29
385	236 5 6	Seafield and Caherrush, . .	99	—	30
2,264	543 18 0	Kilronan and Kilmurvy, . .	647	1,281 cwts. landed in July.	31
481	186 1 0	—	—	—	32
5,122¾	1,010 17 7	Roundstone, ...	884	—	33
4,337	903 16 0	Dunloughan and Bunowen, .	1,228	Mostly caught in July.	34
6,550	1,684 7 3	Cleggan, ...	1,578	None landed in August or September.	35
500	173 0 0	Tully and Leenane, .	60	—	36
1,170	520 0 0	—	29	—	37
1,980	475 0 0	Belderrig, Porturlin, and Portacloy.	231	—	38
1,415	497 10 0	—	—	—	39
516¾	173 3 1	—	—	—	40
700	95 0 0	—	—	—	41
691½	82 12 0	—	120	—	42
693	116 9 9	Kilkeel, ...	98	—	43
113,915	35,204 7 5	—	25,667		

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APPENDIX No. 5 (*b.*)

AUTUMN MACKEREL FISHERY, 1907.

Mackerel were also landed at the places set forth below which are not included in the foregoing Return.

Coast Guard or Collecting Station.	Places where landed.	Quantity.	Value.
		Cwts.	£ s. d.
Kingstown,	Kingstown,	27	9 14 0
Kilmore,	—	157	50 12 3
Dunmore East,	Dunmore East,	6	1 18 6
Bonmahon,	Stradbally and Bonmahon,	120	36 0 0
Old Head,	—	8	3 0 0
East Ferry,	Queenstown,	164	47 17 0
Courtmacsherry	Courtmacsherry,	1	0 10 0
Ross,*	Ross and Kilbaha,	201	52 0 0
Tullig,†	Tullig,	194	79 2 6
Moveen,‡	Moveen,	105	44 15 0
Liscannor,	Liscannor,	117½	52 1 4
Ballaghaline,	Ballaghaline,	158½	68 17 0
Ballyvanghan,	Gleninagh,	7	2 10 0
Costello Bay,	Galway, North Aran, and Roundstone,	45	15 0 0
Rosmoney,	Westport, Newport, Rosmoney, and Murrisk.	49½	16 1 0
Achilbeg,	Darby's Point,	3½	1 0 0
Doohooma,	Ferry and Doohooma,	40	13 0 0
Ballycastle (Mayo),	Ballycastle and Ballymachugh,	30	7 10 0
Ball Hill,	Malinasole,	8	2 0 0
Tribane,	Ballysiggart, Ballyetherland, and Ballybodonnell.	135½	45 0 0
Killybegs,	Killybegs,	113	13 8 4
Teelin,	Teelin,	10½	2 10 3
Inishbofin,	—	60	30 0 0
Sheephaven,	Dunfanaghy,	15½	6 4 0
Mulroy,	Downing's Pier,	89	5 4 9
Buncrana,	—	3	1 10 0
Portrush,	Portrush,	50	33 15 0
Port Ballintoy,	Port Ballintoy,	50	25 0 0
Ballycastle (Antrim),	Ballycastle,	2	2 11 0
Bangor,	Bangor,	15	7 10 0
Annalong,	Annalong	111¾	34 2 0
Greenore,	Greenore,	50	20 0 0
Dundalk,	Giles Quay,	160	75 0 0
Clogher Head,	Clogher Head,	37	10 3 3
Skerries,	Skerries,	82¼	28 14 6
Rush,	Rush,	92¾	28 4 0
	Total,	2,519¼	872 5 8

* Thirty-eight barrels cured.
† Twenty-four barrels cured.
‡ Thirty barrels cured.

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APPENDIX No. 6.

SUMMER HERRING FISHERY.

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APPENDIX

SUMMER HERRING

No.	Coast Guard Station.	Ports or Creeks from which the Fishing was carried on	Places at which the Boats discharged their Fish.	Date when Fishing may be said to have commenced.
1	Howth,	Howth,	Howth,	1st June,
2	Dunmore East,	Dunmore East,	Dunmore East,	1st February,
3	East Ferry,	Cork Harbour,	Queenstown,	3rd April,
4	Upper Cove,	Kinsale,	Kinsale,	8th May,
5	Castletownbere,	Castletownbere, Bantry, and Gerahies.	Castletownbere, Bantry, and Gerahies.	1st February,
6	Ballyorovane,	Glenderry, Pullen, and Ardgroom.	Ardgroom,	1st February,
7	Ballinskelligs,	Ballinskelligs, Boolakeel, Horse Island, Renroe Point, Dungagon, and Boat Cove.	Ballinskelligs, Boolakeel, Renroe Point, Horse Island, Dungagon, and Boat Cove.	22nd March,
8	Portmagee,	Portmagee,	Portmagee,	14th February,
9	Knightstown,	—	Knightstown,	—
10	Fenit,	—	Fenit,	—
11	South Arran,	South Arran,	South Arran,	1st February,
12	North Arran,	Kilronan,	Kilronan,	5th February,
13	Killybegs,	Killybegs,	Killybegs,	28th February,
14	Teelin,	Teelin and Cladnageeragh.	Teelin and Cladnageeragh.	26th February,
15	Burtonport,	Kincaslagh and Burtonport.	Kincaslagh and Burtonport.	Middle of May,
16	Mulroy,	Downings Bay,	Downings Pier,	1st May,
17	Bunerana,	Bunerana,	Bunerana,	7th May,
18	Cloghy,	Portavogie,	Portavogie,	27th April,
19	Ardglass,	Ardglass,	Ardglass,	24th April,
20	Kilkeel,	Kilkeel,	Kilkeel Harbour,	9th June,
21	Clogher Head,	Clogher Head,	Clogher Head,	24th April,
22	Balbriggan,	Balbriggan,	Balbriggan,	—

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No. (6 *a.*)

FISHERY, 1907.

Date when Fishing may be said to have ended.	Quantity landed.	Value.	Quantity cured for Exportation.	Quantity sold for Local Consumption.	No.
	Cwts.	£ s. d.			
31st July, .	6,526	2,364 8 10	—	—	1
22nd June, .	1,911	580 19 0	—	One-eleventh.	2
18th June, .	300	60 1 0	—	One-quarter.	3
18th June, .	1,053	432 0 0	—	One-ninth.	4
31st July, .	1,200	400 0 0	150 barrels, .	—	5
31st March. .	360	90 0 0	—	—	6
11th April, .	250	85 0 0	—	—	7
18th April, .	274	73 2 6	—	Nearly all.	8
—	350	83 17 6	—	—	9
—	816	73 0 0	—	Five-thirteenths.	10
17th April, .	852½	101 17 0	—	—	11
20th April, .	883	274 11 0	—	—	12
31st July. .	1,561	488 7 8	483 barrels, . .	—	13
13th June, .	650	261 12 2	200 barrels, . .	—	14
End of May, .	624¼	598 10 6	300 barrels, . .	—	15
10th June, .	31,124	16,446 5 9	10,897 barrels, .	—	16
1st June, . .	10,756	4,035 7 0	3,778 barrels, . .	—	17
31st July, .	11,501	3,131 6 6	—	One-half.	18
31st July, .	16,524	4,694 19 6	—	Three-eighths.	19
do. .	6,100	1,962 13 8	—	Two thirds.	20
do. .	1,395	486 2 6	—	—	21
—	331	80 3 0	—	One-third.	22
	94,546¾	39,412 5 1	15,808 barrels.		

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APPENDIX No. 6 (*a.*)—*continued.*

SUMMER HERRING FISHERY, 1907—*continued.*

No.	Coast Guard Stations.	Quantity despatched to distant markets for sale as *fresh* Fish.	Places where the Herrings were cured.	Month in which greatest Quantity captured.	Number of Steam Drifters that fished from Ports within this Station.	Number of Irish Row Boats using Seine or Ring Nets.	OBSERVATIONS.
1	Howth,	All,	—	July,	-	-	—
2	Dunmore East,	Nearly all,	—	June,	4	-	—
3	East Ferry,	Three-quarters.	—	May,	-	-	—
4	Upper Cove,	Nearly all,	—	May,	-	-	—
5	Castletownbere,	Balance,	—	February,	-	25	—
6	Ballycrovane,	All,	—	February,	-	-	—
7	Ballinskelligs,	All,	—	April,	-	11	—
8	Portmagee,	—	—	April,		8	—
9	Knightstown,	All,	—	April,	-	-	Captured with Mackerel.
10	Fenit,	Eight-thirteenths.	—	June,	-	-	do.
11	South Arran,	Nearly all,	—	February,	-	-	—
12	North Arran,	All,	—	February,	-	-	—
13	Killyhegs,	Balance,	Killybegs,	April,	8	-	—
14	Teelin,	Balance,	Teelin & Cladnageeragh.	May,	4	-	—
15	Burtonport,	Balance,	Gortnasate,	May,	3	-	—
16	Mulroy,	—	Downings,	May,	55	-	—
17	Buncrana,	130 crans,	Buncrana,	May,	64	-	—
18	Cloghy,	One-half,	—	July,	-	-	—
19	Ardglass,	Five-eighths,	—	June,	-	-	—
20	Kilkeel,	One-third,	—	July,	-	-	—
21	Clogher Head,	All,	—	—	-	-	Most of the fish were Autumn Herring landed in February.
22	Balbriggan,	Two-thirds,	—	—	-	-	Do. (by Howth boats).

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Appendix No. 6 (*b.*)

SUMMER HERRING FISHERY, 1907—*continued.*

Herrings were also landed at the places set forth below, which are not included in the foregoing Return.

Collecting Station.	Places where Landed.	Quantity.	Value.
		Cwts.	£ s. d.
Kingstown,	Kingstown,	210	82 7 6
Arklow,	Arklow,	221½	93 12 0
Courtown,	Courtown,	1	0 11 0
Ballinacourty,	Dungarvan,	90	27 15 0
Youghal,	Youghal,	6	3 15 0
Ballycottin,	Ballycottin,	148½	49 10 0
Baltimore,	Baltimore,	137	36 7 6
Dingle,	Dingle,	36	18 17 0
Ventry,	Ventry,	28½	9 19 0
Ballinagall,	Ballydavid and Dooneen,	17½	6 0 0
Do.,	Brandon Creek,	9	2 5 0
Ross,	Bealanglass and Ross,	4½	1 16 0
Moveen,	Moveen Goleen,	1	0 15 0
Kilkee,	Kilkee,	50	16 10 0
Coosheen,	Farrahy,	1	0 6 0
Liscannor,	Liscannor,	55½	20 10 0
Ballaghaline,	Ballaghaline,	2	1 8 0
Roundstone,	Roundstone,	18	6 15 0
Achilbeg,	Achilbeg,	2	1 5 6
Belmullet,	Belmullet,	37	15 19 0
Pullocheeny,	Pullocheeny,	27½	10 7 5
Cushendall,	Cushendall,	60	30 0 0
Portmuck,	Portmuck, Bell's Cove, Hiddlesport, and Hills Port.	150	74 0 0
Carrickfergus,	Carrickfergus,	87¼	20 17 9
Whitehead,	Whitehead, Marchbrien, Clonghfin, &c.	112	57 0 0
Portaferry,	Portaferry,	200	75 0 0
Greenore,	Greenore,	2½	1 4 0
Skerries,	Skerries,	10	1 8 0
	Total,	1,725¼	663 0 9

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APPENDIX

AUTUMN AND WINTER

No.	Coast Guard or Collecting Station.	Ports or Creeks from which the fishing was carried on. (1)	Places where the Boats discharged their fish. (2)	Date on which the fishing may be said to have commenced. (3)
1	Howth,	Howth,	Howth,	1st August,
2	Ringsend,	—	Dublin,	—
3	Kingstown,	—	Kingstown,	—
4	Wicklow,	Wicklow,	Wicklow,	5th November.
5	Arklow,	Arklow,	Arklow,	9th September,
6	Courtown,	Courtown, Pollshone, and Cahore.	Courtown, Pollshone, and Cahore.	14th October.
7	Curracloe,	Red Gap, Curracloe, and Ballyconnigar.	Red Gap, Ballyconnigar, and Curracloe.	23rd October,
8	Wexford,	Wexford,	Wexford,	October,
9	Rosslare,	Rosslare,	Rosslare Strand,	October,
10	Arthurstown,	Ballyhack, Duncannon. and Passage East.	Ballyhack, Duncannon. and Passage East.	5th October,
11	Ballinaceurty,	Dungarvan,	Dungarvan,	17th August,
12	Helvick Head,	Ballinagaul and Helvick Head.		
13	Ardmore,	Ardmore,	Ardmore,	1st August,
14	Youghal,	Youghal.	Youghal,	1st August,
15	Ballycottin,	Ballycottin,	Ballycottin,	19th August,
16	Queenstown,	Queenstown,	Queenstown,	28th August,
17	Upper Cove,	Kinsale,	Kinsale,	19th August,
18	Baltimore,	Baltimore,	Baltimore,	—
19	Schull,	Schull. Ballydeheb, and Cape Clear.	Schull, Ballydeheb, and Cape Clear.	October,
20	Bantry,	Bantry,	Bantry,	21st August,
21	Castletownbere,	Castletownbere, Gurtnakilla, Gearhies, and White Horse.	Castletownbero. Gearhies, and Gurtnakilla.	1st August,
22	Ballinskelligs,	Ballinskelligs, Beolakeel, Horse Island, Renroe Point, Dungagon, and Boat Cove.	Ballioskelligs, Horse Island, Dungagen, and Boat Cove.	1st August,
23	Knightstown.	—	Valentia and Renard Point,	—
24	Dingle,	Dingle,	Dingle,	1st August,
25	Spiddal,	Galway,	Galway,	21st August,
26	Tully,	Tully, Glassilaun, Rossroe, and Leenane.	Renvyle Pier, Glassilann, Rossroe, and Leenane.	Middle of September.
27	Rosmooey,	Carrowkeeran, Westport, Murrisk, Rosmoney, and Mulranny.	Carrowkeeran, Westport, Murrisk, Rosmoney, and Mulranny.	October,
28	Achilbeg,	Clew Bay,	Darby's Point, Curranu, and Clare Island.	29th August,
29	Belderrig,	Belderrig, Porturlin, and Portacloy	Belderrig, Porturlin, and Portacloy.	2nd January, 1908,
30	Ross,	Rathlacken, Kilcummin, Rathfran, Ross, Killala, Rosserk, and Carrowkelly.	Rathlacken, Kilcummin, Rathfran, Ross, Killala, Rosserk, and Carrowkelly.	1st September,
31	Inniscrone,	Inniscrone,	Inniscrone and Ballina,	15th September,

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No. 7 (*a.*)

HERRING FISHERY, 1907–8.

Date on which the fishing may be said to have ended. (4)	Quantity captured (5)	Value. (6)	Quantity cured for exportation. (7)	Quantity sold for local consumption. (8)	Quantity despatched to distant markets for sale as fresh fish. (9)	No.
	Cwts.	£ s. d.	Barrels.			
13th December,	9,232	2,731 2 0	—	—	All.	1
—	1,040	582 14 0	—	All, . . .	—	2
—	804	183 3 6	—	About one-third, .	Balance,	3
24th December, .	781	205 2 0	—	All, ...	—	4
31st January, 1908,	6,371	1,760 11 0	—	1,000 mease, . .	Balance.	5
24th December, .	4,932	1,063 0 0	—	119½ mease, . .	Nearly all.	6
30th December, .	770	256 0 0	—	Nearly one-half, .	Balance.	7
December, . .	938	589 16 6	—	About two-thirds..	Balance.	8
December, .	1,748	985 15 0	—	All, ...	—	9
30th November, .	381	138 6 0	—	20 mease.. . .	Nearly all.	10
23rd January, 1908,	1,653	580 0 9	—	All, . . .	—	11 12
1st October, .	400	135 0 0	—	Six-tenths, . . .	Balance,	13
13th December, .	493½	202 5 0	—	Two-fifteenths, .	Balance,	14
31st January, 1908,	2,379½	716 7 0	—	—	All.	15
29th November, .	827	132 11 0	—	All, ...	—	16
29th January, 1908,	3,435	890 14 0	230	About seven-fifteenths.	Balance.	17
—	1,478	293 11 0	86	—	Balance,	18
31st January, 1908,	1,134	386 0 0	300	One-third, . .	Balance,	19
27th January, 1908	6,799	1,434 0 0	—	—	All,	20
31st December, .	456	136 6 0	50	—	Balance.	21
8th December, .	1,570	705 0 0	—	Three-fifths, . .	Balance.	22
—	2,156	978 2 4	36	—	Balance.	23
21st January, 1908,	268	71 11 0	—	All, ...	—	24
13th December, .	1,227½	638 19 0	—	All, ...	—	25
End of December,	714	320 0 0	60	One-half. . .	Balance,	26
December, . .	293¼	113 7 0	—	All, . . .	—	27
14th November, .	1,340	420 0 0	263	Balance, . . .	—	28
29th January, 1903,	360	125 0 0	—	One-half, . . .	Balance.	29
31st January, 1908,	2,733	1,036 0 0	—	All, ...	—	30
11th December, .	1,773¼	938 6 9	—	—	All.	31

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APPENDIX

AUTUMN AND WINTER

No.	Coast Guard or Collecting Station.	Places where Herrings were cured for Exportation. (10)	Month in which greatest quantity of Herrings was captured. (11)
1	Howth,	—	August,
2	Ringsend,	—	September,
3	Kingstown,	—	September,
4	Wicklow,	—	November,
5	Arklow,	—	December,
6	Courtown,	—	December,
7	Curracloe,	—	December,
8	Wexford,	—	October,
9	Rosslare,	—	November,
10	Arthurstown,	—	October,
11	Ballinacourty,	—	December,
12	Helvick Head,		
13	Ardmore,	—	September,
14	Youghal,	—	October,
15	Ballycottin,	—	December,
16	Queenstown,	—	September,
17	Upper Cove,	Kinsale,	December,
18	Baltimore,	Baltimore,	January, 1908,
19	Schull,	Schull and Cape Clear,	December,
20	Bantry,	—	January, 1908,
21	Castletownbere,	Gearhies,	December,
22	Ballinskelligs,	—	August,
23	Knightstown,	Valentia Island and Renard Point	January, 1908,
24	Dingle,	—	December,
25	Spiddal,	—	September,
26	Tully,	Tully and Leenane,	October,
27	Rosmoney,	—	November
28	Achilbeg,	Clare Island,	September,
29	Belderrig,	—	January, 1908
30	Ross,	—	November,
31	Inniscrone,	—	October,

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No. 7 (*a.*)—*continued.*

HERRING FISHERY, 1907–8—*continued.*

Number of Steam drifters that fished. (12)	Number of Irish Row Boats using Seine or Ring nets. (13)	Observations. (14)	Coast Guard or Collecting Station. (15)	No.
—	—	—	Howth.	1
—	—	Landed by Steam Trawlers.	Ringsend.	2
—	—	—	Kingstown.	3
—	—	—	Wicklow.	4
—	—	—	Arklow.	5
—	—	—	Courtown.	6
—	—	—	Curracloe.	7
—	—	—	Wexford.	8
—	—	—	Rosslare.	9
—	—	—	Arthurstown.	10
—	—	—	Ballinacourty.	11
			Helvick Head.	12
—	—	—	Ardmore.	13
—	4	—	Youghal.	14
—	—	—	Ballycottin.	15
—	—	—	Queenstown.	16
—	4	—	Upper Cove.	17
—	—	—	Baltimore.	18
..	—	—	Schull.	19
—	24	—	Bantry.	20
—	—	—	Castletownbere.	21
—	28	—	Ballinskelligs.	22
—	—	Fish landed by Mackerel Boats.	Knightstown	23
—	—	—	Dingle.	24
—	—	—	Spiddal.	25
—	—	—	Tully.	26
—	—	—	Rosmoney.	27
—	—	—	Achilbeg.	28
—	—	—	Belderrig.	29
—	—	—	Ross.	30
—	—	—	Inniscrone.	31

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APPENDIX

AUTUMN AND WINTER

No.	Coast Guard or Collecting Station.	Ports or Creeks from which the fishing was carried on. (1)	Places where the Boats discharged their fish. (2)	Date on which the fishing may be said to have commenced. (3)
32	Mullaghmore, . .	Mullaghmore and Streedagh,	Mullaghmore and Streedagh,	1st August, . .
33	—	Bundoran and Bunatrooban.	Bundoran and Bunatrooban.	14th October, .
34	Ball Hill, . . .	Donegal, Monntcharles, and Malinasole.	Donegal, ...	21st October, .
35	Killybegs, . . .	Killybegs, ...	Killybegs, ...	1st August, . .
36	Tribane, . . .	Inver and Port, . . .	Inver and Port, . . .	September, . .
37	Do., . . .	Ballyetherland, Ballysiggart, Ballybodonnell, and Tribane.	Ballyetherland, Ballysiggart, Ballybodonnell, and Tribane,	
38	Portnoo, . . .	Portnoo, Rosbeg, and Loughros.	Portnoo, Rosbeg, and Loughros.	11th October, . .
39	Bunbeg, . . .	Gola Roads, ...	Bunbeg and Magheragallor,	15th November, .
40	Burtonport, . . .	Burtonport, . . .	Burtonport, ...	September, . .
41	Do., . . .	Kincaslagh, . .	Gortnasate, ...	22nd November, .
42	Inishboffin, . .	Inishboffin Island, . .	Magheraroarty and Inishboffin.	19th September. .
43	Sheephaven, . .	Portnablagh, . . .	Portnablagh,	10th September, .
44	Mulroy, . . .	Downings Bay, . .	Downings Pier, . . .	4th September, .
45	Buncrana, . .	Buncrana, ...	Buncrana Pier, . . .	16th January, 1908,
46	Cloghy, . . .	Portavogie, ...	Portavogie, ...	1st August, . .
47	Strangford, . .	Quoile River, Ardmillan, Killyleagh, Ballydorn, Strangford, and Kilclief.	Quoile River, Ardmillan, Killyleagh, Ballydorn, Strangford, and Kilclief.	1st September, .
48	Ardglass, . . .	Ardglass, ...	Ardglass, ...	1st August, . .
49	Annalong, . . .	Annalong, ...	Annalong, ...	August, . . .
50	Kilkeel, . . .	Kilkeel, Blackrock, Ballykeel, Leestone, and Derryogue.	Kilkeel, ...	1st August, . .
51	Carlingford, . .	—	Carlingford, ...	August, . . .
52	Dundalk, . . .	Giles Quay, Blackrock, Dunany Point, and Annagassen.	Giles Quay, Blackrock, Dunany, and Annagassen,	1st week in Sept.,
53	Clogher Head, . .	Clogher Head, . . .	Clogher Head, . . .	1st August, . .
54	Balbriggan, . . .	Balbriggan, ...	Balbriggan, ...	7th October, . .
55	Skerries, . . .	Skerries, ...	Skerries, ...	August, . . .

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No. 7 (*a.*)—*continued.*

HERRING FISHERY, 1907–8—*continued.*

Date on which the fishing may be said to have ended. (4)	Quantity captured. (5)	Value. (6)	Quantity cured for exportation. (7)	Quantity sold for local consumption. (8)	Quantity despatched to distant markets for sale as fresh fish. (9)	No.
	Cwts.	£ s. d.	Barrels.			
31st December, .	353	112 0 0	—	All, ...	—	32
5th December, .	5,364	1,408 0 0	—	One-twentieth, .	Balance.	33
4th December, .	42,721	9,205 15 0	—	200 mease, . .	Balance.	34
30th November, .	5,894	2,385 18 10	1,962	—	Balance.	35
January, 1908, .	11,332	3,091 15 0	510	100 mease, . .	Balance.	36, 37
27th November, .	5,844	1,536 0 0	1,560	—	Balance.	38
10th January, 1908,	260	98 3 0	110	Balance, . . .	—	39
January, 1908, .	5,315½	2,749 15 0	1,286	—	Balance.	40
20th January, 1908,	2,894	1,291 7 0	977	—	—	41
4th January, 1908,	4,228	1,651 7 0	1,129	30 barrels, . .	Balance.	42
October, . .	1,862	070 0 0	200	—	—	43
31st January, 1908,	19,255¾	9,073 11 9	4,505	—	—	44
25th January, 1908.	2,465⅓	739 11 0	849	2¼ crans, . .	Balance.	45
25th October, .	4,780	831 14 6	—	One-half, . .	One-half.	46
1st December, .	540	155 0 0	—	One-third, . .	Two-thirds.	47
23rd October, .	14,616¾	3,128 14 0	600	Nearly three-tenths.	Balance.	48
30th November .	306½	83 8 6	—	All, ...	—	49
25th October, .	9,047½	2,383 12 8	—	About four-ninths,	Balance with exception of 350 barrels of cured fish sent to Belfast, Newry, &c.	50
November, . .	620	132 0 0	—	All, ...	—	51
31st January, 1908,	5,400	1,782 0 0	—	One-half, . .	One-half.	52
31st January, 1908,	4,638	897 6 6	—	—	All.	53
21th December, .	11,246	1,925 17 0	—	100 mease, . .	Nearly all.	54
December, . .	2,825	396 4 0	—	50 mease, . .	Balance, except 900 mease which were cured and sent to Wexford.	55
Total, . .	220,290¼	64,177 13 4	14,724			

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APPENDIX No. 7 (*a.*)—*continued.*

AUTUMN AND WINTER HERRING FISHERY, 1907–8—*continued.*

No.	Coast Guard or Collecting Station.	Places where Herrings were cured for Exportation. (10)	Month in which greatest quantity of Herrings was captured. (11)	Number of Steam drifters that fished. (12)	Number of Irish Row Boats using Seine or Ring nets. (13)	Observations. (14)
32	Mullaghmore,	—	November,	—	—	—
33	Ballyshannon,	—	October,	—	—	—
34	Ball Hill,	—	November,	—	22	—
35	Killybegs,	Killybegs,	October.	—	—	—
36 & 37	Tribane,	Port and Inver,	September,	—	—	—
38	Portnoo,	Rosbeg and Loughros,	November,	—	—	—
39	Bunbeg,	Bunbeg and Magberagallon.	do.,	—	—	—
40	Burtonport,	Burtonport,	do.,	—	120	—
41	Do.,	Gortnasate,	do.,	2	60	—
42	Inishboffin,	Magberaroarty, Baltony and Inishboffin Island.	do.,	—	40	—
43	Sheephaven,	Portnablagh,	October,	—	—	—
44	Mulroy,	Downings,	January, 1908,	3	—	—
45	Buncrana,	Buncrana,	January, 1908,	6	—	—
46	Cloghy,	—	August,	—	—	—
47	Strangford,	—	October,	—	—	—
48	Ardglass,	Ardglass,	August,	—	—	—
49	Annalong,	—	September,	—	—	—
50	Kilkeel,	—	do.,	—	—	—
51	Carlingford,	—	November,	—	—	—
52	Dundalk,	—	October,	—	—	—
53	Clogher Head,	—	November,	—	—	—
54	Balbriggan,	—	do.,	—	—	—
55	Skerries,	—	do.	—	—	—

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Appendix No. 7 (*b.*)

AUTUMN AND WINTER HERRING FISHERY, 1907–8.

Herrings were also landed at the places set forth below, which are not included in the foregoing Return.

Coast Guard or Collecting Station.	Places where landed.	Quantity.	Value.
		Cwts.	£ s. d.
Ballymoney,	Ballymoney,	26	8 0 0
Ballygeary,	Ballygeary,	90¾	61 10 0
Carnsore,	Carne Pier,	3½	2 5 0
Kilmore,	Kilmore,	108	86 14 0
Dunmore East,	Dunmore East,	15	7 0 0
Oyster Haven,	Oyster Haven,	3½	1 2 6
Union Hall,	Glandore and Union Hall,	199	43 0 6
Crookhaven,	Goleen, Spanish Cove, and Crookhaven,	153½	50 16 0
Ballydonegan,	Cahermore,	75	30 0 0
Do.,	Garinish and Dursey,	177	37 4 0
Ballycrovane,	Caherkeen, Urhan, Kilcatherine, Gurteen, Ardgroom, and Colaris.	120	30 0 0
Lackeen Point,	West Cove,	20	8 0 0
Portmagee,	Portmagee,	53	27 15 0
Ballinagall,	Ballydavid, Doonoen, Ballinaraght, and Belbawn.	70	17 0 0
Do.,	Brandon Creek,	56	12 18 0
Cappa,	Kilrush,	96	52 16 0
Kilkee,	Querrin Point,	191	87 8 0
Liscannor,	Liscannor,	41	17 3 0

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APPENDIX No. 7 (*b.*)—*continued.*

AUTUMN AND WINTER HERRING FISHERY, 1907–8—*continued*

Herrings were also landed at the places set forth below, which are not included in the foregoing Return.

Coast Guard or Collecting Station.	Places where landed.	Quantity.	Value.
		Cwts.	£ s. d.
South Arran,	South Arran Strand,	130	30 0 9
North Arran,	Kilronan,	140½	42 0 0
Roundstone,	Roundstone,	17½	11 0 0
Doohooma,	Ferry and Doohooma,	17	5 0 0
Belmullet,	Belmullet,	9½	0 19 0
Pullocheney,	Pullocheney,	55	32 0 0
Rosses Point,	Sligo and Drumcliffe Rivers,	40	13 0 8
Rathmullen,	Rathmullen and Inch Island,	125	44 0 0
Moville,	Moville,	74½	54 17 0
Carrickfergus,	Carrickfergus,	200	40 0 0
Newcastle,	Newcastle,	116	19 5 0
Greenore,	Greenore, Cooley Point, and Whitestown,	90	33 0 0
Loughshinny,	Loughshinny,	45	5 11 0
Rush,	Rush,	16	6 0 6
	Total,	2,579¼	935 4 5

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APPENDIX No 8.

BEAM AND OTTER TRAWLING.

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APPENDIX

BEAM AND OTTER

(REPLIES FROM

No.	Station.	How many boats were regularly engaged in Beam trawling from Ports within your Station?		How many boats were regularly engaged in Otter trawling from Ports within your Station?		How many men from your Station were engaged in the trawling industry?	What was the	
		Steam.	Sailing.	Steam.	Sailing.		Under 10 tons.	Between 10 and 20 tons, inclusive.
1	Howth,	-	1	-	2	15	-	3
2	Ringsend,	-	22	8*	1	133 men and 13 boys.	9	1
3	Kingstown,	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
4	Arklow,	-	3	-	6	30	9	-
5	Courtown,	-	16	-	1	56	12	5
6	Wexford,	-	15	-	-	54	7	8
7	Arthurstown,	-	12	-	-	32	12	-
8	Dunmore East,	-	1	-	-	4	-	-
9	Helvick Head,	-	-	-	19	76	17	2
10	Ballycottin,	-	-	-	5	14 men and 1 boy,	4	1
11	East Ferry,	-	8	-	4	40	8	3
12	Upper Cove,	-	2	-	-	5	2	-
13	Courtmacsherry,	-	-	-	3	8 men and 1 boy,	2	1
14	Ross Bar,	-	1	-	1	3	2	-
15	Union Hall,	-	-	-	12	72	6	6
16	Castletownsend,	-	1	-	-	6	-	-
17	Baltimore,	-	4	-	-	29	-	-
18	Schull,	-	4	-	4	29	4	-
19	Castletownbere,	1†	-	-	-	5	-	-
20	Ballycrovane,	-	1	-	-	4	-	-
21	Lackeen Point,	-	1	-	-	4	-	-
22	Dingle,	-	24	-	-	96	-	1
23	Renmore,	-	19	-	-	80 men and 19 boys.	-	2
24	Limerick,	-	6	-	-	18	2	-
25	North Arran,	-	5	-	-	20	-	-
26	Clifden,	-	-	-	1	4	1	-
27	Cleggan,	-	-	-	5	15	3	2
28	Rosmoney,	-	-	-	9	31	7	2
29	Bullsmouth,	-	-	-	8	9	5	3
30	Inniscrone,	-	-	-	15	30	15	-
31	Raghley	-	-	-	9	21	9	-
32	Mullagbmore,	-	-	-	18	68	18	-
33	Ballyshannon,	-	-	-	9	26	9	-
34	Ball Hill,	-	4	-	8	19	8	3
35	Killybegs,	-	9	-	-	35	-	1
36	Mulroy,	-	-	-	5	30	-	-
37	Rathmullen,	-	-	-	2	6	-	2
38	Buncrana,	-	-	-	5	15	-	5
39	Greencastle,	-	-	-	18	79	18	-
40	Moville,	-	-	-	45	121	34	11
41	Portrush,	-	-	-	11	30	8	5
42	Port Ballintoy,	-	-	-	13	32	13	-
43	Cushendall,	-	-	1‡	-	2	-	-
44	Glenarm,	-	-	1§	2	5	2	-
45	Larne Harbour,	-	2	-	-	2	2	-
46	Carrickfergus,	-	-	-	12	24	12	-
47	Whiteabbey,	-	-	-	10	29 men and 1 boy,	10	-
48	Bangor,	-	-	-	11	25	10	1
49	Burr Point,	-	-	-	5	15	5	-
50	Clogby,	-	-	-	13	69	-	13
51	Clogher Head	-	-	-	2	10	1	1
52	Balbriggan,	-	-	-	18	73	7	3
	Totals,	1	151	10	315	1,564 men and 35 boys.	293	87

* One of 65 tons, one of 63 tons, one of 53 tons, two of 48 tons, one of 46 tons, one of 21 tons, and one of 10 tons. † One of 20 tons. ‡ One of 10 tons. § One of 10 tons.

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No. 8.

TRAWLING, 1907.

COAST GUARD.)

tonnage of the sailing boats?				During what months did these boats fish?	Station.	No.
Between 20 and 30 tons, inclusive.	Between 30 and 40 tons, inclusive.	Between 40 and 50 tons, inclusive.	Over 50 tons.			
-	-	-	-	September to January,	Howth,	1
-	-	6	7	Steamers and first class sailing boats all the year. Second class sailing boats January to March, and August to December.	Ringsend,	2
-	-	-	-	All the year,	Kingstown,	3
-	-	-	-	May to November,	Arklow,	4
-	-	-	-	February to September,	Courtown,	5
-	-	-	-	All the year,	Wexford,	6
-	-	-	-	June to December,	Arthurstown,	7
-	1	-	-	January to March and October to Dec.,	Dunmore East,	8
-	-	-	-	All the year,	Helvick Head,	9
-	-	-	-	do.,	Ballycottin,	10
1	-	-	-	do.,	East Ferry,	11
-	-	-	-	do.,	Upper Cove,	12
-	-	-	-	March to December,	Courtmacsherry,	13
-	-	-	-	January to October,	Ross Bar,	14
-	-	-	-	January to April, and September to December.	Union Hall,	15
1	-	-	-	August to October,	Castletownsend,	16
1	2	1	-	January to March, and August to October.	Baltimore,	17
2	2	-	-	Two boats all the year; others fit out for spring and autumn mackerel fishing.	Schull,	18
-	-	-	-	All the year,	Castletownbere,	19
-	1	-	-	do.,	Ballycrovans,	20
1	-	-	-	February to October,	Lackeen Point,	21
12	9	2	-	All the year.	Dingle,	22
5	5	7	-	do.,	Renmore,	23
-	4	-	-	May to September,	Limerick,	24
2	2	1	-	All the year,	North Arran,	25
-	-	-	-	July to November,	Clifden,	26
-	-	-	-	March to April, and August to October,	Cleggan,	27
-	-	-	-	March to October,	Rosmoney,	28
-	-	-	-	May to July,	Bullsmouth,	29
-	-	-	-	May to September,	Inniscrone,	30
-	-	-	-	April to October,	Raghley,	31
-	-	-	-	March to October,	Mullaghmore,	32
-	-	-	-	March to September,	Ballyshannon,	33
1	-	-	-	All the year,	Ball Hill,	34
4	1	3	-	June to September,	Killybegs,	35
5	-	-	-	April to August,	Mulroy,	36
-	-	-	-	April to October,	Rathmullen,	37
-	-	-	-	March to November,	Buncrana,	38
-	-	-	-	April, May, and September,	Greencastle,	39
-	-	-	-	Some all the year; others from March to October.	Moville,	40
-	-	-	-	March to October,	Portrush,	41
-	-	-	-	July to September,	Port Ballintoy,	42
-	-	-	-	September and October,	Cushendall,	43
-	-	-	-	September to November,	Glenarm,	44
-	-	-	-	All the year,	Larne Harbour,	45
-	-	-	-	do.,	Carrickfergus,	46
-	-	-	-	do.,	Whiteabbey,	47
-	-	-	-	do.,	Bangor,	48
-	-	-	-	January and February, and October to December.	Burr Point,	49
-	-	-	-	January to March, and October to Dec.,	Clogby,	50
-	-	-	-	May to October,	Clogher Head,	51
8	-	-	-	All the year,	Balbriggan,	52
43	27	20	7	Totals.		

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APPENDIX No. 9.

LONG LINE FISHERY, 1907.

(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	How many men and boys were engaged in long line fishing this year?		How many boats were engaged in long line fishing?					During what months do they fish with long lines?
			1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Unclassed, A.	Unclassed, B.	
	Men.	Boys.						
Kingstown,	235	17	17	30	21	—	—	All the year.
Wicklow,	89	—	1	13	10	—	—	January to March, and September to December.
Wexford,	9	—	—	3	—	—	—	January to March, and November to December.
Waterford,	20	—	—	7	—	—	—	January, February, November, and December.
Queenstown,	43	1	—	6	4	—	—	January to October and December.
Kinsale,	253	6	—	45	15	—	—	All the year.
Skibbereen,	332	2	9	49	14	—	—	All the year.
Valentia,	112	—	—	20	8	—	—	January to October.
Dingle,	374	—	—	23	88	—	—	January to September,
Ballyheige,	40	—	—	—	12	—	—	January to March, and November and December.
Miltown Malhay,	102	—	—	—	16	16	2	January to May, and November and December.
Galway,	712	10	—	121	85	10	—	January to June and November and December.
Clifden,	343	—	—	22	5	13	64	All the year.
Keel,	246	—	—	14	28	—	—	January to October and December.
Belmullet,	55	—	—	2	15	—	—	All the year.
Ballycastle, (*Killala.*)	40	—	—	—	6	—	—	April to August,
Pullendiva,	20	—	—	2	2	1	—	January to May and December.
Sligo,	226	—	—	29	13	—	—	All the year.
Killybegs,	600	21	—	92	25	—	—	January to July, and October to December.
Guidore,	84	—	—	21	—	—	—	March to June.
Rathmullen,	227	—	—	51	15	—	—	All the year.
Moville,	477	—	—	108	1	—	—	All the year.
Ballycastle, (*Antrim.*)	111	3	—	40	4	—	—	All the year.
Carrickfergus,	30	—	—	2	14	—	—	All the year.
Donaghadee,	53	—	—	18	2	—	—	January to March, and October to December.
Newcastle,	97	10	8	24	18	—	—	All the year.
Dundalk,	192	—	—	40	1	—	—	All the year.
Malahide,	65	2	2	12	11	—	—	All the year.
Total,	5,187	72	32	799	438	45	66	

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APPENDIX No. 10.

LOBSTER FISHERY.

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Appendix No. 10.—LOBSTER FISHERY

No.	Coast Guard Division.	How many boats engaged in Lobster fishing this year?					How many people (*total*) followed it?	During what months?
		1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Unclassed A.	Unclassed B.		
1	Kingstown,	-	12	8	-	-	43	All the year,
2	Wicklow,	-	-	2	-	-	4	April to July,
3	Wexford,	-	17	-	-	-	48	June to October,
4	Waterford,	-	25	7	-	-	74	February to October,
5	Youghal,	-	6	4	-	-	40	April to October.
6	Queenstown,	-	-	1	-	-	1	March to September,
7	Kinsale,	-	19	9	-	-	01	April to October,
8	†Skibhereen,	-.	20	14	-	-	301	May to October,
9	Castletownbere,	-	21	19	-	-	177	May to September,
10	Valentia,	-	14	27	9	3	201	January and May to November.
11	Dingle,	-	5	61	-	-	190	March to September,
12	Ballyheige,	1	-	-	1	-	9	June to September,
13	Miltown Malbay.	-	-	-	51	-	153	June to September,
14	Galway,	-	13	52	22	-	245	April to November,
15	Ollfden,	-	59	69	10	28	515	April to November,
16	Keel,	-	-	20	-	-	77	March to October,
17	Belmullet,	-	8	61	-	2	191	May to October,
18	Ballycastle, (*Killala.*)	-	-	22	1	-	120	March to October,
19	Pullendiva,	-	1	4	1	-	19	March to May, and July to September.
20	Sligo,	-	12	8	-	-	64	January to October and December.
21	Killybegs,	-	47	12	-	-	296	All the year,
22	Guidore,	-	92	14	-	-	310	May to October,
23	Rathmullen,	-	21	11	-	-	117	June to October,
24	Moville,	-	37	1	-	-	177	March to October,
25	Ballycastle, (*Antrim.*)	-	37	3	-	-	77	All the year,
26	Carrickfergus,	-	4	7	-	-	18	All the year,
27	Donaghadee,	-	37	14	-	-	117	All the year,
28	Strangford,	-	16	10	-	-	43	All the year,
29	Newcastle,	-	13	11	-	-	55	All the year,
30	Dundalk,	-	20	3	-	-	65	April to September,
31	Malahide,	-	3	11	-	-	40	All the year,
	Total,	1	629	475	95	33	3,879	

* Many thousands of dozens of lobsters not included in above were sold direct to Companies who
† Boats belonging to Baltimore Station do not land the lobsters

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1907.—(Replies from Coast Guard.)

What was the total number captured by all the boats? *	Where were the Lobsters sold?	What was the average price?	Value.	No.
Dozens.		Per dozen,	£	
863	Locally, and in Dublin,	8s. to 10s. 6d.	373	1
4	Locally,	9s. 8d.	2	2
566	Locally, and in London and Manchester,	6s. to 9s. 6d.	229	3
1,310	Locally, and in Waterford and London,	8s. to 10s.	579	4
1,080	Locally, and in Cork, Dublin, and England,	7s. to 7s. 6d.	398	5
14	Locally, and in Cork,	10s.	7	0
1,910	Locally, and to English lobster cutters; some sent to Cork.	7s. to 11s.	842	7
7,111	Locally, and to lobster smacks,	8s. to 10s.	3,071	8
1,591	Locally, and Southampton,	6s. to 11s.	581	9
3,494	Locally, and to English lobster smacks; some sent to Dublin and Liverpool.	6s. to 10s.	1,566	10
4,228	Locally, and in Dublin, London, and France,	8s. to 13s.	2,113	11
369	Tralee and London,	8s.	148	12
452	Locally,	6s. to 12s.	202	13
5,235	Locally, and in London	5s. to 10s.	1,891	14
13,856	Locally, and in Dublin, London, Leicester, and some to lobster smacks.	7s. 6d. to 9s.	5,737	15
1,143	Locally,	8s. to 10s.	545	16
2,955	Locally, and in Dublin and London,	7s. to 12s.	1,255	17
975	Dublin, London, and Manchester,	8s. to 11s.	433	18
100	Locally, and in Dublin,	0s. to 14s.	48	19
1,441	Locally, and in Dublin and London,	5s. to 12s.	505	20
5,884	Locally, and in Dublin, Belfast, Liverpool, London, Birmingham, and Manchester.	4s. 9d. to 10s.	2,092	21
7,389	To the Donegal Fishing Company, and in Dublin, London, and Manchester.	5s. to 6s.	2,198	22
1,367	Locally, and in Londonderry. Liverpool, Manchester, and London.	5s. to 15s.	501	23
5,730	Locally, and in Manchester,	8s. to 9s.	2,306	24
1,096	Locally, and in Belfast, Liverpool, and Manchester,	3s. 6d. to 9s.	322	25
761	Locally, and in Belfast, London, and Liverpool,	7s. to 12s.	396	26
1,441	Locally, and in Belfast,	8s. to 12s.	814	27
317	Locally, and in Belfast and Liverpool,	8s. to 12s.	398	28
8,002	Locally, and in Belfast, Manchester, and Liverpool,	5s. to 14s.	1,081	29
2,418	Locally, and in Liverpool, Manchester, Dublin, and Drogheda.	5s. to 8s.	833	30
2,036	Locally, and in Dublin,	8s. to 12s.	1,147	31
80,638			32,420	

Send Lobster Cutters round the coast and pick up their cargoes in harbours, creeks, and at sea, captured by them on the guards of that station.

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APPENDIX

CRAB

(REPLIES FROM

Coast Guard Division.	How many boats engaged in Crab fishing this year?		How many men followed it?	During what months?
	2nd Class.	3rd Class.		
Kingstown,	11	8	38	All the year,
Wicklow,	—	2	4	April to July,
Wexford,	11	—	31	June to September,
Waterford,	25	6	71	February to October,
Kinsale,	5	4	18	April to October,
Miltown Malbay,	—	10	30	June to September,
Galway,	—	12	31	April to November,
Guidore,	92	14	310	May to October,
Rathmullen,	12	1	52	July to September,
Moville,	32	1	131	March to October,
Ballycastle, (*Antrim*).	37	3	73	March to October,
Carrickfergus,	4	3	12	April to September,
Strangford,	9	6	24	April to December,
Newcastle,	4	4	23	All the year,
Malahide,	—	7	24	April to October,
Total,	242	81	922	

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No. 11.

FISHERY, 1907.

COAST GUARD.)

What was the total number captured off your Station by *all* boats?	Where were the Crabs sold?	What was the average price?	Value.	Coast Guard Division.
No.		Per dozen.	£	
27,314	Locally, and in Dublin, . .	10*d.* to 5*s.*	275	Kingstown.
71	Locally.	3*s.* 6*d.*	1	Wicklow
1,284	Locally, ...	1*s.*	5	Wexford.
12,359	Locally, and in Waterford and London.	2*s.* to 3*s.* 6*d.*	108	Waterford.
10,608	Locally, ...	1*s.* to 3*s.*	84	Kinsale.
1,006	Locally, ...	2*s.*	8	Miltown Malbay.
2,500	Locally, ...	2*s.*	21	Galway.
89,314	Locally, and in Dublin, London, and Manchester.	6*d.*	186	Guidore.
1,200	Locally, and in Manchester, London, and Liverpool,	9*d.*	4	Rathmullen,
94,284	Locally, and in Manchester, .	1*s.* 4*d.* to 1*s.* 9*d.*	686	Moville.
25,600	Locally, and in Liverpool and Manchester.	1*s.* to 6*s.*	229	Ballycastle (*Antrim*).
2,160	Locally, and in Belfast and English Markets.	8*d.* to 1*s.*	8	Carrickfergus.
2,600	Locally, and in Belfast, . .	2*s.*	22	Strangford.
7,216	Locally, and in Belfast and Manchester.	1*s.* to 2*s.*	31	Newcastle.
137,478	Dublin, ...	1*s.*	573	Malahide.
414,994			2,241	Total.

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Appendix No. 12.

SHRIMP FISHERY, 1907.

(Replies from Coast Guard.)

Coast Guard Division.	Are Shrimps fished for off your Division? (1)	About how many people are engaged? (2)	How is the catch disposed of? (3)	What amount is sent to market in the year? (4)	What is the average price? (5)	What method of capture is adopted? (6)	During what months does the fishing last? (7)	Value. (8)
				Ton cwt. qrs.				£
Queenstown, .	Yes, .	36	Sold in Queenstown, Cork, Birmingham, and London.	9 14 2	3*d.* to 4*d.* per lb., . .	Shrimp trawls with iron or wooden frames.	May to October, .	358
Kinsale, .	Yes, .	4	Sold locally, and sent to Cork.	0 10 3	3*d.* per lb., . .	Shrimp trawls, . .	May to September, .	17
Total, .		40		10 5 1				375

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APPENDIX No. 13.

OYSTER FISHERY, 1907.

PUBLIC BEDS.—(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Where are the Public Beds situated? (1)	What is their state as to stock and cleanliness? (2)	Are they showing signs of improvement or decay? (3)	Was there any Spatting during the most recent close season. (4)
Wicklow, . .	In Arklow Bay, and between Mizen Head and Morris Castle.	Clean and plentiful, . . .	Improvement.	Yes.
Wexford, . .	Two miles off the Harbour, . . .	Small and clean, . .	No, ...	No.
Waterford,	Between Creadon Head and Ballyhack, .	Dirty, owing to clinkers thrown overboard by steamers.	No, ...	Yes.
Ballyheige, .	At Spa, Tralee, off Saleen, and between Glin and Foynes.	Fair at Spa: good and clean at Saleen, and between Glin and Foynes.	Decay at Spa, improvement elsewhere.	Yes.
Galway, . .	Kinvarra, Crushoa, and Clarenbridge, .	Good and clean, ...	Improvement, ...	Yes.
Clifden, . .	In Ballynakill Bay, ...	Bad, ...	Decay, ...	No.
Keel, . .	From Westport Ship Channel to Burrishoole and Inishlyre.	Small stock; dirty; except at Inishlyre.	Decay, except at Inishlyre, . .	No.
Dundalk, . .	In Channel at Omeath, from Narrow Water Ferry to Two Mile River.	Stock fair; good, . .	No sign of improvement, . .	None observed.

In addition to the above, oysters are taken on licensed and private unlicensed beds. Only 190 hundreds of the latter are included in Appendix No. 1.

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APPENDIX No. 13—*continued.*

OYSTER FISHERY, 1907—*continued.*

PUBLIC BEDS.—(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Are undersized Oysters taken for sale? If so, kindly give particulars? (5)	Are undersized Oysters taken to stock other beds? (6)	How many boats were engaged in the Oyster fisheries this year? 1st Class. (7)	2nd Class. (8)	3rd Class. (9)	The total number of men engaged in the Oyster fisheries this year. (10)	During what months was the fishing carried on? (11)	How many hundreds were taken during the entire season? (12)	What was the average price per hundred obtained by the fishermen? (13)
Wicklow,	No,	No,	1	6	—	34	January to April and September,	411	2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.
Wexford,	No,	No,	—	2	—	6	January to April, and November and December.	80	10s.
Waterford,	No, any taken are returned to the sea.	No,	—	5	—	15	January and September to December.	136	10s.
Ballyheige,	No.	No,	—	15	10	66	January to March, and November and December.	1,596	3s. to 5s.
Galway,	No,	No,	—	—	71	170	December,	1,907	3s. 3d. to 6s.
Clifden,	No,	No,	—	—	7	14	January to April, and October to December.	32	6s.
Keel,	No,	No,	—	—	—	—	—	Inishlyre bed was re-stocked in March 1907.	—
Dundalk,	No,	No,	—	11	13	73	November and December,	1,152	6s.
		Total,	1	39	101	378		5,314	

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APPENDIX No. 13—*continued.*

OYSTER FISHERY, 1907—*continued.*

PUBLIC BEDS.—(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Where were the Oysters sold? (14)	How were they conveyed there? (15)	Value. (16)
			£
Wicklow,	Locally. Some sent to Dublin,	By cart and rail,	62
Wexford,	Locally,	Sold where landed,	40
Waterford,	Locally, and at Waterford,	By boat and cart,	68
Ballyheige,	Spa, Kilfenora, Fenit, Limerick, Kilrush, and Dublin,	By boat, cart, and rail,	288
Galway,	Locally to dealers, and at Dublin,	By cart and rail,	441
Clifden,	Locally, and at Clifden and Letterfrack,	By cart,	10
Keel,	—	—	—
Dundalk,	London, Manchester, and Liverpool,	By rail and steamer,	346
		Total,	1,255

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APPENDIX No. 14.

MUSSEL FISHERY, 1907.

(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Are Mussels gathered for export or local sale? (1)	If exported, to what place? (2)	What amount was gathered this year for export and local sale? (3)	How much of this was for export? (4)	What was the average price for those exported? (5)	How were they sent to market? (6)	How many people find employment gathering Mussels? (7)	During what months was it carried on? (8)	Value (to nearest £). (9)	Observations. (10)
			Tons.	Tons.	Per Ton. £ s. d.				£	
Wexford, .	For export,	Bristol and Liverpool.	30	All, .	2 10 0	By steamer, .	6	All the year, . .	75	—
Waterford, .	For export,	Bristol and Liverpool.	12¼	All, .	1 5 0	By steamer, .	8	All the year, . .	15	—
Valentia, .	For export,	Leeds, Liverpool, Manchester, Birmingham, Wolverhampton, Nottingham, Sheffield, Bristol, Huddersfield, Derby, Bradford, Leicester, and Bolton.	1,229	All, .	1 1 2	By boat and rail	150	January to March, and September to December.	1,302	—
Pullendiva, .	For export,	Liverpool, . . .	33	All, .	1 15 0	By cart, rail, and steamer	30	January to April, and October to December.	58	—
Sligo, . .	For export,	Liverpool, Manchester and Preston.	174	All, .	1 2 6	By cart, rail, and steamer.	48	January to April, and September to December.	195	—
Killybegs, .	For export,	Liverpool and Preston.	73¼	All, .	1 5 0	By cart and rail.	10	January to April, and October to December.	92	—
Rathmullen, .	For export,	Glasgow. . . .	1	All, .	1 0 0	By cart and steamer.	8	February to April, .	1	—
Carrickfergus,	For export, and local sale.	Glasgow and Aberdeen.	222	60	0 8 6	By cart and steamer.	14	All the year, .	95	Gathered for bait only.
Donaghadee, .	For local sale.	—	1	All, .	3 0 0	By cart and rail.	4	March and April, .	3	Do.
Dundalk, .	For export,	Liverpool, Manchester, and London.	337	All, .	2 9 0	By cart, rail, and steamer.	110	All the year. . .	324	—
Malahide, .	For export,	Liverpool, . .	6	All, .	1 2 0	By rail and steamer.	6	October to December.	7	—
		Total, . .	2,116¼	1,956¼			394		2,067	

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APPENDIX No. 15

COCKLE FISHERY, 1907.

(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Are Cockles gathered for export or local sale?	If exported, to what place?	How many gallons were gathered this year?		What was the average price per gallon?		How were they sent to market?	How many people find employment picking Cockles?	During what months was it carried on?	Value (to nearest £).
			For export.	For local sale.	For those exported.	For those sold locally.				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
										£
Kingstown, . .	For local sale,	—	—	18,700	—	6*d.* to 8*d.*	Carried by gatherers.	43	All the year, .	618
Wexford, . .	For local sale,	—	—	11,700	—	4*d.* to 6*d.*	Carried by gatherers.	23	May to Sept. .	209
Waterford, . .	For local sale,	—	—	4,000	—	9*d.* and 10*d.*	By cart and rail.	12	All the year, .	158
Kinsale, . .	For local sale,	—	—	1,410	—	4*d.*	—	16	April to Oct .	24
Valentia . .	For local sale.	—	—	*1,700	—	2*s.*	By cart, .	60	June to Sept.,	170
Dingle, . .	For local sale.	—	—	†300	—	8*d.* to 2*s.*	Carried by gatherers.	4	Jan. to Sept. .	23
Keel . . .	For local sale,	—	—	3,000	—	6*d.*	By cart, .	60	April to July,	75
Ballycastle (*Killala.*) .	For local sale,	—	—	2,000	—	2*d.*	By carts and creels.	12	April to June.	17
Sligo, . . .	For export, .	London and Manchester.	1,000	-	1*d.*	—	By cart, rail, and steamer.	25	Mar. to May, .	4
Killybegs, . .	For local sale.	—	—	302	—	8*d.*	—	8	Mar. to April,	10
Rathmullen, .	For local sale,	—	—	80	—	8*d.*	—	2	April to July .	3
Dundalk, . .	For local sale.	—	—	203	—	5*d.* to 9*d.*	By cart, and carried by gatherers.	11	Jan. to July, & Oct. to Dec.	8
		Total, .	1,000	43,425				276		1,319

Belmullet Division.—Cockles are gathered at Elly Bay for home consumption, and the shells are used for making lime.

* These cockles were sold cooked at 2*s.* per gallon.
† Two hundred galloos wore sold cooked at 2*s.* per gallon.

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APPENDIX

PERIWINKLE

(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Coast Guard Division.	Are Periwinkles gathered for export or local sale? (1)	If exported, to what place? (2)	What amount was gathered this year? For export. (3)	For local sale. (4)
				Tons.	Tons.
1	Wexford, .	For export, .	Bristol, Liverpool, and London.	17	—
2	Yonghal, .	do., . .	London, Liverpool, and Bristol.	39¼	—
3	Queenstown, .	For export and local sale.	London, . .	95	14¾
4	Kinsale, .	do., . .	London and Liverpool.	45½	2½
5	Skibbereen, .	For export, .	London, . .	15½	—
6	Castletownbere,	do., . .	do., . .	10¾	—
7	Valentia, .	do., . .	English Markets, .	30½	1½
8	Dingle, . .	do., . .	London, . .	3	—
9	Ballyheige, .	For export and local sale.	London and Liverpool.	22½	6
10	Miltown Malbay,	do., . .	London, . .	48	3½
11	Galway, .	For export, .	Leeds, London, and Manchester.	348¾	—
12	Clifden, . .	do., . .	London, . .	228¼	—
13	Keel, . .	do., . .	Dublin, London, and Liverpool.	226	—
14	Belmullet, .	do., . .	Dublin, London, and Liverpool.	140½	—
15	Ballycastle, (*Killala*), .	For export and local sale.	London, . .	5	1½
16	Pullendiva, .	For export, .	London, Glasgow, and Liverpool.	114¼	—
17	Sligo, . .	do., . .	London, Manchester, and Liverpool.	222¾	—
18	Killybegs, .	do., . .	London, Dublin, Manchester, and Liverpool.	26¼	—
19	Guidore, .	do., . .	London, . .	31½	—
20	Rathmullen, .	do., . .	London and Liverpool.	13½	—
21	Carrickfergus, .	For export and local sale.	London, . .	35¾	3¼
22	Donagbadee, .	do., . .	Liverpool and London.	18	4
23	Strangford, .	For export, .	Liverpool, . .	½	—
24	Newcastle, .	do., . .	London and Liverpool.	19½	—
25	Dundalk, .	do., . .	London, Liverpool, Manchester, and Belfast.	10½	—
26	Malahide, .	For export and local sale.	Liverpool, . .	18	—
			Total, .	1,794½	37

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No. 16.

FISHERY, 1907.

COAST GUARD.)

What was the average price obtained by the gatherers for those exported? (5)	How were they sent to market? (6)	How many people find employment gathering Periwinkles? (7)	During what months was the gathering carried on? (8)	Value. (9.)	Number.
				£	
Average Price taken to be 3s. 6d. per Cwt.	Cart, rail, and steamer, .	32	April to October, .		1
	do., . .	72	January to May, and September to December.		2
	do., . .	82	All the year, . .		3
	Cart, rail, boat, and steamer.	86	January to April and September to Dec.		4
	Rail and steamer, .	20	January to April, and August to Dec.		5
	do., . .	100	March, April, and October.		6
	do., . .	140	All the year, . .		7
	do., . .	10	January to October,		8
	Cart, rail, and steamer, .	60	January to June, and August to December.		9
	do., . .	154	January to June, and August to Dec.		10
	do., . .	590	All the year, . .		11
	do., . .	580	do., . .		12
	do., . .	276	do., . .		13
	do., . .	220	do., . .	6,410	14
	do., . .	29	January to June, and September to Dec.		15
	do., . .	140	All the year, . .		16
	do., . .	117	do., . .		17
	do., . .	16	January to April, and October to Dec.		18
	Rail and steamer, .	25	April to September,		19
	Cart, rail, and steamer,	40	February to Sept., .		20
	do., . .	10	All the year, . .		21
	do., . .	79	do., . .		22
	do., . .	2	January to March, and October and Dec.		23
	do., . .	48	All the year, . .		24
	do., . .	16	do., . .		25
	do., . .	34	do., . .		26
		2,992			

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Appendix No. 17.

LOANS.

The following tables show the transactions in regard to Loans out of the

Sea and Coast Fisheries Fund.

Table No. 1.

Table showing the Loans applied for and recommended out of the £20,000 reserved (in accordance with the Purchase of Land and Congested Districts (Ireland) Act, 1891), from the Sea and Coast Fisheries Fund, for administration in Non-Congested Districts during 1907.

County.	Number of Applications.	Number of Applicants.	Amount of Loans applied for in 1907.	Number of Loans Recommended.	Number of persons to whom Loans Recommended	Amount of Loans Recommended in 1907.	Amount actually issued between 1st January and 31st December, 1907.
			£ s. d.			£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim,	7	11	397 18 0	7	11	398 0 0	358 0 0
Clare,	4	4	23 0 0	4	4	23 0 0	23 0 0
Cork,	9	13	196 10 0	8	12	66 10 0	147 10 0
Donegal,	3	3	22 0 0	3	3	22 0 0	22 0 0
Down,	7	8	584 0 0	7	8	569 0 0	559 0 0
Dublin,	13	14	1,578 0 0	13	14	1,578 0 0	1,474 10 0
Galway,	47	47	955 10 0	44	44	785 10 0	811 0 0
Kerry,	1	1	8 0 0	1	1	8 0 0	22 0 0
Leitrim,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Limerick	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Londonderry,	2	4	126 14 10	2	4	127 0 0	93 10 0
Louth,	2	4	19 8 0	2	4	20 0 0	20 0 0
Mayo,	12	12	88 0 0	12	12	88 0 0	86 0 0
Meath,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sligo,	2	2	31 0 0	2	2	31 10 0	43 10 0
Waterford,	7	14	120 0 0	5	11	90 0 0	90 0 0
Wexford,	4	4	45 0 0	4	4	45 0 0	45 0 0
Wicklow,	9	10	1,665 0 0	8	9	1,605 0 0	664 14 10
Total,	129	151	5,860 0 10	122	143	5,456 10 0	4,464 14 10

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APPENDIX No. 17—*continued.*

SEA AND COAST FISHERIES FUND.

(NON-CONGESTED DISTRICTS).

TABLE No. 2.

STATEMENT by the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, showing the various transactions between 1st January, 1907, and 31st December, 1907, in pursuance of the Act 54 & 55 Vic., cap. 48, Part II., by which the sum of £20,000 was set apart for Loans in Non-Congested Districts.

Counties.	Balance on 31st December, 1906.		Cash received during year 1907.				Expenditure during year 1907.			Balance on 31st December, 1907.	
	Government Stock.	Cash.	Repayments on Loans.	Dividends on Stock.	Miscellaneous (Law Costs, Stamps on Promissory Notes, &c.)	Total.	Advances on Loans for Fishery purposes.	Number of Loans advanced in the year.	Miscellaneous (Law Costs, Stamps on Promissory Notes, &c.)	Government Stock.	Cash.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim,			120 6 1				358 0 0	6			
Clare,			76 9 6				23 0 0	4			
Cork,			335 3 7				147 10 0	13			
Donegal,			75 11 3				22 0 0	3			
Down,			372 15 5				559 0 0	6			
Dublin,			494 10 5				1,474 10 0	12			
Galway,			809 17 11				811 0 0	45			
Kerry,			24 9 4				22 0 0	2			
Limerick,	20,000 0 0	*4,158 13 2	60 7 8	500 0 0	8 1 9	3,637 0 1	—	-	14 5 5	20,000 0 0	3,316 13 0
Londonderry,			135 7 4				98 10 0	3			
Louth,			33 16 10				20 0 0	2			
Mayo,			162 14 5				86 0 0	12			
Meath,			5 19 0				—	-			
Sligo,			51 2 8				43 10 0	3			
Waterford,			94 1 2				90 0 0	5			
Wexford,			81 1 6				45 0 0	4			
Wicklow,			195 4 3				664 14 10	7			
	20,000 0 0	4,158 13 2	3,128 18 4	500 0 0	8 1 9	3,637 0 1	4,464 14 10	127	14 5 5	20,000 0 0	3,316 13 0

* The amount (£4,161 3s. 5d.) appearing in the Report for 1906 represented the balance on the Loan transactions and Dividends only. The difference of £2 10s. 3d. is the amount expended in stamping Promissory Notes outstanding on 31st December 1906

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APPENDIX

(NON-CONGESTED

TABLE

STATEMENT of the Total Amounts Advanced, and the Total Repayments to 31st December, 1907, together with the

COUNTIES.	Total Number of Loans Advanced.	LOANS		
		To 31st December, 1906.	During the year 1907.	Total to 31st December, 1907.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim,	49	1,460 10 6	358 0 0	1,818 10 5
Clare,	135	1,336 0 0	23 0 0	1,359 0 0
Cork,	293	5,841 4 4	147 10 0	5,988 14 4
Donegal,	81	1,264 10 2	22 0 0	1,286 10 2
Down,	55	2,382 4 0	559 0 0	2,041 4 0
Dublin,	53	4,910 7 6	1,474 10 0	0,384 17 0
Galway	437	9,135 7 4	811 0 0	9,946 7 4
Kerry,	57	2,260 11 4	22 0 0	2,282 11 4
Limerick,	15	939 19 4	—	939 19 4
Londonderry,	67	1,883 16 0	98 10 0	1,982 6 0
Louth,	38	481 6 4	20 0 0	501 6 4
Mayo,	648	2,550 14 6	86 0 0	2,036 14 6
Meath,	1	17 0 0	—	17 0 0
Sligo,	82	985 2 0	43 10 0	1,028 12 0
Waterford,	68	1,082 8 10	90 0 0	1,172 8 10
Wexford,	59	814 1 2	45 0 0	859 1 2
Wicklow,	25	1,767 0 0	664 14 10	2,421 14 10
	1,803	39,102 12 9	4,464 14 10	43,567 7 7

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No. 17—*continued.*

DISTRICTS.)

No. 3.

on Open Accounts, the Amounts of Promissory Notes given as Security Balance outstanding and the Amounts in Arrear.

Advanced.			Arrears.		
Promissory Notes given as security for Principal and Interest at 2½ per cent. per annum.	Repayments to 31st December, 1907.	Outstanding Promissory Notes not arrived at maturity.	No. of Loans.	Amount.	Irrecoverable.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1,939 16 4	1,423 8 2	402 13 5	6	53 14 9	—
1,434 19 2	1,247 18 4	148 17 3	6	21 0 7	17 3 0
6,486 5 3	6,029 5 3	442 3 4	4	14 16 8	—
1,363 2 2	1,280 0 7	77 17 2	2	1 11 1	3 7 4
3,171 3 11	2,382 13 5	783 17 0	1	4 13 0	—
6,913 11 10	4,750 17 4	2,128 19 0	2	0 11 0	24 4 6
10,680 0 6	8,709 15 0	1,603 1 11	25	113 15 7	253 8 0
2,409 10 8	2,347 19 3	50 14 0	1	10 6 8	—
1,036 5 0	845 8 10	189 1 2	1	1 15 0	—
2,125 10 4	1,831 4 8	285 18 1	4	8 7 7	—
531 4 6	485 10 4	45 14 2	—	—	—
2,777 13 3	2,560 8 1	208 9 2	5	4 12 0	4 4 0
17 17 0	8 18 0	5 10 0	1	2 10 6	—
1,091 14 4	1,021 18 9	63 2 4	4	5 13 3	—
1,253 6 0	989 4 11	192 4 1	—	—	71 17 0
916 18 6	762 2 4	153 1 2	1	1 15 0	—
2,650 16 8	1,516 2 1	966 15 9	6	167 18 10	—
46,799 5 5	38,193 1 10	7,808 9 3	69	423 10 6	374 8 10

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APPENDIX No. 18.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND.

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
		ALL TRAWLING.
All Trawling.	DUBLIN BAY (10th Oct., 1842.)	Prohibiting Trawling inside lines drawn from the Baily Lighthouse at Howth, to the Easternmost point of the rocks called the "Mugglins"; thence by a straight line to the Southern point of Dalkey Island; thence by a straight line across Dalkey Sound, in the direction of the signal station on Killiney Hill.
	EAST COAST, (14th Feb., 1851.)	Prohibiting Trawling within a line drawn from Dunany Point to Cranfield Point in the County Down. (Remainder of By-law repealed, *see post.*)
	(31st Dec., 1879.)	Repealing so much of the By-law, dated 14th February, 1851, as prohibits Trawling at all times within or to the Westward of the limit formed as follows, namely, by a straight line drawn from the Nose of Howth to the Eastern Point of St. Patrick's Island (Skerries), in the County of Dublin, and from the Eastern Point of St. Patrick's Island (Skerries), in the County of Dublin, to Clogher Head, in the County of Louth, and from said Clogher Head to Dunany Point in the County of Louth; and in lieu thereof prohibiting to use any Trawl Net within the limits named above between the Nose of Howth and Dunany Point, between the 1st of November in each year, and the 1st of May in the year following.
	DUNDRUM BAY, &c. (3rd Dec., 1851.)	Prohibiting Trawling from Hellyhunter Rock, off Cranfield Point, to St. John's Point, both in the County Down.
	BELFAST LOUGH, (20th April, 1894.)	Repealing and rescinding the By-law of 27th November, 1869, and enacting as follows:—
		1. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited at all times in that part of Belfast Lough inside, or to the Westward and Southward of an imaginary line drawn from Whiteabbey (in the County of Antrim), in a S.E. direction to Holywood (in the County of Down).
		2 The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited during the months of January, February, March, April, May, and June, both by day and by night, in that part of the Belfast Lough situated between the following imaginary lines:— a. A straight line from Green Island (in the County of Antrim) to Cultra (in the County of Down). b. A straight line from Whiteabbey (in the County of Antrim) to Holywood (in the County of Down)
		3. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited between the hours of sunset and sunrise during the months of July, August, September, October, November, and December, in that part of the Belfast Lough situated between the following imaginary lines:— a. A straight line from Green Island (in the County of Antrim) to Cultra (in the County of Down). b. A straight line from Whiteabbey (in the County of Antrim) to Holywood (in the County of Down).
		4. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited between the hours of Six o'clock in the Evening, and Six o'clock in the Morning, during the months of December, January, and February, in that part of the Belfast Lough inside, or to the Westward and Southward of a straight line drawn from the Castle of Carrickfergus (in the County of Antrim) to Rockport (in the County of Down).
	LOUGH SWILLY, (County of Donegal.) (3rd November, 1897.)	Prohibiting Trawling in that part of Lough Swilly (County of Donegal), lying inside or to the southward of an imaginary line drawn in a westerly direction from Hawk's Nest Point on the Island of Inch to the Bridge over the conjoined Rivers Ballasallagh and Glenalla.
	INVER BAY, DONEGAL BAY, (16th Feb., 1857.)	Prohibiting Trawling within a straight line from the Bian Rock, to a place called Doorin Point.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.	
DONEGAL BAY, . . (15th Nov., 1870.)	Repealing such part of the By-Law of 16th February, 1857 as prohibits Trawling in that part of Donegal Bay from a place called, on the Ordnance Map of Ireland, "Blind Rock," in the Townland of Drumaneary, to the Northern Point of the Townland of Rossnowlagh Lower, and from thence to Kildoney Point, in the Townland of Kildoney, and from thence to a place called, on the Ordnance Map of Ireland, Pointinohose, near Tynte Lodge, in the Townland of Tullaghan.	All Trawling—*con.*
LACKEN BAY, . . (7th July, 1894.)	Prohibiting Trawling, in Lacken Bay, County Mayo, inside or to the South-west of an imaginary line drawn from Kiloummin Head to Crevagh, all in said County, at all times save during the months of June and July in each year.	
ACHILL ISLAND, . . (24th April, 1897.)	Prohibiting the method of Fishing known as Trawling off that part of the South Shore of Achill Island (County of Mayo), lying inside or to the northward of an imaginary line from Achill Head to Dooega Head.	
GALWAY BAY, . . . (9th Jan., 1854.)	When large shoals of Herrings shall have set in in the Bay, and while Boats are engaged in Drifting for Herrings or Mackerel, and when Boats shall commence Fishing for Herrings or Mackerel, Trawl Boats shall keep at a distance of three miles from them.	
GALWAY BAY, . . . (11th Jan., 1894.)	Prohibiting during the months of January, February, and March, in each year, to use the method of fishing known as Trawling in that part of Galway Bay, inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from the Quay at Barna, in the County of Galway, to the Martello Tower on Finvarra Point, in the County of Clare.	
SEAS ADJACENT TO ARRAN ISLANDS. (1st Oct., 1896.)	Prohibiting Trawling during the months of March, April, and May, in each year, within the distance of two miles seaward of an imaginary line drawn along the line of low water mark of Spring tides on the coast of Inishmore, or North Arran Island; and also within the distance of half a mile seaward of an imaginary line drawn along the line of low water mark of Spring tides on the Coast of Inisheer, or South Arran Island, save and except on that portion of the Western and North Western Coasts of the said Inisheer, or South Arran Island, which extends from Tonfeehny Point to Ballyhee Point.	
BRANDON BAY, . . (23rd Aug., 1860.)	Prohibiting Trawling within a line drawn from Brandon Point to Coosanoa.	
COAST OF THE COUNTY OF KERRY. (13th November, 1897.)	Prohibiting Trawling in Smerwick Harbour, within or to landwards of an imaginary line from Ballydavid Head to East Sister (both in the County of Kerry); except between the Fifteenth day of May and the Fifteenth day of July in each year, both days inclusive.	
COUNTY KERRY, . . (Between Bray Head and Puffin Island.) (9th Sept., 1892.)	Prohibiting at all times, save and except during the months of May and June, in each year, to use the method of Fishing known as Trawling in that part of the Sea off the Coast of County Kerry, inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from Bray Head, Valencia Island, in a Southerly direction to Black Head, the South-western extremity of Puffin Island.	
KENMARE BAY, . . (3rd October, 1906.)	The method of Fishing known as Trawling is prohibited during the months of January, October, November, and December, in each year, in Kenmare Bay, between the following imaginary lines, namely:— *a.* A straight line from Lackeen Point to Boat Cove, both in the County of Kerry. *b.* A straight line from Illaunroe, in the County of Kerry, to Kilcatherine Point, in the County of Cork.	

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
All Trawling—*con.*	BANTRY BAY, (4th June, 1894.)	Repealing and rescinding the By-Laws of 27th March, 1858, and 11th September, 1861, and enacting as follows:— 1. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited at all times in that part of Bantry Bay comprised within a straight line drawn from Crowdy Point, in the Townland of Bocarnagh, Parish of Kilcaskan, and Barony of Bear, to Carrigskye Rock, off the Townland of Ardaturrishmore, in the Barony of Bantry, and from Carrigskye Rock to Reonavanny Point in the Townland of Reonavanny, Parish of Kilmocomoge, and Barony of Bantry, on the north shore of Whiddy Island, and also inside or to the east of the Bar between Whiddy Island and the mainland. 2. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited at all times in that part of Bantry Bay situated between the following imaginary lines:— *a.* A straight line from Piper Point to Na-glos Point. *b.* A straight line from the Perch (at the entrance to Castletown Harbour), to the point of land on Bear Island, adjacent to Sheep Islands.
	NOTE—See following By-Law:—	3. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited between sunset and sunrise in that part of Bantry Bay situated inside or to the North East of an imaginary line from Sheep's Head on the South, to Doonbeg Head on Bear Island, and continued by a line from the point of land on Bear Island, adjacent to Sheep Islands, to the Perch (at the entrance to Castletown Harbour).
	BANTRY BAY, (6th April, 1897.)	Repealing and rescinding the 3rd of the above By-Laws of the 4th June, 1894, and in lieu thereof— Prohibiting the method of Fishing known as Trawling between sunset and ten of the clock in the forenoon of the following day in that part of Bantry Bay situated inside or to the North East of an imaginary line from Sheep's Head on the South, to Doonbeg Head on Bear Island, and continued by a line from the point of land on Bear Island, adjacent to Sheep Islands, to the Perch (at the entrance to Castletown Harbour).
	BANTRY BAY, (7th April, 1897.)	Prohibiting the method of Fishing known as Trawling between ten of the clock in the forenoon, and sunset, in that part of Bantry Bay situated between the following imaginary lines:— (*a.*) A straight line from Coarrid Point to Palmer Point. (*b.*) A straight line from Bull Island to Roancarrig Island and thence to Lonchort Point.
	COAST OF THE COUNTY OF CORK. (7th Nov., 1903.)	Prohibiting to use any Trawl Net at any time—save between eight of the clock in the morning and sunset, during the months of March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, and November, in each year—within or landwards of imaginary straight lines (*a*) to the Beacon on Alderman Rocks, from the point of the mainland nearest thereto, and (*b*) from the Beacon on Alderman Rocks to Castle Point; all in the county of Cork.
	WATERFORD HARBOUR, (15th Dec., 1873.)	Prohibiting Trawling by Boats exceeding ten tons measurement, within a line drawn from Gaultier Cottage, County Waterford, to Broomhill Point, County Wexford.
	WEXFORD COAST, (20th April, 1849.)	1stly—Prohibiting Trawling in all places where there are Boats engaged in Herring or Mackerel Drift Net Fishing; 2ndly, Trawl Boats shall keep at a distance of at least three miles from all Boats fishing for Herrings or Mackerel with Drift Nets; 3rdly, Whenever Herring or Mackerel Boats shall commence Drift Net Fishing in any place, on or off the Coast of Wexford, the Trawl Boats shall depart therefrom, and keep at least three miles distant from the Drift Net Herring or Mackerel Boats.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	STEAM TRAWLING ONLY.
COAST OF COUNTY OF WEXFORD. (30th Nov. 1898.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling off the Coast of the County of Wexford, situated within imaginary straight lines from Hook Head to Coningbeg Light Ship thence to the Barrels Rock Light Ship, thence to the Tuskar Rock Light, thence to the Blackwater Light Ship, and thence to Cahore Point, in the County of Wexford. Steam Trawling
	And repealing the By-law of the 9th day of September, 1890, by which Steam Trawling was prohibited off that part of the Coast of the County of Wexford comprised within the space bounded by imaginary lines drawn from Crossfarnoge Point near Kilmore to the North Point of the Island called North Saltee—and from the Southern Point of the said Island of North Saltee to the North Point of the Island called South Saltee—and from the South Point of the said Island of South Saltee to Coningmore Rock, and from said Coningmore Rock to Coningbeg Light Ship, and from said Coningbeg Light Ship to the Barrels Rock Light—and thence to Carnsoro Point.
COAST OF THE COUNTIES OF CORK, WATERFORD, AND WEXFORD. (10th July, 1897.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling off the Coast of the Counties of Cork, Waterford, and Wexford, situated within an imaginary line from Ballycottin Pier to the Light House on Ballycottin Island, and thence in an easterly direction to Hook Head, in the County of Wexford, and also within the distance of three miles seaward of said imaginary line. And also repealing and rescinding the By-law of the 19th day of December, 1890, by which Steam Trawling was prohibited in that part of Waterford Harbour, lying to the northward of an imaginary line drawn from Gaultier Cottage in the County of Waterford, to Broomhill Point in the County of Wexford—this area being included in the area set forth in the foregoing By-law.
COAST OF THE COUNTY OF CORK. (20th November, 1897.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling off that part of the Coast of the County of Cork, situated within or landwards of the following imaginary lines, namely:— *a.* From Sheep's Head to Three Castle Head, both in the County of Cork. *b.* From Mizen Head in the County of Cork, to the Fastnet Rock; thence to the Stags of Castlehaven; and thence to Galley Head in the County of Cork. And also prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling off that part of the Coast of the County of Cork, situated within or to landwards of, and also within a distance of three miles seaward of, the following imaginary line, namely:— A line from Galley Head to Seven Heads, thence to the Old Head of Kinsale, and thence to Ballycottin Light House—all in the County of Cork.
BANTRY BAY, (5th April, 1897.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, of more than twenty tons nett register, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling, in Bantry Bay inside an imaginary line from Crow Head to Sheep's Head, both in the County of Cork.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Steam Trawling—*con.*	COAST OF THE COUNTIES OF KERRY AND CORK. (23rd December, 1903.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling between sunset and sunrise during the months of April, May, and June in each year in the following area, namely:— Within or landwards of imaginary straight lines extending from Dunmore Head, in the County of Kerry, to the most westerly point of the Great Blasket Island; thence to the Great Foze Rock; thence to the Lighthouse on the Great Skellig; thence to the Lighthouse on the Bull Rock; thence to Dursey Head (on Dursey Island); and thence to Crow Head, in the County of Cork.
	KENMARE BAY, . . (5th July, 1897.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling in Kenmare Bay, within imaginary lines from Hogs Head to the outermost point of Scariff Island, in the County of Kerry, thence to Dursey Head (on Dursey Island), and thence to Crow Head, in the County of Cork.
	COUNTY KERRY, . . (Between Bray Head and Puffin Island). (9th Sept., 1892.) (See following By-Law.)	Prohibiting at all times, to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Trawling, in that part of the Sea off the Coast of County Kerry, inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from Bray Head, Valencia Island, in a Southerly direction to Black Head, the South-Western extremity of Puffin Island.
	COAST OF THE COUNTY OF KERRY. (13th Nov., 1897.)	1. Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Beam Trawling or other trawling in Smerwick Harbour within or to landwards of an imaginary line from Ballydavid Head to East Sister (both in the County of Kerry), between the 15th day of May and the 16th day of July in each year, both days inclusive. 2. Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling within or to the landwards of the following imaginary lines, namely:— From Dunmore Head to the Great Blasket Island, and from the most westerly point of the latter to Lemon Rock and thence to Scariff Island, all in the County of Kerry.
	GALWAY BAY, . . (14th Dec., 1891.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Trawling, in Galway Bay, Counties Galway and Clare, inside or to the East of imaginary lines drawn from Hag's Head in the County of Clare, to Eeragh Island, at the North-Westerly point of Innishmore or North Arran Island, and thence to Golam Head in the County of Galway.
	CLEGGAN BAY . . (County Galway.) (24th July, 1895.)	Prohibiting during the months of January, February, March, April, May, and June in each year, Steam Trawling in Cleggan Bay, County of Galway, within or to the Southward of an imaginary line drawn from the most Northerly part of Cloggan Point in the County of Galway, to Roeillaun Island, and thence in a South-easterly direction to the nearest point of the mainland of the County of Galway.
	CLEW BAY, . (18th Nov., 1897.)	Repealing the By-law dated 30th June, 1892, which prohibited during the months of January, February, March, and April, in each year, to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Trawling, in Clew Bay, County of Mayo, inside or to the Eastward of imaginary lines drawn from Achilbeg in the County of Mayo, to the Light House on Clare Island, and from Kinnacorra Point in Clare Island, to Roonagh Head in the County of Mayo. And in lieu thereof prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Beam Trawling or other trawling in Clew Bay, County of Mayo, inside or to the Eastward of imaginary lines drawn from Achilbeg, in the County of Mayo, to the Light House on Clare Island, and from Kinnacorra Point in Clare Island, to Roonagh Head in the County of Mayo.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.	
BLACKSOD BAY (23rd July, 1896.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling in Blacksod Bay, inside or to the Eastward of imaginary straight lines drawn from Achill Head in the County of Mayo, to Turduvillann, and thence through the group of Islands of which Duvillaun-more is the chief, to Blacksod Point on the Mullet, County of Mayo.	Steam Trawling—*con.*
LACKEN BAY, (County of Mayo.) (7th March, 1891.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling in Lacken Bay, County Mayo, inside or to the South-west of an imaginary line drawn from Kilcummin Head to Crevagh, all in said County.	
KILLALA BAY, (Counties of Mayo and Sligo.) (7th March, 1891.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling in any part of Killala Bay, at any time when large shoals of Herrings or Mackerel shall have set in, and while Boats are at such time engaged in Drift Net Fishing for taking of Herrings or Mackerel.	
(2nd August, 1894.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling in that part of Killala Bay lying inside or to the Southward of an imaginary line drawn from the Coast Guard Station at Kilcummin, in the County of Mayo, to the Coast Guard Station at Inniscrone, in the County of Sligo, between the 1st day of August in any year, and the 1st day of May in the year following.	
DONEGAL BAY, (14th March, 1895.)	First.—Prohibiting at all times Steam Trawling in that part of Donegal Bay lying inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from the Light House on St. John's Point, in the County of Donegal, to the Watch House at the Coast Guard Station at Mullaghmore, in the County of Sligo. Second.—Prohibiting during the months of January, February, September, October, November, and December in each year, Steam Trawling in that part of Donegal Bay lying inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from the Watch House at the Coast Guard Station at Teelin in the County of Donegal, to the Western point of the Island of Inishmurray, and thence to Streedagh Point in the County of Sligo.	
TORY ISLAND and the adjacent part of the Coast of the COUNTY OF DONEGAL. (11th September, 1907.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling in the following areas, which are hereby defined, namely:— (1.) An area around Tory Island, County Donegal, bounded landwards by the line of low water mark on the shores of said Island, and bounded seawards by a line around said Island drawn three geographical miles from said line of low water mark on the shores of said Island. (2.) An area off the Coast of the County of Donegal, bounded by straight lines drawn from Horn Head in the County of Donegal, to the nearest point of Tory Island, and from the Light House on Tory Island to the Bloody Foreland.	
SHEEPHAVEN BAY (County of Donegal). (3rd April, 1891.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling in that part of Sheephaven Bay, inside or to the Southward of an imaginary line drawn from Horn Head to Rinnafagla, otherwise Dooey Point, at any time when large shoals of Herrings or Mackerel shall have set in, and while Boats are at such time engaged in Drift Net Fishing for Herrings or Mackerel.	
(2nd July, 1894.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling in that part of Sheephaven Bay, lying inside or to the Southward of an imaginary line drawn from Breaghey Head to Rinnafagla, otherwise Dooey Point, both in the County of Donegal.	
COUNTY ANTRIM, (7th January, 1908.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling in the following area, which is hereby defined, namely:— An area off the Coast of the County of Antrim, bounded by an imaginary straight line from Bengore Head in the County of Antrim, to the most westerly point of Rathlin Island; and by said Rathlin Island; and by an imaginary straight line from the Light House on said Rathlin Island to Tor Point in the County of Antrim; and by that part of the mainland of the County of Antrim situated between Tor Point and Bengore Head.	
COASTS OF ANTRIM, LONDONDERRY AND DONEGAL. (3rd November, 1905.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling off that part of the Coasts of the Counties of Antrim, Londonderry, and Donegal, comprised within the space bounded to seaward by an imaginary line drawn from Bengore Head in the County of Antrim in a westerly direction to Dunagree Point in the County of Donegal, and bounded landward by the shores of the respective Counties, and an imaginary line drawn across the mouth of Lough Foyle from Magilligan Point to Greencastle Pier.	

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Steam Trawling—*con.*	COAST OF COUNTY DOWN, (10th Sept., 1896.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling within the distance of three miles seaward of an imaginary straight line drawn from St. John's Point to Ringfad Point, and thence to Phennick Point; and of a line drawn thence along the line of low water mark of Spring tides to the Northernmost point of Gun's Island, all in the County of Down.
	PARTS OF EAST COAST, (25th Nov., 1902.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling in the following areas:— 1. An area off the coasts of the Counties of Dublin, Meath, Louth, and Down, bounded landward by the shores of the said Counties of Dublin, Meath, Louth and Down; and bounded seaward by imaginary straight lines from the Nose of Howth to the most easterly point of Lambay Island; thence to the Light on Rockabill; thence to the Lighthouse on Skerries Pier; and thence to Cranfield Point, in the County of Down. 2. An area off the coasts of the Counties of Louth and Down, bounded landward by the shores of the said Counties of Louth and Down; and bounded seaward by an imaginary straight line from Clogher Head, in the County of Louth, to St. John's Point, in the County of Down.
		TRAMMEL NETS.
Trammel Nets.	DUBLIN BAY, (23rd Feb., 1895.)	First—Permitting to use between sunrise and sunset, Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish in any part of the Bay of Dublin, within or to the Westward of the limit formed as follows, namely, by a straight line from the Baily Light House at Howth, to the Easternmost point of the Rocks called the Muggins; thence by a straight line to the Southern point of Dalkey Island; thence by a straight line across Dalkey Sound, to Sorrento Point. Second—Prohibiting the use of any Trammel Net in any part of the Bay of Dublin, within or to the Westward of the limit described in the foregoing either between sunset and sunrise, or between sunrise and sunset, of a greater depth than six feet, measured from the foot rope to the cork rope, when the Net is mounted ready for fishing.
	DUNGARVAN BAY, (4th July, 1849.)	Prohibiting the use of Trammel and every other Fixed or Moored Net (except Bag or other Nets for the taking of Salmon) in Dungarvan Bay, within the limit formed as follows, namely, the space lying between a line passing due East and West, through the Northernmost point of Helvick Head, and a line passing due East and West through the Southernmost point of Ballinacourty Head, in the Co. Waterford; but to the North and East of the line through Ballinacourty Head, and to the South and West of the line through Helvick Head, such Trammel or Moored Nets may be set, and remain set in the water from Three o'clock p.m., of one day, until nine o'clock, a.m., in the following day, during January, March, October, November, and December in each Year; and from Five o'clock, p.m., of one day, to Seven o'clock, a.m., in the following day, during May, June, July, August, and September. Also prohibiting such nets athwart or within 200 yards of any boat, which at the time of setting such Net shall be moored, and the Crew thereof engaged in Line Fishing; and to every train of such Trammel or Moored Nets shall be attached at least one floating buoy or board, upon which shall be painted in legible characters not less than one inch in length, in white upon a black ground, the Letter of the District and the name of the Owner to which such Net belongs.
	BALLYCOTTIN BAY, (16th February, 1897.)	Repealing By-law of 13th April, 1889, and in lieu thereof permitting the use of Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish in that part of Ballycottin Bay outside an imaginary line drawn one-quarter of a mile from and parallel to low water mark of ordinary Spring Tides, and inside an imaginary line drawn from Knockadoon Head to the Lighthouse on Ballycottin Island, and thence to Ballycottin Pier, between sunrise and sunset.
	Do., (9th May, 1903.)	Repealing so much of the By-Laws dated 16th February, 1897, as permitted the use of Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish between sunrise and sunset in that part of Ballycottin Bay outside an imaginary line drawn one-quarter of a mile from and parallel to low water mark of ordinary Spring Tides, and inside an imaginary line drawn from Knockadoon Head to the Lighthouse on Ballycottin Island and thence to Ballycottin Pier.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
BALLYCOTTIN BAY—*con.* (9th May, 1903.)	And in lieu thereof: Trammel Nets—*con.* 1. Permitting to use Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish between sunrise and sunset during the months of January, February, March, September, October, November, and December, in each year, in Ballycottin Bay—by which is meant, for the purposes of this By-Law, that portion of the Sea inside or landward of imaginary straight lines from the point of the mainland nearest Ballycottin Lighthouse to Ballycottin Lighthouse; thence to the old Telegraph Tower on Knockadoon Head. 2. Permitting to use Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish between sunrise and sunset during the months of April, May, June, July, and August, in each year, in said Ballycottin Bay (as above described), except in those portions thereof which are mentioned in the following By-Law (No 3). 3. Prohibiting to use any Trammel Net for the capture of Sea Fish between sunset and sunrise during the months of April, May, June, July, and August, in each year, in the following two portions of said Ballycottin Bay (as above described):— (*a.*) That portion lying within or landwards of an imaginary straight line from the point of the mainland nearest Ballycottin Lighthouse to the said Lighthouse, and an imaginary straight line from the said Lighthouse to Kilmahon Church. (*b.*) That portion lying within or landwards of an imaginary straight line from the Roman Catholic Church at Ballycottin to Ballycrenane Castle.
OLD HEAD AND FLAT HEAD, KINSALE. (1st April, 1887.)	Prohibiting to set or use off or to the southward of any part of the coast of the County Cork, between the Old Head of Kinsale and Flat Head, any Trammel Net within 250 yards of any boat which at time of setting such Net shall be moored, and crew thereof engaged in line fishing.
BANTRY BAY, (27th August, 1887.)	Permitting use of Trammel Nets in Bantry Bay, County Cork, during months of October, November, December, January, February, and March, between sunrise and ten o'clock in the forenoon, and between three o'clock in the afternoon and sunset, and during months of April, May, June, July, August, and September, between sunrise and seven o'clock in the forenoon, and between five o'clock in the afternoon and sunset.
KENMARE RIVER ESTUARY, (31st Dec., 1864.)	Permitting within the Estuary of the Kenmare River, in the County of Kerry, and eastward of a line drawn from the western point of Lamb's Head to the western point of Cod's Head, the use of Trammel and other Moored Nets for the capture of Sea Fish, from the hour of Three o'clock in the Afternoon of any one day to the hour of Nine o'clock in the Morning of the day next following, during the months of October, November, December, January, February, and March, in each year; and from the hour of Five o'clock in the Afternoon of any one day to the hour of Seven o'clock in the Morning of the day following, during the months of April, May, June, July, August, and September.
COAST OF CO. GALWAY, (10th Feb., 1905.)	1. Prohibiting the use of Trammel Nets for the capture of sea fish between sunset and sunrise in the area within or landwards of (*a*) imaginary straight lines across Greatman's Bay from Salt-house Point to the southern extremity of Eragh Island, thence to the seaward extremity of Maumeen Quay; (*b*) an imaginary straight line across Deraght Pass at its narrowest part; (*c*) an imaginary straight line across Kilkieran Bay from Inchagbaun Point on Lettermore Island to Kilkieran Point.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Trammel Nets—*con.*	COAST OF CO. GALWAY—*con.* (10th Feb., 1905.)	2. Prohibiting the use of Trammel Nets for the capture of sea fish between sunset and sunrise in the area within or landwards of imaginary straight lines (*a*) from Ardmore Point to the most northerly point on Finish; (*b*) from the most northerly point on Finish to the Well of the Seven Daughters on Mweenish; and (*c*) from West Point on Mweenish to the Pier in Ard West Harbour.
		3. Prohibiting the use of Trammel Nets for the capture of sea fish between sunset and sunrise in the area within or landwards of imaginary straight lines (*a*) from the point on the mainland nearest to Carrickleagh Rock in Bertraghboy Bay to Salt Point; (*b*) from Salt Point to the most southerly point on Inishnee; and (*c*) across Roundstone Bay from the point on Inishnee nearest to the Church of the Franciscan Monastery near Roundstone, to the said Church.
		4. Prohibiting the use of Trammel Nets for the capture of sea fish between sunset and sunrise within half a mile in any direction from the bridge across Kiggaal Pass.
		5. Permitting the use of Trammel Nets between sunrise and sunset in the following area: (*a*) within or landwards of imaginary straight lines from Keeraun Point to the most southerly point on Longhcarrick Island, thence to Golam Head, thence to Skirdmore Rock, and thence to Murvey Point—except in the areas specified in By-laws Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4; (*b*) within a distance of one mile seaward of imaginary straight lines from Keeraun Point to the most southerly point on Longhcarrick Island, and thence to Golam Head.
	INVER BAY, (24th Feb., 1860.)	Prohibiting the use of Trammel Nets within or to the North-east of a line drawn from the Mouth of the Bunlaghy River to Doorin Point.
	DUNDALK BAY, (25th March, 1899.)	Authorizing the use, between sunrise and sunset, from the 14th day of March to the 14th day of August in each year, both said days inclusive, of Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish in any part of the Bay of Dundalk, within or to the Westward of the limit formed as follows, namely by a straight line from Dunany Point to Ballaghan Point (both in the County of Louth).
	Do. (3rd June, 1899.)	Prohibiting the use of Trammel Nets in Dundalk Bay (between Dunany Point and Ballaghan Point) between the 15th day of August and the 30th day of September in each year, both said days inclusive.
General.	DROGHEDA & DUNDALK DISTRICTS (East Coast). (8th Oct., 1881.)	GENERAL. Repealing By-law, dated 22nd October, 1873, and in lieu thereof enacting the following By-laws, Rules, and Regulations:— First.—The use, for the Capture of White Sea Fish, of Nets commonly called and known as Draw or Wade Nets, having Meshes of less dimensions than Three and One-half Inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or Fourteen Inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements to be taken in the clear when the Net is wet), is hereby prohibited on that part of the Sea Coast and in the Tidal parts of all Rivers flowing into the Sea, situated between Ballywalter, opposite Newtown House, and the Mouth of the Annagassan River, both in the County Louth.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
DROGHEDA & DUNDALK DISTRICTS (East Coast)—*con.* (8th Oct., 1881.)	Second.—The use, for the Capture of White Sea Fish, of General—*con.* Nets commonly called or known as Draw or Wade Nets, of greater length than Fifty yards, or of greater depth than Forty Meshes, or having Meshes of less dimensions than One and Three-quarter Inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or Seven Inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements to be taken in the clear when the Net is wet), is hereby prohibited on that part of the Sea Coast and in the Tidal parts of all Rivers flowing into the Sea, situated between Ben Head, in the County Meath and Ballywalter, opposite Newtown House, in the County Louth.
	Third.—The use of nets, commonly called and known as Draw or Wade Nets, is hereby prohibited during the *Annual Close Season for Salmon and Trout,* on that part of the Coast situated within a distance of a quarter of a statute mile from the Bar at the mouth of the River Boyne, such distance to be measured along the Coast from each side of said River.
DUNDALK DISTRICT, STRANGFORD LOUGH. (1st Dec., 1873.)	Prohibiting use of Poke Nets for capture of Fish inside a line drawn across Lough Strangford, from Mullog Point on the west to Ballyquintin Point on the east, between the last day of January and first day of November in each year.
DUNDRUM BAY, . . . (31st Oct., 1898.)	Prohibiting to use Nets commonly called and known as Ground Seines or Tuck Nets hauled by steam power for the capture of sea fish in Dundrum Bay, off the Coast of the County of Down, between St. John's Point and Mullartown Point.
BELFAST LOUGH, . . . (25th Sept., 1893.)	Prohibiting to use for the capture of Fish in Belfast Lough, Nets of the description commonly called and known as Poke Nets.
SEA COAST, COUNTIES ANTRIM, LONDONDERRY, and DONEGAL, between Ramore Head and Malinmore. (7th November, 1904.)	Prohibiting to have Drift Nets for the capture of Herrings, fastened together so as to form a train ready for fishing, on board any fishing vessel during the month of April in each year, within three geographical miles of any part of the Coasts of the Counties of Antrim, Londonderry, and Donegal, between Ramore Head in the County of Antrim, and Malinmore or Teelin Head in the County of Donegal.
SEA COAST between Inishowen Head, Co. DONEGAL, and Macgilligan Point, Co. LONDONDERRY (including Lough Foyle.) (19th August, 1895.)	First.—Prohibiting the use of nets commonly called and known as Draw or Wade Nets or any other description of Draft Nets for the capture of White Sea Fish on that part of the Sea Coast between Inishowen Head, County Donegal, and Macgilligan Point, County Londonderry (including Lough Foyle), and in all tidal parts of Rivers flowing into the Sea between said points; but this By-Law is not to be construed to prohibit the use of legal draft nets for the capture of Salmon.
	Second.—Prohibiting to have in possession, or in any boat, for the purpose of taking any White Sea Fish on that part of the Coast between Inishowen Head, County Donegal, and Macgilligan Point, County Londonderry (including Lough Foyle), or in the tidal portions of any Rivers flowing into the Sea between those points, or in any part of the Sea between said points, any Draw or Wade Net or any other description of Draft Net, save and except legal Draft Nets for the capture of Salmon during the period in which it is now legal to have such draft nets for the capture of Salmon, on board any boat in that part of the Sea Coast above mentioned.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
General—*con.*	SEA COAST, COUNTY DONEGAL, (30th Jan., 1874.)	Prohibiting use of Draw or Wade Nets for capture of Fish between Dunaff Head and Dunmore Head, and tidal parts of rivers flowing into the sea between said points and around the shores of Inishtrahull.
	SEA COAST (between Dunaff Head and Dunmore Head), COUNTY DONEGAL, (2nd September, 1886.)	First.—Prohibiting the use of Draw or Wade Nets or any other description of Draft Nets for the capture of White Sea Fish, save legal Draft Nets having meshes of at least one and three-quarter inches from knot to knot, or seven inches in the round, used for the capture of salmon, between Dunaff Head and Dunmore Head, and tidal parts of rivers flowing into the sea between said points and around the shores of Inishtrahull, or any other islands off said coast. Second.—Prohibiting having in possession, or in any boat, for the purpose of taking any White Sea Fish, any Draw or Wade Net, or any other description of Draft Net, save legal Draft Nets for the capture of salmon, on that part of the coast between Dunaff Head and Dunmore Head, and tidal parts of rivers flowing into the sea, between said points and around the shores of Inishtrahull, or any other islands off said coast, or in any part of the sea between said points or off said islands.
	SEA COAST, COUNTY DONEGAL, (4th May, 1906.)	1. Prohibiting to use between sunrise and sunset any net commonly called and known as a "Ring" or "Seine" net, or to use any net in the manner in which a "Ring" net is used, for the capture of sea fish, in the sea off that part of the coast of the County of Donegal extending from Bloody Foreland to Dawros Head; provided always that this By-law shall not apply during the months of November and December in each year to Trawenagh Bay (inside or to the eastwards of an imaginary straight line from Doocy Point to Falchorrib Point.) 2. Prohibiting to use for the capture of sea fish any net with a mesh of less dimensions than one inch from knot to knot, or four inches in the round (measured when the net is wet), in the sea off that part of the coast of the County Donegal, extending from Bloody Foreland to Rossan Point.
	SHEEPHAVEN, (19th July, 1898.)	Prohibiting to use between sunrise and sunset any Draft or Seine Net, or any Net commonly called and known as a "Ring" Net, for the capture of Herrings in Sheephaven, inside or to the south of a line from Horn Head to Rinnafagla Point.
	DONEGAL BAY, (21st April, 1874.)	Repealing By-law of 24th February, 1860, prohibiting use of Nets with Meshes less than one inch for capture of fish of any kind on that part of the coast of the County Donegal inside or to the north-east and north of lines drawn from Rossan Point to Teelin Head, and from Teelin Head to Carrigan Head, and from Carrigan Head to Muckross Point, all in the Barony of Bannagh and County of Donegal.
	Do., (30th Nov., 1898.)	Prohibiting to use Nets commonly called and known as Ground Seines or Tuck Nets hauled by steam power for the capture of sea fish in Donegal Bay, inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from the Watch House at the Coast Guard Station at Teelin, in the County of Donegal, to the Western point of the Island of Inishmurray, and thence to Streedagh Point in the County of Sligo.
	VICINITY OF MOUTHS OF THE ERRIFF AND BUNDORRAGHA RIVERS. (4th May, 1906.)	Prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of Sea Fish during the months of July, August, and September in each year, inside the mouths of the Rivers Erriff and Bundorragha (as those mouths were respectively defined by the Special Commissioners for Irish Fisheries on the 25th day of April, 1865); and also within half-a-mile seawards of the said defined mouths during the same months.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
FERTA OR VALENTIA RIVER AND ESTUARY. (19th Dec., 1896.)	Prohibiting to use any net for the capture of Coarse Fish (that is, Fish not Salmon and Trout), in the Ferta or Valentia River and also in that part of the Estuary of the said Ferta or Valentia River within or to the Northeast of an imaginary straight line drawn from Light Point across the Estuary at right angles with the main current of the stream, during the Weekly Close Season for Salmon and Trout, and also during the Annual Close Season as now fixed, or may hereafter be fixed, as that in which the capture of Salmon and Trout by Nets is prohibited in said River, and in said part of said Estuary. General—*con.*
ESTUARY OF THE RIVERS MAINE, LAUNE, CARAGH, AND BEHY. (19th Dec., 1896.)	1. Prohibiting to use for the capture of fish in the common Estuary of the Rivers Maine, Laune, Caragh, and Behy or Rossbehy, any Net of the description commonly called and known as a "Pusher" Net, the meshes of which shall be more than two and three-quarter inches from knot to knot, or eleven inches in the round (such measurements to be taken in the clear when the net is wet). 2. Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, in or on the Banks of the said common Estuary of the Rivers Maine, Laune, Caragh, and Behy or Rossbehy, or in or on any boat, cot, curragh, or other vessel in said common Estuary, any Net of the description commonly called and known as a "Pusher" Net, the meshes of which shall be more than two and three-quarter inches from knot to knot, or eleven inches in the round (such measurements to be taken in the clear when the net is wet).
BALLINSKELLIGS BAY, . . (7th October, 1884.)	Prohibiting the throwing into the sea any stones or other matter, or thing, whereby the taking of fish may be impeded or whereby Nets or other Fishing Gear may be injured.
COURTMACSHERRY BAY, . (30th June, 1896.),	Prohibiting to use any Net, save Nets duly licensed and legally used for the capture of Salmon and Trout, and save also Sprat Nets, and Draft Nets for Herrings, in that part of Courtmacsherry Bay, inside or to the Northward of an imaginary line drawn from Coolmain Point to Land Point, both in the County of Cork.
RIVER BANDON, ... (5th Feb., 1897.)	Prohibiting to use any Sprat Net in that part of the River Bandon, situated above the Western or Iron Bridge at Kinsale.
Do., ... (6th Feb., 1897.)	Prohibiting to use any Sprat Net during the annual and weekly Close Seasons for Salmon and Trout, in that part of the River Bandon, inside the defined mouth thereof, in which the use of Sprat Nets is not otherwise prohibited.
Do., ... (10th Jan., 1898.)	Prohibiting to use any Net save Salmon Nets and Landing Nets used as auxiliary to fishing legally with Rod and Line in that part of the River Bandon, situated between lines drawn across the said River, from Ballywilliam Point to Ballyhander Creek, and from the Stream on the east side of said River, dividing the Townlands of Coolmoreen and Skanagore, to the Stream on the opposite Shore dividing the Townlands of Dromkeen and Knockroe.
ARDMORE BAY, ... (12th Nov., 1897.)	Prohibiting to use any drift net, save a drift net duly licensed and legally used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in Ardmore Bay, County of Waterford, within or to the north-west of an imaginary line from Ardmore Head to Mine Head.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
General—*con.*	WATERFORD HARBOUR, (20th Oct., 1900.)	Permitting to use Drift Nets for the capture of Herrings, between twelve of the clock, noon, and sunset, during the months of September, October, November, and December, in each year, within the limits bounded by the following imaginary lines, that is to say:—on the South an imaginary straight line from Hook Tower, in the County of Wexford, to the Light House at Dunmore East, in the County of Waterford; and on the North, an imaginary straight line across the River Barrow at the Bridge at New Ross, and an imaginary straight line across the River Suir at the Bridge in the City of Waterford.
	RIVER SLANEY and TRIBUTARIES. (13th April, 1899.)	1. Prohibiting to use any Drift Net in the River Slaney and its Tributaries inside the defined mouth thereof. (Repealed, see By-Law of 2nd Dec., 1902.)
		2. Repealing the By-Law dated 25th March, 1854 (prohibiting the use of Nets of any kind in the River Slaney between Ferry Carrig Bridge and the Town of Enniscorthy, during the Close Season for Salmon), and in lieu thereof prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of any kind of Fish in the River Slaney and its Tributaries above Wexford Bridge, during the Annual Close Season for the capture of Salmon and Trout by Nets in said part of said River and Tributaries.
		3. Prohibiting to beat the waters of the River Slaney and its Tributaries below or seawards of Enniscorthy Bridge, with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.
	Do. (2nd December, 1902.)	Repealing No. 1 of the By-Laws of the 13th day of April, 1899; and enacting the following By-Law:
		It is hereby prohibited to use drift nets in the River Slaney inside the defined mouth thereof, with the following exceptions, namely:—drift nets with meshes not exceeding one and a quarter inches from knot to knot, or five inches in the round (measured when the net is wet) if used for the capture of herrings during the months of October, November, and December in each year, within that part of the above prohibited area which lies between the following imaginary lines:—
		(*a.*) On the east, straight lines from Raven Point to Molly's Buoy, from Molly's Buoy to M'Guire's Buoy, from M'Guire's Buoy to Cull Buoy, and from Cull Buoy to the Wharf on the Townland of Rosslare-fort.
		(*b.*) On the west, a straight line from the Patent Slip in the Dockyard of the Town of Wexford, drawn in a north-easterly direction to the Stone Beacon on the Training Wall, and thence a line following the line of the said Training Wall, to the point where it abuts the land.
		OYSTERS.
Oysters.	SOUTH-EAST COAST of IRELAND, from WICKLOW HEAD to CARNSORE POINT. (1st Sept., 1868.)	The Close Time, during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oysters or Oyster Brood, on or off the South-east coast of Ireland, between Wicklow Head and Carnsore Point, shall be between the 30th April and the 1st September in each year.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
COASTS of DUBLIN, WICKLOW, and WEXFORD. (23rd April, 1869.) Approved by Her Majesty in Council, 29th April, 1869.	Prohibiting between the 30th April and 1st September in each year the dredging for, taking, catching, or destroying any Oyster or Oyster Brood on or off any part of the East and South-East Coast of Ireland, within the distance of Twenty Miles measured from a straight line drawn from the Eastern point of Lambay Island, in the County Dublin, to Carnsore Point, in the County Wexford, outside the exclusive Fishery Limits of the British Islands. Oysters—*con.*
DUBLIN BAY, (16th March, 1886.)	Permitting to dredge for, take, or have in possession American and Portuguese Oysters, in that part of Dublin Bay, in the County of Dublin, known as the Clontarf Oyster Bede adjacent to the Townland of Gresnlanes, Parish of Clontarf, and Barony of Coolock, during the Close Season for Oysters in said Dublin Bay.
Do.	Permitting to dredge for, take, or have in possession American and Portuguese Oysters, in that part of Dublin Bay, in the County of Dublin, known as the Sutton Creek Oyster Beds, adjacent to the Townland of Sutton North, Parish of Howth, and Barony of Coolock, during the Close Season for Oysters in said Dublin Bay.
SOUTH-EAST COAST, between Wicklow Head and Raven Point. (30th Oct., 1880.)	All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters on the Coast of the Counties of Wicklow and Wexford, between Wicklow Head and Raven Point, shall, immediately on any Oysters being taken, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than two inches at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such fishing; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed within the limits aforesaid, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, or shore of said Coast between the limits aforesaid, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, knowing the same to have been taken within the limits aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
WEXFORD COAST, (8th April, 1862.)	First.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters off the Wexford Coast, south of Raven Point, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches, at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any Oyster Bed, Rock, Strand, or Shore, off said Wexford Coast, south of Raven Point, any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches, at the greatest diameter thereof; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons are prohibited from throwing into the Sea, on any Oyster Bed, or Oyster Fishing Ground off the Wexford Coast, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters—*con.*	CORK HARBOUR, . . . (29th Feb., 1876.)	First.—Between the 1st day of May and the 1st day of September in any year, no boat shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the periods aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat in Cork Harbour and the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and shall immediately throw back into the water all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, bed, or shore of Cork Harbour and the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof; nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody, or possession, any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence forfeit and pay a sum of Five Pounds. Third.—All persons are prohibited from throwing into the Water, on any Oyster Bed or Oyster Fishing Ground in Cork Harbour or the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Fourth.—No person shall, between Sunset and Sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch any Oysters in Cork Harbour or the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Five Pounds.
	Do., ... (25th Aug., 1899.)	1. Permitting to use for the taking of Oysters in Cork Harbour and the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, the instrument commonly called and known as the Dredge during the following period, namely, from the 1st day of May to the 14th day of June (both days inclusive), in each year. 2. Prohibiting to use for the taking of Oysters in the said Cork Harbour and the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, the instrument commonly called and known as the Dredge during the following period, namely, from the 1st day of September to the 14th day of October (both days inclusive), in each year.
	KINSALE HARBOUR and BANDON RIVER. (22nd August, 1872.)	All persons fishing for or taking Oysters in any part of the Fishing Grounds or Oyster Beds situated in Kinsale Harbour and Bandon River, in the County of Cork, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught, and shall not remove from such Fishing Grounds or Oyster Beds any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof, but shall immediately throw back into the water all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
	LOUGH MAHON, Co. CORK, (7th January, 1887.)	Permitting to take, dredge for, or have in possession American, Portuguese, French, or other foreign Oysters, in that part of Lough Mahon known as the Carrigrenan Oyster Beds from 1st May to 31st August.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
TRALEE BAY, . . . (7th Aug., 1872.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oysters or Oyster Brood within Tralee Bay, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof shall be between the 10th day of March and the 1st day of November in each year. Oysters—*con.*
TRALEE BAY, . . . (29th Feb., 1876.)	First.—During the Close Season for Oysters in the Bay of Tralee, no boat, in the Bay of Tralee, shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, during the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in the Bay of Tralee, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the Sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, or shore of the Bay of Tralee, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof; nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession, any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
TRALEE BAY, . . . (29th July, 1907.)	Prohibiting to dredge for, take, catch, or pick any oyster on or from the Public or Natural Oyster Beds in Tralee Bay inside or to the eastward of an imaginary straight line from Derrymore Point on the South, in a north-easterly direction, to the house known as "Sea View," on the northern shore of the said Tralee Bay, save and except between the 10th day of February and the 10th day of March in each year, both said days inclusive.
RIVER SHANNON, &c., . (29th Feb., 1876.)	First.—During the Close Season for Oysters, which is between the 1st May and 1st September in the River Shannon, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, no boat, in the River Shannon, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters and if, during the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in the River Shannon, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught, and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the water all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any Rock, Strand, or Shore of the River Shannon, or of any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters—*con.*	RIVER SHANNON, &c.—*con.*	Third.—All persons are hereby prohibited from throwing into the water, on any Oyster Bed or Oyster Fishing Ground in the River Shannon, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof as aforesaid, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Fourth.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within the River Shannon, or within any of the Bays or Inlets thereof as aforesaid; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
	GALWAY BAY, . . . (13th August, 1877.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever any Oysters or Oyster Brood on or off the Public or Natural Oyster Beds within Galway Bay, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, shall be between the 1st day of January and the 30th day of November in each year, both said days inclusive.
	GALWAY BAY, . (21st June, 1905.)	Prohibiting to dredge for, take, catch, or pick any oyster on or from such part of the Public or Natural Oyster Beds that exist either in Galway Bay or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, as may be defined and marked out, visibly and locally, by the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, and during such period as may from time to time be fixed by the said Department—with the object of the laying down or propagation or preservation of oysters by the said Department on said defined part and during said period—provided always that the said Department shall, at least one month before the date of the commencement of the Open Season for the fishing for and taking of Oysters on or from the said Public or Natural Oyster Beds in either Galway Bay or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, define and mark out such part visibly and locally, and fix such period, and give due notice thereof by advertisement in a local newspaper and by the issue of handbills. Any person offending against this By-Law, Rule, and Regulation shall forfeit and pay for each offence a sum of Two Pounds.
	GALWAY BAY, . . . (22nd June, 1905.)	First.—Repealing the By-Laws, Rules and Regulations of the 8th day of November, 1877, and in lieu thereof making and ordaining the following By-Laws:— Second.—It shall not be lawful for any person to dredge for, take, or catch any Oyster in Galway Bay, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, between the 1st day of January and the 30th day of November in each year, both said days inclusive, (being the Close Season for Oysters on the Public or Natural Oyster Beds in the said Bay, Bays, and Inlets), or between Sunset and Sunrise at any Season of the year; and any person offending against this By-Law shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds; provided always that this By-Law shall not apply to any part of Galway Bay, or of the Bays or Inlets thereof, in which a legal right of fishing for Oysters, exclusive of the public, exists. Third.—No Boat, in Galway Bay, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall, between the 1st day of January and the 30th day of November in each year, both said days inclusive, have on board any Dredge or other Implement for the taking of Oysters; and any Dredge or Implement so found in contravention of this By-Law shall be forfeited; and any person found using such Boat on which such Dredge or Implement shall be, shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds, provided always that this By-Law shall not

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND.—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.	
GALWAY BAY—*continued,*	apply to any boat employed by the Proprietor of an Oyster Bed on which a legal right to fish for Oysters, exclusive of the public, exists, when lawfully employed thereon.	Oysters—*con.*
	Fourth.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters on or from the Public or Natural Beds in said Galway Bay, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall, immediately on any Oysters being brought on board any boat, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught, and shall immediately return, to the part of the bed from which they were taken, all Oysters of less dimensions than two-and-three-quarter inches at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and any person offending against this By-Law, shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.	
	Fifth.—It shall not be lawful for any person to remove from any Oyster Bed in Galway Bay, or in any of the Bays and Inlets thereof, any Oyster of less dimensions than two-and-three quarter inches at the greatest diameter thereof; or to pick, gather, or take from any rock, strand, or shore of Galway Bay, or of any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, by any means whatsoever, or to sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oyster of less dimensions than aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds; provided always that this By-Law shall not apply to any part of Galway Bay, or of the Bays or Inlets thereof, in which a legal right of fishing for Oysters, exclusive of the public, exists.	
BALLYNAKILL and BERNADERG BAYS. (16th May, 1892.)	First.—It shall not be lawful for any person to dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters in Ballynakill and Bernaderg Bays, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, between the 1st day of May and the 31st day of August in each year, both said days inclusive, being the Close Season for Oysters in the said Bays, and Inlets, or between Sunset and Sunrise at any season of the year; and any person offending against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each such offence forfeit and pay a sum of Three Pounds.	
	Second.—No Boat, in Ballynakill and Bernaderg Bays, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall, between the 1st day of May and the 31st day of August in each year, both said days inclusive, have on Board any dredge or other Implement for the taking of Oysters; and the Master or Owner of such Boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Three Pounds.	
	Third.—All persons engaged in fishing for, or taking, Oysters in said Ballynakill and Bernaderg Bays, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall, immediately on any Oysters being brought on Board any boat, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the water all Oysters of less dimensions than Three Inches at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than Three Inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall pick, gather, or take, from any Rock, Strand, or Shore, of Ballynakill and Bernaderg Bays, or of any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than Three Inches at the greatest diameter thereof, nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation, shall for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.	

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters—*con.*	ACHILL SOUND and OLEW BAY, (19th Nov., 1860.) Season altered so far as BLACKSOD and BROADHAVEN BAYS are concerned, making Close Season 1st May to 1st Septr. (*See post* for By-laws relating to these places.)	First.—Between the 1st day of April and the 1st day of October in any year, being the Close Season for Oysters in Olew Bay and Achill Sound, no boat, in Olew Bay and Achill Sound shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the periods aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Five Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Clew Bay, and Achill Sound, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the Sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, bed, or shore of Clew Bay and Achill Sound, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Third.—All persons are hereby prohibited from throwing into the Sea, on any Oyster Bed, or Oyster Fishing Ground in Clew Bay and Achill Sound, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Fourth.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take or catch, any Oysters within Clew Bay and Achill Sound; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Five Pounds.
	BLACKSOD and BROADHAVEN BAYS, &c. (18th April, 1882.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever any Oysters or Oyster Brood on or off the Public or Natural Oyster Beds within Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, shall be between the 1st day of May and the 31st day of August in each year, both said days inclusive.
	BLACKSOD and BROADHAVEN BAYS. (25th Nov., 1882.)	Repealing By-Laws, Rules, and Regulations, dated the 19th day of November, 1860, so far as they relate to Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays and the Bays and Inlets connected therewith, and in lieu thereof— First.—During the Close Time now fixed, or which may hereafter be fixed, within which it is not lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oyster or Oyster Brood in Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays, and the Bays or Inlets connected therewith, no Boat shall have on board any Dredge or other Implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any Boat any such Dredge or other Implement for the taking of Oysters, the Master or Owner of such Boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays, and the Bays or Inlets connected therewith, shall, immediately on any Oysters being taken, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than Two Inches and One-half at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such Fishing; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed within the limits aforesaid, any Oyster of less dimensions than Two

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
BLACKSOD and BROADHAVEN BAYS—*continued.*	Inches and One-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall take from any Rock, Strand, or Shore of Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays, and the Bays and Inlets connected therewith by any means whatsoever any Oyster of less dimensions than Two Inches and One-half at the greatest diameter thereof, and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, knowing the same to have been taken within the limits aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Oysters—*con.* Third.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays and the Bays and Inlets connected therewith aforesaid; and every person acting contrary hereto, shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
SLIGO, BALLISODARE, and DRUMCLIFFE BAYS. (19th July, 1864.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever, any Oysters or Oyster Brood within Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, shall be between the 30th day of April and the 1st day of June in each year.
SLIGO, BALLISODARE, and DRUMCLIFFE BAYS. (29th April, 1876.)	First.—During the Close Season for Oysters in Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, no boat, in Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, and if, during the Close Season aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught, and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the water all oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any Rock, Strand, or Shore of Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof, nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Third.—All persons are hereby prohibited from throwing into the water on any Oyster Bed, or Oyster Fishing Ground in Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Fourth.—Every dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters shall have a number corresponding with the number of the boat on which it is employed, or to which it belongs, stamped thereon, and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
LOUGH SWILLY, &c., &c. (15th Feb., 1876.)	First.—During the Close Season for Oysters in Lough Swilly, or in any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof (which is between 1st May and 1st September), no boat, in the said

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters—*con*	LOUGH SWILLY, &c., &c.—*con.*	Lough Swilly, or in any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof, shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, during the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Lough Swilly, or in any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any Rock, Strand, or Shore of Lough Swilly, or of any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof, nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any such Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Third.—All persons are hereby prohibited from throwing into the water, on any Oyster Bed, or Oyster Fishing Ground, in Lough Swilly, or in any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof as aforesaid, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
	LOUGH FOYLE, &c., &c., (25th Oct., 1878.)	First.—Between the first day of May and the first day of September in any year, that being the close time within which it is not lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oyster or Oyster Brood in Lough Foyle, no boat, in Lough Foyle shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the periods aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Lough Foyle shall, immediately on any Oysters being taken, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such fishing; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, or shore of Lough Foyle by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, or transfer, purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession, any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Third.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within Lough Foyle; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
STRANGFORD LOUGH, . . (13th Nov., 1877.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever any Oysters or Oyster Brood on or off the Public or Natural Oyster Beds within Strangford Lough, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof shall be between the 1st day of March and the 31st day of August in each year, both said days inclusive. Oysters—*con.*
STRANGFORD LOUGH, . . (31st Dec., 1877.)	First.—Between the first day of March and the first day of September in any year (that being the close time within which it is not lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oyster or Oyster Brood in Strangford Lough), no boat in Strangford Lough shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the periods aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Strangford Lough shall, immediately on any Oysters being brought on board any boat, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any fishing ground or oyster bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such fishing; and no person shall take from any rock, strand or shore of Strangford Lough by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, transfer or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Third.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within Strangford Lough; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . . (21st June, 1877.)	Prohibiting at any time after the 1st day of November, 1877, to use for the taking of Oysters in any part of Carlingford Lough, in either of the counties of Louth and Down respectively, the instrument commonly called and known as the grape, or any other instrument or device of the like construction or nature. Any person offending against this By-Law shall forfeit and pay for each offence the sum of Four Pounds, and every such grape, or other instrument or device which shall be used contrary to this By-Law, shall be forfeited.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . . (20th Oct., 1881.)	First.—During the Close Time now fixed, or which may hereafter be fixed, within which it is not lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oyster or Oyster Brood in Carlingford Lough, no boat in Carlingford Lough shall have on board any Dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such Dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the Master or Owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Carlingford Lough shall, immediately on any Oysters being taken, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

	Place affected by By-Law and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters—*con.*	CARLINGFORD LOUGH—*con.*	greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such fishing; and shall not remove from any fishing ground or Oyster bed within the limits aforesaid, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, or shore of Carlingford Lough by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, knowing the same to have been taken within the limits aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Third.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within Carlingford Lough; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
	CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (15th Aug., 1893.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever any Oysters or Oyster Brood within Carlingford Lough, or in any of the Bays or inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, shall be between the First day of January and the Thirtieth day of November in each year, both the said days inclusive.
	CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (25th Jan., 1894.)	Permitting to take, or have in possession, American, Portuguese, and Dutch Oysters, in Carlingford Lough, between the Counties of Louth and Down, by any person possessed of, or interested in, any Oyster Fishery in said Lough, during part of the Close Season for Oysters in said Carlingford Lough, viz.:—from the 1st day of January to the 30th day of April, and from the 1st day of July to the 30th day of November, in each year, all said days inclusive. Revoking Order dated the 5th day of May, 1885, by which it was permitted to dredge for, take, or have in possession, American Oysters, in that part of Carlingford Lough in the County of Louth, known as the Ballinteskin Oyster Beds, adjacent to the Townland of Ballinteskin, Parish of Carlingford, and Barony of Lower Dundalk, during the then Close Season for Oysters in said Carlingford Lough. Also revoking Order dated 17th day of July, 1890, by which it was permitted to dredge for, take, or have in possession, American, or Dutch Oysters, in that part of Carlingford Lough in the County of Louth, known as the Carlingford Oyster Beds, adjacent to the Townlands of Carlingford and the Liberties of Mullaten, Parish of Carlingford, and Barony of Lower Dundalk, during the then Close Season for Oysters in said Carlingford Lough.
	CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (4th Jan., 1899.)	Permitting to use for the taking of Oysters in Carlingford Lough, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, the instrument commonly called and known as the Dredge during the following periods, namely, from the 1st to the 15th day of January, both days inclusive, and also during the entire month of November, in each year.
		MUSSELS.
Mussels.	BELFAST LOUGH, . (18th Nov., 1898.) (17th Oct., 1901.)	Prohibiting the taking from Belfast Lough (inside a line from Whitehead, in the County of Antrim, to Ballymacormick Point in the County of Down), of any Mussel that will pass freely through a ring one inch in diameter; or the having in possession of any such Mussel.

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APPENDIX No. 18—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c. in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . . (6th Feb., 1899.)	1. Fixing the period in each year within which it shall not be lawful to take, or attempt to take, by means of the instrument commonly called and known as a dredge, any Mussels from that part of Carlingford Lough and Newry River between the following imaginary lines, namely:—(*a*) A straight line from Warrenpoint drawn in a Westerly direction to the opposite shore through the Eel Rock. (*b*) A straight line drawn in an Easterly direction from the Ferry (South of the Training Wall) to the Quay on the opposite shore (a little north of Narrow Water Castle); or to have in possession or custody, or sell, or attempt to sell, Mussels so taken from said locality, to be from the 1st day of March to the 30th day of September, both said days inclusive. Mussels—*con.*
	2. Fixing the period in each year within which it shall not be lawful to take, or attempt to take, by means of the instrument commonly called and known as a dredge, any Mussels from that part of the said Carlingford Lough outside or to the Southward of an imaginary straight line, from Warrenpoint, drawn in a westerly direction to the opposite shore through the Eel Rock, or to have in possession or custody, or sell, or attempt to sell, Mussels so taken from said locality, to be from the 16th day of January to the 31st day of October, both said days inclusive.
CASTLEMAINE HAVEN, . . (18th Nov. 1898.)	First.—Fixing the period in each year within which it shall not be lawful to take, or attempt to take, any Mussels from Castlemaine Haven (inside a line from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point, both in the County of Kerry), or to have in possession or custody, or sell, or attempt to sell, Mussels taken from said locality, to be from the 1st day of April to the 31st day of May, both said days inclusive.
	Second.—Fixing the period in each year within which it shall not be lawful to take, or attempt to take, any Mussels from below low water mark, in Castlemaine Haven (inside a line from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point, both in the County of Kerry), or to have in possession or custody, or sell, or attempt to sell, Mussels taken from said locality, to be from the 1st day of June to the 30th day of September, both said days inclusive.
	Third.—Prohibiting the taking from Castlemaine Haven (inside a line from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point, both in the County of Kerry), of any Mussel that will pass freely through a ring one inch in diameter; or the having in possession of any such Mussel.

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APPENDIX

LIST of LICENCES to Plant OYSTER BEDS *in force* at date of this Report,

No. of Licence.	Date of Licence.	Persons to whom Granted.	Alleged present Owner or Lessee, or Agent.	Locality of Beds.
	County Cork.			
77	15th July, 1867,	John Smyth,	John J. Smyth	Midleton River
145	27th December, 1876,	Standish D. O'Grady and Rev. E. H. Newonham.	Selina H. O'Grady and Major W. W. Newonham.	Owenboy River
	County Kerry.			
5	5th February, 1851,	John Mahony,	Robert M'Clure,	Estuary of Kenmare River.
6	Do.,	Rev. Denis Mahony,	Mary H. Mahony,	Do.,
60	30th December, 1865,	Richard Mahony,	Sir J. C. R. Colomb,	Kenmare Estuary,
73	15th July, 1867,	Stephen E. Collis,	Stephen E. Collis,	River Shannon,
84	11th February, 1868,	Charles Sandes,	Charles F. Sandes,	Do.,
91	11th March, 1869,	Richard J. Mahony,	Sir John C. R. Colomb	Kenmare Bay,
92*	Do.,	Sir John C. R. Colomb,	Do.,	Do.,
125	14th June, 1873,	Robert M'Cowen,	W. H. M'Cowen,	Barrow Harbour,
158	6th October, 1879,	Charles Sandes,	Charles F. Sandes,	River Shannon,
162	17th November, 1882,	Do.,	Do.,	Do.,
183	3rd January, 1906,	Samuel T. Heard,	Samuel T. Heard,	Kenmare Bay,
	County Clare.			
179	24th June, 1902,	The Burren Fisheries, Limited.	The Burren Fisheries, Limited.	Poulnaclogh Bay,
180	29th July, 1903,	James Hynes,	James Hynes,	Do.,

* Transferred to present Grantee on 24th October, 1895

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No. 19.

and substance of Reports received in respect of year to 30th April, 1907.

No. of Licence.	Area of Beds.	Average area of Beds available.	Substance of Reports received as to state of Beds.
	A. R. P.	Acres.	
			County Cork.
77	10 2 0	5	No report received.
145	A39 1 2 B36 2 19	21 24	Bed in good order. 8,000 oysters from Queensboro', Kent, (originally from Brittany), laid down; 1,000 taken up (value £4) for private use. A fall of spat.
			County Kerry.
5	165 2 0	140	Bed has been kept clean. There are a lot of young oysters on it. Few hundreds, value 10s. a hundred, taken up; none laid down. No material fall of spat.
6	147 2 0	15-20	Nothing done to this bed since last report.
60	30 0 0	1	Beds Nos. 60, 91, and 92 are in a fairly good state. They have been cleaned, etc. Some oysters taken up for private use; none laid down. No fall of spat observed.
78	212 0 0	—	No report received.
84	50 0 0	15-20	Bed in very good order. 11,526 oysters, value £83, taken up and sold. 17,400 oysters from River Shannon laid down. Very little fall of spat.
91 92	46 0 0 195 0 0	8	See No. 60. Report also refers to these beds.
125	84 1 26	10	Bed in good condition. 133,694 oysters taken up and sold; value £530. 130,000 South of England oysters laid down. Very little fall of spat.
158	217 0 23	—	Worked in connection with No. 84.
162	40 2 27	—	Bed not worked.
183	214 0 35	—	Bed in very good condition, but exposed in low spring tides. About 2,000 oysters of first-rate quality taken off for private consumption. 4,000 Traleo oysters laid down. Very little spat fell; a large number of slates laid down to collect it.
			County Clare.
179	60 0 0	—	Nothing done; bed is fairly clean, and much in same condition as in previous year.
180	2 0 0	—	Bed in fair condition, and has been cleaned. 10,000 oysters, value £40, taken up. 7,000 oysters from Galway laid down. No fall of spat.

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APPENDIX

LIST of LICENCES to Plant OYSTER BEDS *in force* at date of this Report

No. of Licence	Date of Licence.	Persons to whom Granted.	Alleged present Owner or Lessee, or Agent.	Locality of Beds.
	County Galway.			
12	15th November, 1854,	J. K. Boswell,	Congested Districts Board.	Ballyconneely Bay,
15	21st August, 1856,	William Foroman,	The Very Rev. Canon Nowtown.	Ardbear Bay,
19	3rd February, 1860,	Rev. R. H. Wall,	Do.,	Mannin and Ardbear Bays.
33	6th April, 1864,	Lord Wallscourt,	D. J. Moonoy,	Galway Bay,
37	31st October, 1864,	John Kendal,	The Very Rev. Canon Newtown.	Ardbear and Mannin Bays.
46	31st December, 1864,	P. Macauley,	Duke of Manchester,	Ballinakill and Barnaderg Bays.
114	26th December, 1871,	Colin Hugh Thomson,	M. L. Thomson,	Killary Bay,
115	9th February, 1872,	W. and J. St. George,	J. St. George,	Galway Bay,
149	30th June, 1877	Lord Wallscourt,	D. J. Mooney,	Do.
170	9th June, 1892,	Thomas Nilan (jun.),	Wm. Marshall,	Do.,
171	9th November, 1893,	John MacSheehy,		Ballinakill Harbour,
181	4th June, 1904,	The Most Rev. John Healy, D.D., Roman Catholic Archbishop of Tuam.	The Most Rev. John Healy, D.D., Roman Catholic Archbishop of Tuam.	Streamstown Bay,
	County Mayo.			
8	17th November, 1852,	John C. Garvey,	F. C. Garvey,	Clew Bay,
141	28th December, 1876,	Francis Mulholland,	Francis Mulholland,	Do.,
144	14th September, 1876.	Maria Russell,	Thomas Russell,	Do.,
172*	6th May, 1896,	William Casey,	William Casey,	Do.,
174	29th January, 1897,	Colonel Wm. Arthur Gore Saunders-Knox-Gore.	Colonel Wm. Arthur Gore Saunders-Knox-Gore.	Killala Bay,
175	29th December, 1896,	Brother Joseph Benedict Tully.	Superior of Franciscan Monastery, Achill.	Achill Sound,
177	19th May, 1899,	Charles R. S. Dickins,	E. Sweeney,	Achill Sound and Curraun Sound.
178	1st February, 1902,	Neal O'Donnell,	Neal O'Donnell,	Bollacragher Bay (Blacksod).

* Licence No. 138 dated 16th August, 1875, to John Kendall, cancelled, and No. 172 granted in lieu thereof.

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No. 19—*continued.*

and substance of Reports received in respect of year to 30th April, 1907—*con.*

No. of Licenses.	Area of Beds.	Average area of Beds available.	Substance of Reports received as to state of Beds.
	A R. P.	Acres.	**County Galway.**
12	233 0 0	23	Nothing done during the season. No oysters on bed.
15	90 2 0	2	No report received.
19	348 0 0	100	No report received.
33	1,770 0 0	100	Bed is in a good state. Some thousands of oysters relaid. About £300 worth taken up. Considerable fall of spat.
37	236 0 0	10	No report received.
46	150 0 0	150	Nothing done during the season. Bed kept clean, etc.
114	201 2 0	50	Bed in good condition. 400 oysters taken off for private consumption, value about £2. No fall of spat.
115	810 0 0	80	Bed is in a good state. 32,150 oysters, value £128 12s., taken up and sold.
149	153 3 8	—	Worked conjointly with No. 33.
170	502 3 2	—	About an acre has been cleaned and prepared for planting purposes. 300, at 10s. per 100, taken off and sold. Small fall of spat.
171	390 3 0	—	Bed in good condition, and has been cleaned, etc. Large quantity of English oysters laid down; none taken off. No fall of spat observed.
181	104 0 0	—	Bed is kept clean. About 6,000 Clew Bay oysters (small size) have been laid down, and 2,000, value £10, taken up for private consumption. No spat noticeable.
			County Mayo.
8	108 3 33	4	Bed is clean and fairly stocked. Some taken for private use only. Very small fall of spat.
141	12 1 20	8	Bed in good condition, and has been cleaned, etc. About 6,000 oysters, procured locally, have been laid down, and 4,000 taken off, value about £20. Small fall of spat.
144	4 1 10	4	No report received.
172	44 0 37	10	Bed in good condition, and kept clean. About 2,000 Clew Bay oysters laid down, and 1,000 taken off and sold locally at 10s. a hundred.
174	875 0 0	—	Oysters laid down destroyed by shifting of sand.
175	125 0 0	—	Bed in good condition. No oysters laid down; about 1,500 taken off for private consumption, value about £10. Fairly good fall of spat.
177	317 2 20	—	Nothing done since last report. Bed is in a fair state.
178	1 0 32	—	Has given up cultivation.

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APPENDIX

LIST of LICENCES to Plant OYSTER BEDS *in force* at date of this Report,

No. of Licence.	Date of Licence.	Persons to whom Granted.	Alleged present Owner or Lessee, or Agent.	Locality of Beds.
	County Sligo.			
7	17th November, 1852,	Thomas White,	Brown & Brown, Ltd.,	Ballisodare Bay,
49	13th April, 1865,	Sir Robt. Gore Booth, bart.	Sir Josslyn Gore Booth, bart.	Drumcliffe Bay,
59	1st December, 1865,	Richard J. Verschoyle,	W. H. F. Verschoyle,	Ballisodare Bay,
66	15th June, 1867,	Sir Robt. Gore Booth, bart.	Sir Josslyn Gore Booth, bart.	Drumcliffe Bay,
86	13th March, 1868,	Col. Edward Cooper,	H. G. L'Estrange,	Ballisodare Bay,
101	12th March, 1870,	R. J. Verschoyle,	W. H. F. Verschoyle,	Ballisodare Bay,
102	22nd April, 1871,	Agnes M. Nicholson,	J. H. Rowe,	Sligo Bay,
121	24th February, 1873,	R. J. Verschoyle,	W. H. F. Verschoyle,	Ballisodare Bay,
135	27th January, 1875,	St. Geo. Jones Martin,	Major Robinson,	Sligo Estuary or Bay,
163	14th June, 1884,	Percy Harding Russ,	Brown & Brown, Ltd.,	Ballisodare Bay,
164	14th August, 1885,	William Cochrane,	Vernon Cochrane,	Do.,
169	22nd December, 1891,	Alex. Joseph Crichton,	Alex. Joseph Crichton,	Do.,
176	25th August, 1895,	Catherine Phibbs,	Owen Phibbs,	Do.,
	County Donegal.			
110	27th July, 1871,	F. Mansfield,	E. C. Mansfield,	Lough Swilly,
133	15th October, 1874,	Do.,	Do.,	Do.
	County Louth.			
57	1st December, 1865,	John Obins Woodhouse.	Musson & Co.,	Carlingford Lough,
65	4th June, 1866,	Do.,	Do.,	Do.,

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No. 19—*continued.*

and substance of Reports received in respect of year to 30th April, 1907—*con.*

No. of Licence.	Area of Beds.	Average area of Beds available.	Substance of Reports received as to state of Beds.
	A. R. P.	Acres.	
			County Sligo.
7	132 1 26	10	Bed in good condition, and has been cleaned, etc. No oysters laid down or taken up. Hardly any fall of spat.
49	148 3 0	40	Nothing done on bed, owing to sand drifting over it.
59	54 0 0	20	No report received.
66	87 0 0	10	Fairly good state. About 2,000 oysters taken off, value about £0 15*s.* None laid down. Slight fall of spat.
86	190 0 0	10	Bed in good condition. 0¾ hundreds of oysters taken off, value £1 13*s.* 9*d.* None laid down. No fall of spat.
101	13 2 0	2	No report received.
102	52 2 10	25	Beds are clean. About 35,000 oysters, value £140, taken up. Plentiful fall of spat.
121	114 0 20	9	No report received.
135	77 1 33	35	Bed is in good condition. A large stock of young oysters on it. A fair fall of spat.
163	130 2 21½	14	Bed in good condition; has been cleaned, etc.
164	41 1 0	—	No report received.
169	100 3 30	—	Bed partly stocked. 4,300 oysters taken up and sold, value about £20. No fall of spat observed.
176	81 1 2	—	Bed in very good condition. Quantity of oysters taken up for private consumption. About 5,600 Traiee and Fenit oysters laid down. Small fall of spat.
			County Donegal.
110	25 1 0	10	No report received.
133	12 2 0		
			County Louth.
57	54 0 0	50	1,407 barrels of American oysters laid down. 1,086,925 American oysters, value £2,110 2*s.*, taken up and sold.
65	96 0 0		

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APPENDIX

LIST of LICENCES to Plant MUSSEL BEDS *in force* at date of this Report,

No. of Licence.	Date of Licence.	Persons to whom Granted.	Alleged present Owner or Lessee, or Agent.	Locality of Beds.
	County Kerry.			
1	3rd January, 1906, .	Samuel T. Heard,	Samuel T. Heard, .	Kenmare Bay, . .
	County Meath.			
2	3rd January, 1906, .	John King, . . .	John King, . . .	River Nanny, . .
3	22nd August, 1907, .	James J. King, . .	James J. King, . .	Do., . . .

APPENDIX

LIST of LICENCES to Plant PERIWINKLE BEDS *in force* at date of this Report,

No. of Licence.	Date of Licence.	Persons to whom Granted.	Alleged present Owner or Lessee, or Agent.	Locality of Beds.
	County Kerry.			
2	3rd January, 1906, . .	Samuel T. Heard, .	Samuel T. Heard, .	Kenmare Bay, . .

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No. 20.

and substance of Reports received in respect of year to 31st December, 1907.

No. of Licence.	Area of Beds.	Average area of Beds available	Substance of Reports received as to state of Beds.
	A. R. P.	Acres.	**County Kerry.**
1	214 0 35	—	No mussels planted.
			County Meath.
2	11 2 0	—	Bed well stocked with small mussels. About 23 tons of mussels planted. About 7 tons, value £24 10s., taken up and sold.
3	4 1 30	—	Bed fairly well stocked with young mussels. About 11 tons planted.

No. 21.

and substance of Reports received in respect of year to 31st December, 1907.

No. of Licence.	Area of Beds	Average area of Beds available.	Substance of Reports received as to state of Beds.
	A. R. P.	Acres.	**County Kerry.**
2	214 0 35	—	Bed in perfect condition, and is swarming with periwinkles. None have been taken up and sold, owing to want of purchasers and cost of carriage.

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APPENDIX No. 22.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	SALMON AND TROUT.
	Dublin District.
River Liffey, (19th Jan., 1865.)	Prohibiting the catching, or attempting to catch, Salmon with any Net of greater length than 350 yards, in that part of the River Liffey which is situated between the Weir known as the Island Bridge Weir and a line drawn due North from Poolbeg Lighthouse.
Between Dalkey Island and Wicklow Head. (15th Oct., 1874.)	Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot for capture of Salmon or Trout between Dalkey Island and Wicklow Head.
Whole District, (28th Aug., 1893.)	Prohibiting to beat the water, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of driving Fish close in to the Banks of any River within the District.
Whole District, (16th May, 1905.)	1. Repealing the By-Law, dated 28th August, 1884, prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish or with the intent to take fish at any season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Broad Meadow Water and Ward or Swords River, within the No. 1 or Dublin District, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line). 2. Prohibiting to have in possession between sunrise and sunset for the purpose of taking fish or with the intent to take fish at any season of the year, in or on the Banks of the upper or fresh water portions of all Rivers and their Tributaries in the said No. 1 or Dublin District, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with rod and line). 3. Prohibiting to take or attempt to take fish with the hands (unless such taking or attempting to take fish with the hands is being used as auxiliary to legal fishing), or by shooting or snaring in the upper or fresh water portions of all Rivers and their Tributaries in the said No. 1 or Dublin District. Prohibiting to set or use any night line for the capture of any kind of fish in the upper or fresh water portions of all those Rivers and their Tributaries in the said No. 1 or Dublin District which flow into the sea North of the Nose of Howth.
	Wexford District.
River Slaney, (12th Aug., 1881.)	Prohibiting the practice of keeping Nets on board Boat between Sunset and Sunrise, during the Annual Close Season for Salmon and Trout, in that part of the River Slaney situated between Ferrycarrig Bridge and the Town of Enniscorthy.
River Slaney, (12th Oct., 1882.)	Repealing By-law dated 4th March, 1862, which prohibited the use of nets with meshes of less size than one-and-three-quarter inches from knot to knot, during the open season, in that part of the River Slaney between Ferrycarrig Bridge and Enniscorthy.
River Slaney, (28th Dec., 1893.)	Repealing so much of the By-Law dated 12th October, 1882, as permitted the use of Nets with meshes of one-and-a-quarter inches from knot to knot, in the Tidal Waters of the said River Slaney, and in lieu thereof permitting the use of Nets with meshes of one-and-a-half inches from knot to knot (or Six inches to be measured all round each each mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), for the capture of Salmon or Trout in the Tidal Waters of the said River Slaney, and its Tributaries, during the Open Season for the capture of Salmon and Trout.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Wexford District—*continued.*
River Slaney, (29th March, 1900.)	Prohibiting to use any Net at or near that part of the Mouth of the River Slaney comprised within the space bounded by imaginary lines drawn from the Coast Guard Watch House on the Townland of Rosslarefort to Bullock Bank; from Bullock Bank to Raven Point; from Raven Point to Molly's Buoy; from Molly's Buoy to Maguire's Buoy; thence to Cull Buoy; and thence to the Wharf on the aforesaid Townland of Rosslarefort.
River Slaney and Tributaries, (30th April, 1894.)	Prohibiting the use of any Net for the capture of Salmon and Trout, save a Net duly licensed in that behalf, in that part of the River Slaney, situate between Wexford Bridge and Ferrycarrig Bridge, and the Tributaries falling into that portion of the said River Slaney.
River Slaney and Tributaries, from Enniscorthy Bridge to Sources. (13th Dec., 1888.)	Prohibiting to beat the water or throw stones or other missiles in that portion of the River Slaney and its tributaries extending from Enniscorthy Bridge to the sources of the River Slaney and its tributaries, for the purpose of driving fish close in to the banks of the said River and said tributaries.
River Slaney and Tributaries, (13th April, 1899.)	1. Prohibiting to use any Drift Net in the River Slaney and its Tributaries inside the defined mouth thereof. (Repealed. See By-Law of 2nd December, 1902.) 2. Repealing the By-Law dated 25th March, 1854 (prohibiting the use of Nets of any kind in the River Slaney between Ferry Carrig Bridge and the Town of Enniscorthy, during the Close Season for Salmon), and in lieu thereof prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of any kind of Fish in the River Slaney and its tributaries above Wexford Bridge, during the Annual Close Season for the capture of Salmon and Trout by Nets in said part of said River and Tributaries. 3. Prohibiting to beat the waters of the River Slaney and its Tributaries below or seawards of Enniscorthy Bridge, with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.
Ditto, (2nd Dec., 1902.)	Repealing No. 1 of the By-Laws of the 13th day of April, 1899; and enacting the following By-Law: It is hereby prohibited to use Drift Nets in the River Slaney, inside the defined mouth thereof, with the following exception, namely:—Drift Nets with meshes not exceeding one and a quarter inches from knot to knot, or five inches in the round (measured when the net is wet) if used for the capture of herrings during the months of October, November, and December in each year, within that part of the above prohibited area which lies between the following imaginary lines: (*a*) On the east, straight lines from Raven Point to Molly's Buoy, from Molly's Buoy to M'Guire's Buoy, from M'Guire's Buoy to Cull Buoy, and from Cull Buoy to the Wharf on the Townland of Rosslarefort. (*b*) On the west, a straight line from the Patent Slip in the dockyard of the town of Wexford, drawn in a north-easterly direction to the Stone Beacon on the Training Wall, and thence a line following the line of the said Training Wall, to the point where it shuts the land.
Ditto, (30th March, 1900.)	Prohibiting to shoot, or snare, or grope for fish in any part of the River Slaney and its tributaries above Edermine Bridge.
Ditto, (30th May, 1900.)	Prohibiting to use any Night Line for the capture of any kind of fish in any part of the River Slaney and its tributaries above Edermine Bridge.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Wexford District—*continued.*
Derry Water and River Derry, (26th Oct., 1870.)	Permitting use of Nets for the capture of Fish, having Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches, to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), in the rivers and streams following, that is to say, in the Derry Water, from its source near Killaveney to Annacurragh Bridge, with the stream flowing into same from Moyne Church through Ballinglen, and the Tomnaskela River; and in the Green-island, Shillelagh, and Derry River, from the bounds of the County Carlow, flowing past Tinnahely by Shillelagh to the bounds of the County Wexford, with the small streams flowing into that portion of the said river, all said rivers and streams being in the County Wicklow, for and during the months of May, June, July, and August, in each year.
Potter River, . . . (26th Oct., 1870.)	Permitting use of Nets for the capture of Fish with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear, when the Net is wet), in the tidal portion of the Potter River, situated below Brittas Bridge in the County of Wicklow.
Owenavorragh River, . . (15th Feb., 1875.)	Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot for capture of Salmon or Trout.
Inch River, ... (31st Oct., 1879.)	Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one and a quarter inches from knot to knot for capture of Salmon or Trout.
Whole District Fresh Waters, (24th Sept., 1897.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, in or on the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Wexford District, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said portions of said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line).
	Waterford District.
Bessborough Demesne, Co. Kilkenny. (5th June, 1865.)	Permitting the use of Nets for the capture of Fish with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear, when the Net is wet), within the Waters in, and Rivers running through the Demesne of Bessborough, in the County of Kilkenny: Provided that no Net having a less Mesh than one inch and three quarters from knot to knot, shall be used in the said Rivers during the Months of April, May, and June.
Corrook River, . . . (7th July, 1870.)	Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet).
River Suir, ... (27th May, 1907.)	Prohibiting the use of all Engines for the capture of Fish in those portions of River Suir at Clonmel which lie between the Bridges at Suir Island and the Bridge known as the "Gas-house Bridge," and which are indicated in blue on the Map on said By-Law, save and except single Rods and Lines when used from those banks of the River and that part of Suir Island which are indicated in red on the Map on said By-Law.
River Suir, Nore, and Barrow, conjoined. (15th July, 1884.)	Repealing By-Law dated 13th July, 1881, and, in lieu thereof, prohibiting to use for capture of Salmon or Trout any Drift Net in the tidal portions of the River Suir, Nore, and Barrow conjoined, above a line drawn due West across said River from Kilmokea Point, County Wexford, to Drumdowney Point, in the County of Kilkenny, and by a line drawn due South from said Drumdowney Point, in the County of Kilkenny, to a point on the opposite shore in the County of Waterford.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Waterford District—*continued.*
Whole District, . . . (24th Feb., 1885.)	1st. Each and every boat used in Salmon and Trout fishing in the Waterford District shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length and one inch in breadth a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the Net used with said boat. 2nd. The said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground. 3rd. The numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered, or concealed in any manner whatsoever.
Whole District, . . . (24th Feb., 1885.)	Prohibiting to beat the water or to throw stones or other missiles therein for the purpose of driving Fish close in to the banks of any Rivers within the Waterford District.
Ditto, ... (2nd March, 1900.)	Prohibiting to shoot, or snare, or grope for fish in any River in the Waterford District.
Tidal Waters, . . . (24th Feb., 1885.)	Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout, in or on board any Boat, Cot, Curragh, or other Vessel in the Tidal Waters of the Waterford District, at any time between the hours of Eight of the Clock, A.M. on Saturday, and Four of the Clock on Monday morning.
Upper or Fresh Waters. (24th Feb., 1885.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any Rivers or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs, within the Waterford District, any Spear, Lystar, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Rivers Barrow, Burren, and Anner. (18th Jan., 1890.)	Prohibiting, 1stly, To use for the capture of any kind of fish in the River Barrow between Athy Bridge and the Weir at Bagenalstown, in the Counties of Kildare and Carlow, or in the River Burren or its Tributaries, in the County of Carlow, any night line for the capture of fish of any kind. Remainder of By-Law repealed by By-Law of 2nd March, 1900.
River Suir (part of Tidal Waters). (6th Nov., 1891.)	Prohibiting the use of any draft or seine net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the River Suir, situated above an imaginary line drawn at right angles across said river from the mouth of the stream forming the boundaries of the Counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary to the opposite bank.
River Suir (part of Tidal Waters). (30th Nov., 1891.)	Prohibiting the use of any net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the River Suir situated between a line drawn across said river at the Head or Upstream end of the Piers or Walls of the Canal or Navigation Basin at Carrickbeg, in the County of Waterford, and a line drawn across said river about two hundred yards below the Tail or down Stream end of said Piers or Walls.
River Suir (part of Tidal Waters). (11th Feb., 1896.)	Prohibiting to use any Draft or Seine Net of greater length than Forty yards in that part of the tidal waters of the River Suir and Tributaries situated between an imaginary line drawn at right angles across said River Suir from the mouth of the Stream forming the boundaries of the Counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary, to the opposite bank, and the Wooden Bridge at Fiddown.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Waterford District—*continued.*
Tidal Waters of Suir, Nore, and Barrow conjoined (part of). (30th Oct., 1891.)	Prohibiting the use of any drift net for the capture of Salmon or Trout of greater length than 120 fathoms extending from or fished by one boat, no matter of how many nets, or pieces of nets, that length of 120 fathoms may be composed or made up, in that part of the Tidal Waters of the Suir, Nore, and Barrow conjoined, situated between lines drawn across the rivers from Kilmokea Point, County Wexford, to Drumdowney Point, County Kilkenny, and from said Drumdowney Point drawn due South to a point on the opposite shore in the County Waterford, and the Spit of Passage.
Fresh Waters of the entire District. (2nd Nov., 1891.)	Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout, save landing Nets used as auxiliary to angling with rod and line, in or on Board any Boat, Cot, Curragh, or other Vessel in the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any River in said District, between the hours of eight of the clock in the evening and six of the clock in the following morning, and between the hours of nine of the clock on Friday evening, and six of the clock on Monday morning following.
River Barrow, . . . (28th Oct., 1891.)	Prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the River Barrow situated between the Navigation Weir known as St. Mullin's Weir, and an imaginary line drawn across said River at the Mill known as St. Mullin's Mill, about one mile below St. Mullin's Weir, in the Counties of Carlow and Kilkenny.
River Barrow, . . . (22nd June, 1896.)	Prohibiting to use in that part of the River Barrow and its tributaries above Athy Bridge, any Night Line for the capture of fish of any kind.
Rivers Barrow and Nore (part of Tidal waters). (31st Oct., 1891.)	Prohibiting to use any Draft or Seine Net, for the capture of Salmon or Trout in the Tidal Waters of the Rivers Barrow, and Barrow and Nore conjoined, situated between a line drawn across the River at St. Mullin's Mill and an imaginary line drawn across said River at right angles from the Northern boundary of the Townland of Carrickloney in the County of Kilkenny, to a point on the opposite bank in the Townland of Dunganstown in the County of Wexford, and also below or Seaward of an imaginary line drawn across said Rivers at right angles from a point called Garraunbaun Rock in the Townland of Drumdowney Upper, in the County of Kilkenny, to a point on the opposite bank near Loughtown, in the Townland of Great Island, in the County of Wexford.
Rivers Barrow and Nore (part of Tidal waters). (3rd Nov., 1891.)	Prohibiting to use any Draft or Seine Net, of greater length than 120 yards, for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the Rivers Barrow and Nore conjoined, situated between an imaginary line drawn across said River at right angles from the Northern boundary of the Townland of Carrickloney in the County of Kilkenny, to a point on the opposite bank in the Townland of Dunganstown, in the County of Wexford, and an imaginary line drawn across the River at right angles from a point called Garraunbaun Rock in the Townland of Drumdowney Upper, in the County of Kilkenny, to a point on the opposite bank near Loughtown, in the Townland of Great Island, in the County of Wexford.
River Barrow (Fresh waters), (6th Aug., 1907.)	Prohibiting to use any Net for the purpose of taking Fish, or with the intent to take Fish, in the upper or fresh water portions of the River Barrow and its tributaries, save landing Nets for use solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with rod and line, and save Nets used legally for the capture of eels.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Lismore District.
Whole District, . . . (14th Dec., 1881.)	1st. Each and every boat used in Salmon or Trout Fishing in the Lismore District shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length and one inch in breadth, a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the Net used with said boat. 2nd. The said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground. 3rd. The numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered, or concealed in any manner whatsoever.
Whole District (Fresh Waters), (8th January, 1885.)	Prohibiting the possession, between Sunrise and Sunset at any season of the year, on or near the banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any River, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs, within the District, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with Rod and Line).
Ditto, ... (20th April, 1898.)	1st. Prohibiting to use in any of the Fresh Waters of the Lismore District, any "Night Line" for the capture of Fish of any kind. 2nd. Prohibiting to shoot, or attempt to shoot, Fish in any of the Fresh Waters of the Lismore District. 3rd. Repealing the By-law dated 22nd March, 1897, by which it was prohibited to shoot, or attempt to shoot, Fish in the River Awbeg.
Between Helvick Head and Ballycotton, River Blackwater, &c. (6th Nov. 1874.)	Repealing By-law of 2nd November, 1870, regulating Drift Net Fishing, and in lieu thereof providing as follows:— First.—No Drift Nets of greater length than 200 yards shall be used for the capture of Salmon and Trout in the Rivers or Estuaries flowing into the sea between Helvick Head and Ballycotton, or in the sea between those points. Second.—No two or more Drift Nets when fishing shall be attached together in any way. Third.—Drift Nets shall not be used at a less distance from each other than fifty yards in that portion of the River Blackwater situated within one mile of the mouth of the River as at present defined, each Drift Net shot and drifting to be kept at a distance of not less than fifty yards from the one preceding it on the tide and already drifting.
Between Helvick Head and Ballycotton, River Blackwater, &c. (31st Aug., 1881.)	Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout, in or on board any Boat, Cot, Curragh, or other Vessel in the Tidal waters of said District, which comprises the whole of the Sea along the Coast between Helvick Head, in the County of Waterford, to Ballycotton, in the County of Cork, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Rivers, and the whole of the Tidal portion of the several Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into said Coast between said points, at any time between the hours of Eight of the Clock, A.M. on Saturday, and Four of the Clock on Monday morning.
River Blackwater, . . (14th March, 1878.)	Prohibiting to use for the capture of Salmon or Trout any Drift Net in the Tidal portion of the River Blackwater, or its Tributaries, above or to the Northward of a line drawn across said River from the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Strancally and Newport East on the West, to the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Coolbegh and Ballynaclash on the East, all in the County of Waterford.
River Blackwater, . . (7th January, 1888.)	Prohibiting fishing for Salmon or Trout, by any means whatsoever, from or off the Mill-dam at Clondulane on said River Blackwater, in the County of Cork, or from any place within a space of thirty yards below said Mill-dam.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Lismore District—*continued.*
River Blackwater and Tributaries. (30th June, 1888.)	Prohibiting the use of Draft Nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any portion of the River Blackwater or its tributaries of greater length than 170 yards.
River Blackwater, part of, (25th Jan., 1897.)	Prohibiting to use, at any time, any Net (except a Landing Net used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with Rod and Line), for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the River Blackwater in the Lismore District, situated between the straight line defining the boundary between the Tidal and Fresh water portions of said River and the Bridge at Lismore.
River Bride, . . . (15th June, 1898.)	Prohibiting the method of fishing commonly known as Cot Net, or Snap Net fishing, in that part of the River Bride situated above an imaginary straight line drawn from Janeville Quay (in the Townland of Janeville and County of Waterford), across said River at right angles to its course.
Ditto, ... (16th June, 1898.)	Prohibiting the use of Draft Nets in that portion of the River Bride situated above Camphire Bridge (between the Townlands of Camphire and Headborough, in the County of Waterford.)
	Cork District.
Whole District, . . (1st June, 1865.)	Prohibiting the snatching or attempting to snatch Salmon or Trout in any Tidal or Fresh Water in the Cork District with any kind of Fish-hook, covered in part or in whole with any matter or thing, or uncovered.
Tidal Waters, . . . (31st May, 1865.)	Prohibiting the catching or attempting to catch Salmon or Trout in any Tidal Water in the Cork District with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line, or for the purpose of removing Fish from any legal Weir or Box by the Owner or Occupier thereof.
Tidal Waters, ... (17th January, 1883.)	1st. Each and every boat used in Salmon or Trout Fishing on the Sea Coast, Sea and Tidal Waters, or in or from the Tidal Waters of any Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the Sea within that part of the Cork District situated between Ballycotton on the East, and Barry's Head, East of Oyster Haven, on the West, all in the county of Cork, shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length, and one inch in breadth, a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the Net used with said boat. 2nd. The said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground. 3rd. The numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered, or concealed in any manner whatsoever.
River Lee, Co. of the City of Cork. (7th January, 1863.)	Prohibiting, during the Close Season for Salmon the use of Draft Nets, or any other Net or Nets used as a Draft Net, having a foot-rope and leads or weights affixed thereto, within the following limits, viz.:—in that part of the River Lee, situate between Patrick's Bridge, in the City of Cork, and a line drawn across the said River Lee, from Blackrock Castle, on the south, to the Western extremity of the Townland of Dunkettle, on the North.
River Lee, . . . (21st April, 1871.)	Prohibiting use of all Nets, except Landing-Nets as auxiliary to rods and lines in part of South Channel between George IV. Bridge and Friar's Weir.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Cork District—*continued.*
River Lee, ... (31st March, 1876.)	Prohibiting the catching or attempting to catch Fish of any kind in that part of the River Lee situated between the Cork Waterworks Weir and St. Vincent's Bridge in the North Channel, and Clarke's Bridge in the South Channel, and in the millraces and inlets from such channels with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-drew or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line, or for the purpose of removing Fish from any legal Weir or Box by the owner or occupier thereof.
River Lee and Rivers running into Cork Harbour. (16th Feb., 1877.)	Prohibiting the use of Drift Nets for Salmon or Trout in any Tidal Waters inside or to north of a line from Lighthouse at Roche's Point to mainland on the West.
Ditto, ... (26th Sept., 1878.)	Prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any Tidal Water inside or to North of a line from Lighthouse at Roche's Point to Mainland on the West having Meshes of greater dimensions than two and one-half inches from knot to knot, to be measured along the side of the square, or ten inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet.
Ditto, ... (17th Jan., 1883.)	Prohibiting having any Drift Net or any Net having Meshes of greater dimensions than two and one-half inches from knot to knot, or ten inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, in or on board any Boat, Cot, Curragh or other Vessel in any part of the Tidal Waters inside or to North of a line drawn in the direction of Templebreedy Church, from the Lighthouse at Roche's Point on the East to the Mainland on the West.
River Lee, ... (29th Sept., 1877.)	Prohibiting having Nets for capture of Salmon or Trout on board any Boat, Cot, or Curragh in that part of River seaward of a line drawn due south from the Western end of Myrtle Hill-terrace on the north, near a place known as the Brick Fields, to the opposite shore, or in the tidal part of any river flowing into River Lee, between 8 o'clock on Saturday morning and 6 o'clock on Monday morning; or in that part of said River between the line mentioned above and the point of the Custom House in the City of Cork, between 8 o'clock on Saturday morning and half-past 5 o'clock on Monday morning; or in the North Channel of said River between Northgate Bridge and Wellington Bridge, or in the South Channels between the slip at Danzey Bridge opposite Keyser's Hill, leading to Crosse's Green and St. Fin Barr's Quay, and the Bridge where the Western Road crosses South Channel, between 6 o'clock on Saturday morning and 6 o'clock on Monday morning.
Ditto, ... (3rd Jan., 1898.)	Prohibiting to use any Draft Net in that part of the River Lee situated between the Waterworks Weir and an imaginary line drawn from Blackrock Castle to Dunkettle Bridge aforesaid, during the Annual and Weekly Close Seasons for Salmon and Trout.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Cork District—*continued.*
Cork Division of the Cork District. (29th Jan., 1897.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any season of the year, in or on the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in that part of the No. 5, or Cork District, situated inside or to the Northward of a straight line drawn in the direction of Templebreedy Church, from the Lighthouse at Roche's Point on the east to the Mainland on the west, all in the County of Cork, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said portions of said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Ditto, ... (1st Nov., 1897.)	Prohibiting to beat the waters of the Rivers in that part of the Cork District, situated between Ballycottin on the East and Barry's Head, East of Oyster Haven, on the West, all in the County of Cork, with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring Fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.
Argideen River, . . . (24th Feb., 1860.)	Prohibiting the use of Nets of any kind whatsoever in the tidal part of the river known as the Argideen River, in the County of Cork, situated between the junction of the Owenkeagh or Blind River with the said Argideen River and the Bridge of Timolesgue, all in the Barony of the East Division of East Carbery, and County of Cork.
Argideen River, . . . (16th Feb., 1877.)	Prohibiting the use of Drift Nets for Salmon or Trout in Tidal Waters of the Argideen River inside a line from Land Point in an easterly direction to the opposite shore.
Bandon River, . . . (16th Feb., 1877.)	Prohibiting the use of Drift Nets for Salmon or Trout in Tidal Waters of the Bandon River inside a line from Stookeen Point in an easterly direction to Preghane Point.
Bandon River, . . . (14th Feb., 1881.)	Prohibiting the use of Nets during the annual Close Season for Salmon and Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the River Bandon situated between the Bridge of Inishannon and a line drawn across said River at right angles from Rock Castle, in the Townland of Rockhouse, on the west, to a point on the opposite shore, in the Townland of Shippool, on the east.
Bandon River, . . . (12th May, 1881.)	Prohibiting the use of any Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-draw, or Gaff (except when the latter instrument is used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line) in that part of the Tidal Water of the River Bandon situated between the Bridge of Inishannon and a straight line drawn across said River from the Bridge of Frankford on the east to Clifford on the west.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Cork District—*continued.*
Bandon and Argideen Rivers, . (12th Feb., 1886.)	Prohibiting having in possession between Sunrise and Sunset, at any season of the year, on or near the banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of the Bandon and Argideen Rivers, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with Rod and Line).
Bandon River, . . . (1st Feb., 1892.)	Repealing the By-Law of the 9th day of July, 1885, and prohibiting to use any Net (except Landing Nets as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line) for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any part of the River Bandon, or its Tributaries above a line drawn across the said River, at right angles with the River's Course, from the Stream on the East side of said River dividing the Townlands of Coolmoreen and Skanagore, to the Stream on the opposite Shore dividing the Townlands of Dromkeen and Knockroe.
Bandon River, . . . (6th Feb., 1897.)	Prohibiting to use any Sprat Net during the annual and weekly Close Seasons for Salmon and Trout, in that part of the River Bandon, inside the defined mouth thereof, in which the use of Sprat Nets is not otherwise prohibited.
Bandon River and Bandon Division of the Cork District. (25th March, 1898.)	1. Prohibiting the use of all Nets, except Landing Nets used as auxiliary to fishing legally for Salmon or Trout with Rod and Line, during the weekly close time for Salmon in that part of the Bandon River which is situated between the Western or Iron Bridge at Kinsale and a line drawn from Ballywilliam Point to Ballyhander Creek on the opposite side. 2. Prohibiting the use of Gaffs as auxiliary to fishing legally for Salmon or Trout with Rod and Line in the Bandon Division of the Cork District, before the 15th day of March in each year.
Bandon Division of the Cork District (Fresh Waters.) (25th July, 1893.)	1. Prohibiting to wade the waters (having a pole or gaff) of any River in the Upper or Fresh Water portion of the Bandon Division of the Cork Fishery District, for the purpose of driving or scaring, or with the intent to drive or scare, fish in such river. 2. Prohibiting to throw stones or other missiles, or substances, into any river in the Upper or Fresh Water portion of the Bandon Division of the Cork Fishery District, for the purpose of driving or scaring, or with the intent to drive or scare, fish close into the banks of such river. 3. Prohibiting in any other similar manner to wilfully drive or scare fish in the Upper or Fresh Waters of any river in the said Bandon Division.
Bandon Division of the Cork District (Whole Division.) (4th January, 1898.)	1. Each and every boat used in Salmon and Trout fishing shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length and one inch in breadth a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the Net used with said boat. 2. The said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground. 3. The numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered, or concealed in any manner whatsoever.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Skibbereen District.
River Ilen and Baltimore Bay, (27th Sept., 1878.)	Prohibiting to use for the capture of Salmon or Trout any Drift Net in that part of Baltimore Bay, and the Tidal waters of the River Ilen in the County of Cork, situated inside or to the North and North East of a line drawn from a point on the Townland of Cunnanore (on the mainland), to a point on the Townland of Farranacoush (Sherkin Island), and inside or to the North of a line drawn from a point on the Townland of Kilmoon (Sherkin Island) to a point on the Townland of Baltimore (on the mainland).
River Ilen, . . . (13th June, 1879.)	Repealing Bye-Law, dated the Twenty-eighth day of February, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four, which permitted the use of Nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout with Meshes of one-and-a-quarter inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or five inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), in the River Ilen, in the County of Cork.
River Ilen, . . (29th June, 1893.)	Prohibiting to use any Net (save a Landing Net as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line) in that part of the River Ilen situate between an imaginary line drawn across said River from the townland boundary of the Townlands of Lurriga and Coolungar, due west to the opposite bank and the Mill Weir, across the said River first to the northwards of said imaginary line, and extending from the Townland of Maulbrack to the Townland of Curragh.
Fresh Waters of District, . (25th September, 1895.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Skibbereen District, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Stroke-haul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Whole District, . . (26th September, 1895.)	Prohibiting to beat the water, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of driving Fish close in to the Banks of any River within the Skibbereen District.
	Bantry District.
Tidal Waters, . . . (7th March, 1870.)	Permitting use of Nets of a Mesh of one and a quarter inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or five inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), in the tidal waters of the Bantry District, which comprises the whole of the sea along the coast between Mizen Head in the County Cork and Crow Head in the same County, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off same, with the whole of the Tideways along said Coast and Rivers, and the whole of the tidal portions of the several Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into said Coast.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Bantry District—*continued.*
Fresh Waters of Rivers flowing into Bantry Bay. (1st Nov., 1894.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their Tributaries, flowing into Bantry Bay, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Stroke-haul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Whole District, . . . (7th Nov., 1894.)	Prohibiting to beat the water, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of driving Fish close in to the Banks of any River within the Bantry District.
Snave or Coomhola, Mealagh, or Dunnamark, Owvane, and Carrigboy Rivers. (21st June, 1871.)	Prohibiting use of all Nets (save Landing-Nets as auxiliary to rods and lines) in fresh-water portions of Rivers Snave or Coomhola, Mealagh or Dunnamark, Owvane, and Carrigboy.
	Kenmare District.
Kenmare River or Bay, . (2nd Dec., 1878.)	First.—Prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any part of the said Kenmare River or Bay of greater length than One Hundred and Thirty Yards. Second.—Prohibiting to beat the water or to throw stones or other missiles therein during the time of shooting or drafting Nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout in Kenmare River or Bay.
	Waterville District.
*Whole District, . . . Tidal Waters. (8th Feb., 1865.)	Prohibiting the catching, or attempting to catch, Salmon in any tidal water in the Killarney District with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Stroke-haul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with rod and line, or for the purpose of removing fish from any legal Weir or box by the owner or occupier thereof.
Currane or Waterville River —Waterville Weir. (7th March, 1870.)	Permitting the space between the Bars or Rails of the Inscales and of the Heck or upstream side of the Boxes or Cribs of the Waterville Weir to be one and a quarter inches apart.
Waterville River, . . (18th Feb., 1871.)	Prohibiting use of Nets between Waterville Weir and mouth of River as defined, between twelve o'clock noon on Friday and six o'clock on Saturday morning, and between six o'clock Monday morning and twelve o'clock noon same day in each week during Open Season.
Waterville or Currane River Estuary, and within half a mile of mouth of Waterville River. (5th April, 1890.)	Prohibiting to beat the water or to throw stones or other missiles therein during the time of shooting or drafting Nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout in Waterville or Currane River, the Estuary thereof, or within half a mile of the mouth of said River, in the county of Kerry.
*Fresh Waters of Rivers and Tributaries in the District. (13th May, 1895.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Killarney District, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Whole District, . . . (30th May, 1904.)	Prohibiting to beat the water of any River within the District with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.

* Made before the division of the Killarney District into the "Killarney" and "Waterville" Districts.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Waterville District—*continued.*
The District, . . (26th Oct., 1901.)	Dividing the No. 7 or Killarney District into two Districts, namely:—No. 7[1] or Killarney District which extends from the most westerly point of Kells Bay to Dunmore Head (the Blaskets inclusive), all in the County of Kerry; and includes— A.—The whole of the sea along the Coast between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Dunmore Head, and the Blaskets, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off the same, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Rivers, and the whole of the Tidal portions of the several Rivers, and their Tributaries, flowing into the said Coast between said points. B.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tideway of that portion of the Tidal Electoral Division A, between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Cromane point in Castlemaine Bay. C.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tideway of that portion of the Tidal Electoral Division A, between Cromane Point, in Castlemaine Bay, and Dunmore Head, and the No. 7[2] or Waterville District which extends from Lamb Head to the most westerly point of Kells Bay, all in the County Kerry, and includes— A.—The whole of the sea along the coast between Lamb Head and the most westerly point of Kells Bay, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off the same, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Islands, and the whole of the Tidal portions of the several Rivers, and their Tributaries, flowing into the said Coast between said points. B.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tidal Electoral Division A.
	Killarney District.
Castlemaine Estuary, . (27th Oct., 1858.)	Prohibiting, during the Salmon Close Season, the use of Draft Nets having a foot-rope and leads or weights affixed thereto, in the Estuary of Castlemaine inside the Bar of Inch.
*Whole District, . . Tidal Waters. (8th Feb., 1865.)	Prohibiting the catching, or attempting to catch, Salmon in any tidal water in the Killarney District with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Stroke-haul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with rod and line, or for the purpose of removing fish from any legal Weir or Box by the owner or occupier thereof.
Castlemaine Harbour (to E. or N.E of a line from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point), and tidal waters of Rivers Laune, Maine, and Carragh. (20th Sept., 1889.)	Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in or on board any boat, cot, curragh, or other vessel in Castlemaine Harbour inside or to the East or North-east of a line drawn from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point, and in the Tidal Waters or Estuaries of the Rivers Laune, Maine, or Carragh, at any time between the hours of Ten of the clock, a.m., on Saturday, and Three of the clock on Monday morning following.
Castlemaine Harbour, . (18th Sept., 1889.)	Providing, 1stly.—That each and every boat used in Salmon or Trout fishing in Castlemaine Harbour shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length and one inch in breadth, a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the net used with said boat. 2ndly.—That the said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground. 3rdly.—That the numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered or concealed, in any manner whatsoever.

* Made before the division of the Killarney District into the "Killarney" and "Waterville" Districts.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Killarney District—*continued.*
*Fresh Waters of Rivers and Tributaries in the District. (13th May, 1895.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Killarney District, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Whole District, (30th May, 1904.)	Prohibiting to beat the water of any River within the District with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.
Lakes of Killarney, (9th July, 1897.)	The use of Cross Lines for the capture of Fish is hereby prohibited in the Lakes of Killarney, known as Lough Leane, Muckross Lake, and Upper Lake.
The District, (26th Oct., 1901.)	Dividing the No. 7 or Killarney District into two Districts, namely:—No. 7¹ or Killarney District which extends from the most westerly point of Kells Bay to Dunmore Head (the Blaskets inclusive), all in the County of Kerry, and includes— A.—The whole of the sea along the Coast between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Dunmore Head, and the Blaskets, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off the same, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Rivers, and the whole of the Tidal portions of the several Rivers, and their Tributaries, flowing into the said Coast between said points. B.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tideway of that portion of the Tidal Electoral Division A, between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Cromane Point, Castlemaine Bay. C.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tideway of that portion of the Tidal Electoral Division A, between Cromane Point, in Castlemaine Bay, and Dunmore Head. and the No. 7² or Waterville District which extends from Lamb Head to the most westerly point of Kells Bay, all in the County Kerry, and includes— A.—The whole of the sea along the Coast between Lamb Head and the most westerly point of Kells Bay, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off the same, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Islands, and the whole of the Tidal portions of the several Rivers, and their Tributaries, flowing into the said Coast between said points. B.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tidal Electoral Division A.
	Limerick District.
River Shannon, Island Point. (5th Feb., 1856.)	Prohibiting Net Fishing in that part of the River Shannon between Wellesley Bridge and the Railway Bridge, between 1st June and 11th February, both inclusive.
River Shannon, (22nd Nov., 1862.)	Prohibiting Draft Nets for the capture of Fish of any kind, of a mesh less than one and three quarter inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or seven inches to be measured all round each such mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet) in the tidal parts of the River Shannon, or in the tidal parts of any of the Rivers flowing into the River Shannon.

* Made before the Division of the Killarney District into the "Killarney" and "Waterville" Districts.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Limerick District—*continued.*
River Shannon, . . (5th June, 1865.)	Prohibiting the Fishing for Salmon or Trout by any means whatsoever, within a space of Twenty Yards from the Weir Wall of Tarmonbarry, on the River Shannon.
Rivers Shannon and Maigue, (5th June, 1867.)	Prohibiting the Shooting of Fish in that part of River Shannon between Portumna Bridge and Shannon Bridge, and also in River Maigue.
River Shannon, . . . (1st March, 1872.)	Prohibiting having Nets for capture of Salmon or Trout on board any Cot or Curragh between mouth of Shannon and Wellesley Bridge, in the city of Limerick, or in tidal parts of any rivers flowing into the said River Shannon between said points between the hours of Nine o'clock on Saturday morning and Three o'clock on Monday morning; or between Wellesley Bridge and the Navigation Weir at Killaloe, in the County of Clare, between Eight o'clock on Saturday morning and Four o'clock on Monday morning.
River Deel, ... (6th June, 1877.)	Prohibiting the use of all Nets (except Landing Nets as auxiliary to angling with rod and line) for the capture of Salmon or Trout, in that part of River Deel situate between Broken Bridge and the mouth of River as defined.
Lough Derg, . . . (19th June, 1877.)	Permitting the use of Nets not exceeding 12 yards in length, with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot for the capture of fish other than Salmon or Trout in Lough Derg.
Ditto, ... (9th January, 1899.)	Prohibiting at all times the use of Nets (except Landing Nets as auxiliary to fishing with Rod and Line), for the capture of any description of fish other than Eels within the said Lough Derg—Provided always that this prohibition shall not affect the permission granted by another By-Law dated 19th June, 1877, and approved by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland on the 18th December, 1877, for the use in the said Lough Derg of Nets not exceeding Twelve Yards in length for the capture of fish other than Salmon and Trout, with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet). Prohibiting to use for the capture of Fish of any kind, in the said Lough Derg, lines commonly called and known as "Tram Lines" or "Long Lines," baited with the fry or young of Fish.
River Shannon, . . . (23rd June, 1877.) [Part repealed by following By-Law.]	Repealing the first clause of By-law dated 22nd November, 1862, which prohibited the use of similar nets, as hereinafter mentioned, between 20th July and 1st November; and in lieu thereof prohibiting between the 1st day of August, or such other day as at any time may be the first day of the Close Season in which no fish of the Salmon or Trout kind shall be killed, destroyed, or taken by any person or by any means whatsoever (save by single rod and line only), and the 1st day of November in each year, the use of Draft Nets or any other Net or Nets used as a Draft Net, having a foot rope and leads or weights affixed thereto, in that part of the River Shannon situate between the Fishing Weir known as the Lax Weir and a line drawn due North and South across the said River Shannon at the Western extremity of Graigue Island.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Limerick District *-continued.*
River Shannon, (7th August, 1896.)	Repealing so much of the By-law of the 23rd day of June, 1877, as enacted that between the 1st day of August, or such other day as at any time might be the First day of the Close Season, in which no Fish of the Salmon or Trout kind should be killed, destroyed, or taken, by any person or by any means whatsoever (save by single Rod and Line only), in that part of the River Shannon hereinafter mentioned, and the 1st day of November in each year, the use of Draught Nets, or any other Net or Nets used as a Draught Net having a foot rope and leads or weights affixed thereto, was thereby prohibited within the following limits, viz.:—in that part of the River Shannon situate between the Fishing Weir known as the Lax Weir and a line drawn due North and South across the said River Shannon at the Western extremity of Graigue Island, such limits being within the Counties of Limerick and Clare, respectively, and enacting that:— Between the 1st day of August in each year and the 11th day of February in the year following (or during such other period as may hereafter be fixed as the Close Season for netting for Salmon and Trout in the River Shannon), the use of all Nets is prohibited within the following limits, viz.:—in that part of the River Shannon situate between the Fishing Weir known as the Lax Weir and a line drawn due North and South across the said River Shannon at the Western extremity of Graigue Island, such limits being within the Counties of Limerick and Clare, respectively.
River Shannon, (2nd Sept., 1866.)	Prohibiting the extension of any cord, rope, wire, or line of any kind whatsoever, attached to any door of any stake, flood, ebb, or head weir or stake net in River Shannon further inland or shorewards than the pouches, traps, chambers, or eyes to which said doors belong, or to adopt any contrivances by means of which said doors may be opened or shut from the shores or banks of said river.
Lough Ree, River Shannon, (27th August, 1858.)	Permitting the use of Nets in Lough Ree, having a mesh of five inches in the round, measured when the Net is wet.
River Fergus, (26th June, 1865.)	Prohibiting the Fishing for Salmon or Trout by any means whatsoever, within a space of Twenty Yards from the Weir Wall of Ennis, on the River Fergus.
River Fergus, (16th Dec., 1870.)	Prohibiting the use of Drift Nets in the Tidal parts of River Fergus, County Clare.
Maigue River, (1st March, 1871.)	Prohibiting use of all Nets, except Landing-Nets as auxiliary to rod and line in River Maigue, above Railway-bridge below Adare.
Ditto, (22nd Nov., 1893.)	Prohibiting to use, in the Fresh water portions of the River Maigue and its Tributaries, any "Night Line" for the capture of fish of any kind.
River Mulcaire, (29th June, 1885.)	Prohibiting to fish for Salmon or Trout by any mean whatsoever, within a space of Fifty Yards below the Mill Weir at Ballyolough, on the River Mulcaire.
Ditto, (23rd May, 1899.)	Prohibiting to use, in the Fresh water portions of the River Mulcaire and its Tributaries, any "Night Line" for the capture of fish of any kind.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Limerick District—*continued.*
Maigue River, (12th Sept., 1885.)	Repealing By-Law dated the 17th October, 1864, prohibiting Draft Nets between Ferry Draw Bridge and Bridge of Adare; and in lieu thereof prohibiting the use of Draft Nets in that part of the Maigue River, between a line drawn across said River at the southern boundary of the Townland of Ballycasey on the West, in an easterly direction, to the opposite shore on the Townland of Clonanna and the Old Bridge of Adare, all in the County of Limerick.
Ditto, (6th Feb., 1897.)	1. No Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout of greater length than Thirty-eight Yards shall be used in the River Maigue, inside the Mouth of said River, as such Mouth is at present defined, or may hereafter be defined under the Acts relating to the Salmon Fisheries of Ireland, in the District heretofore defined and known as the No. 8, or Limerick District. 2. The use of all Nets (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single Rod and Line) is hereby prohibited in the Tidal Waters outside the Mouth of the said River Maigue, as such Mouth is at present defined or may hereafter be defined under the Acts relating to the Salmon Fisheries of Ireland, within imaginary straight lines drawn from Mellon Point to the outermost point of Way Rock, thence to the outermost point (at Low Water of ordinary Spring Tides) of Grass Island, and from the old Building in the centre of Grass Island to the nearest point of the Embankment in the Townland of Newtown, County Limerick. 3. The use of all Nets (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single Rod and Line, and save also Nets duly licensed and legally used for the capture of Salmon or Trout) is hereby prohibited in the River Maigue within the Mouth of said River, as such Mouth is at present defined or may hereafter be defined under the Acts relating to the Salmon Fisheries of Ireland. 4. It is hereby prohibited to beat the water of the River Maigue with a stick or other implement or to throw stones or other missiles therein for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.
Ditto, (29th Oct., 1902.)	1. The use of all Nets (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to Fishing legally with Single Rod and Line), is hereby prohibited in that part of the River Maigue between a line drawn across said River at the southern boundary of the Townland of Ballycasey on the West, in an easterly direction, to the opposite shore on the Townland of Clonanna, and the Railway Bridge of Adare, all in the County of Limerick, between the hours of six o'clock in the evening and six o'clock on the following morning. 2. It is hereby prohibited to have any net (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to Fishing legally with Single Rod and Line), in or on board any boat, cot or curragh, or other vessel, in that part of the River Maigue between a line drawn across said river at the southern boundary of the Townland of Ballycasey on the West in an easterly direction, to the opposite shore on the Townland of Clonanna, and the Railway Bridge of Adare, all in the County of Limerick, between the hours of six o'clock in the evening and six o'clock on the following morning.
Cashen River, (5th June, 1899.)	Prohibiting the use in the River Cashen and its Tributaries (inside the defined mouth of the said River Cashen), of all Draft Nets of greater length than one hundred and fifty yards.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Limerick District—*continued.*
Westmeath and Cavan Lakes (4th Jun., 1890.)	Prohibiting, 1stly.—To use for the capture of fish of any kind in any of the Lakes situated in the Counties of Westmeath and Cavan, lines commonly called and known as "Tram Lines," baited with the fry or young of fish. Provided always that nothing in this By-law shall be construed to prohibit the use of lines used in trolling with Single Rods. 2ndly.—To use in any of said Lakes any engine, means, or device whatsoever for the capture of fry or young of fish, for the purpose of baiting such Tram Lines as aforesaid.
Lough Owel (County Westmeath.) (21st Dec., 1897.)	Prohibiting to fish with nets (save landing nets used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with rod and line), in Lough Owel.
River Feale, ... (2nd August, 1890.)	Prohibiting to beat the water in the River Feale in the County Kerry, or to throw stones or other missiles therein.
River Shannon, between Athlone and Portumna. (8th July, 1891.)	Prohibiting the use of any net of greater length than Forty yards in that portion of the River Shannon situated between Athlone and Portumna.
Rivers Shannon, Maigue, and Askeaton, and Clonderlaw Bay. (10th Nov., 1892, and 30th Nov., 1893.)	First.—No Drift Nets of greater length than 130 yards shall be used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any part of the River Shannon between Limerick and a line drawn across the River below Askeaton from Aughnish Point, in the County of Limerick, to Kildysart, in the County of Clare. Second.—No Drift Nets of greater length than 230 yards shall be used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any other Tidal Waters of the River Shannon or in Clonderlaw Bay. Third.—No two or more Drift Nets shall be attached together in any way or be allowed to drift within 150 yards of each other in the River Shannon, or in Clonderlaw Bay. Fourth.—No Drift Nets below or seaward of a line drawn across the River Shannon, from Aughnish Point, in the County of Limerick, to Kildysart, in the County of Clare, shall be used within the line of low water mark of ordinary Spring Tides. Fifth.—No Drift Nets shall be used in Clonderlaw Bay above a line drawn from Knock to Lackanahee, in the County of Clare. Sixth.—No Drift Nets shall be used in the Rivers Maigue or Askeaton. Seventh.—No Drift Net of a greater length than 130 yards shall be in, or on board of any boat, cot, curragh, or other vessel in the River Shannon between Limerick and a line drawn across said River below Askeaton, from Aughnish Point, in the County of Limerick, to Kildysart, in the County of Clare.
River Shannon, . . . (3rd September, 1894.)	Prohibiting to fish for Salmon or Trout by any means whatsoever in that part of the River Shannon, comprised between the sluice gates at Killaloe and a line across the River Shannon from a point fifty yards below the said sluices on the County Tipperary side, to a point on the Weir on the County Clare side about twenty-five yards below said sluices, measured along said Weir, the ends of which line are marked by Concrete Pillars.
River Bunratty, . . . (20th August, 1896.)	Prohibiting the use of all Nets (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single rod and line, and save also Nets duly licensed and legally used for the capture of Salmon or Trout) in the River Bunratty, and also in the Tidal Waters outside the mouth of said River, within imaginary straight lines drawn from the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Ballymorris and Moyhill to the outermost rock of Green Island, thence to the outermost rock (at low water of ordinary Spring Tides) of Quay Island, and thence to Illaunmore Point in the Townland of Bunratty West.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Limerick District—*continued.*
Barony of Corkaguiny, Co. Kerry. (23rd May, 1896.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset at any Season of the year, in or on the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their Tributaries, in that portion of the Barony of Corkaguiny, County of Kerry, which is situated in the Limerick District, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Newport River, Co. Tipperary. (1st February, 1905.)	Prohibiting to catch, or attempt to catch, fish in that part of the Newport River in the County of Tipperary which is situated between Rockvale Bridge and a straight line drawn across said River, at right angles with its main course, at a point three hundred yards (measured along the middle of the main course of the River) on the down stream side of said Bridge.
	Galway District.
Galway River, Lough Corrib, &c. (24th July, 1846.)	Prohibiting the use of the Instrument, commonly called Strokehaul or Snatch, or any other such instrument, in River Galway, Loughs Corrib or Mask, or their Tributaries.
Lough Corrib, &c., . . (20th Oct., 1898.)	Prohibiting the use of Cross Lines in Lough Corrib, and in all the Streams and Lakes which flow into it.
Whole District, . . . (3rd March, 1865.)	Prohibiting the snatching or attempting to snatch Salmon in any Tidal or Fresh Water in the Galway District with any kind of Fish-hook, covered in part or in whole with any matter or thing, or uncovered.
Clare and Clare-Galway or Turloughmore Rivers, Co. Galway. (22nd Dec., 1862.)	Prohibiting the use of Nets of any kind whatsoever in any part of the Rivers known as the Clare and the Clare-Galway or Turloughmore Rivers, in the County of Galway, above the junction of the said Rivers with Lough Corrib, in the County of Galway.
Kilcolgan River, Tidal portion. (21st Jan., 1889.)	First.—Two Nets not to be in the water at same time within Forty Yards of each other, whether on same or opposite sides. Second.—Until the Net first shot has been hauled, a second or other Net not to be shot on either side of River within Forty Yards of such first Net. Third.—A Net not to remain in the water more than one hour, that is, that the hauling shall not be allowed to occupy more than one hour, but hauling is not to be unnecessarily delayed to disadvantage or injury of a person wanting to use another Net. Fourth.—All Nets to be shot against the current of the tide.
Lough Mask and Tributaries, . (26th May, 1896.)	1. Prohibiting the use of all Nets for the capture of Fish (except a Landing Net used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single rod and line) in Lough Mask and in all the Streams and Lakes which flow into it. 2. Prohibiting the use of Cross Lines for the capture of fish in Lough Mask, and in all the Streams and Lakes which flow into it. 3. Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any season of the year, in or on the Banks of Lough Mask, and in or on the banks of all Streams and Lakes flowing into it, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single rod and line). 4. Prohibiting to have any Net for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish (save a Landing Net for use when fishing legally with single rod and line), in or on board any boat, cot, or curragh or other vessel on Lough Mask or on any of the Lakes or Rivers which flow into it.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Connemara District.
*Whole District, (3rd March, 1865.)	Prohibiting the snatching or attempting to snatch Salmon in any Tidal or Fresh Water in the Galway District with any kind of Fish-hook, covered in part or in whole with any matter or thing, or uncovered.
	Ballynakill District.
Vicinity of Mouths of the Erriff and Bundorragha Rivers. (4th May, 1906.)	Prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of Sea Fish during the months of July, August, and September in each year, inside the mouths of the Rivers Erriff and Bundorragha (as those mouths were respectively defined by the Special Commissioners for Irish Fisheries on the 25th day of April, 1865); and also within half-a-mile seawards of the said defined mouths during the same months.
	Bangor District.
Owenmore River, Co. Mayo. (20th May, 1865.)	Prohibiting the removal of gravel or sand from any part of the bed of the Owenmore River in the County of Mayo, where the spawning of Salmon or Trout may take place.
Owenduff or Ballycroy, Owenmore and Munhim Rivers. (10th Feb., 1866.)	Permitting the use of Nets with Meshes of one and a half inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or six inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear, when the Net is wet,) within so much of the said Rivers Owenduff or Ballycroy, Owenmore and Munhim, as lies above the mouth as defined, during so much of the Months of June, July, and August, as do now or at any time may form part of the Open Season for the capture of Salmon or Trout, with Nets, in the said Rivers.
	Ballina District.
Whole District, (21st May, 1870.)	Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one and a quarter inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or five inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear, when the Net is wet).
Moy River and Tributaries, (11th Nov., 1903.)	Repealing By-Law of 11th day of February, 1871; and in lieu thereof prohibiting to capture Trout by means of Rods and Lines, during the Months of April and May in each year, in all parts of the River Moy and its Tributaries which are accessible to Salmon, save in all Lakes on the course of the said River and its Tributaries.
Killala Bay, (8th June, 1893.)	First.—Prohibiting to catch or attempt to catch Salmon or Trout in Killala Bay by means of Drift Nets inside or to the southward of a line drawn from the Boat Portat Enniscrone in the County of Sligo to Ross Point in the County of Mayo. Second.—No Drift Nets of greater length than 400 yards shall be used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any part of the Bay of Killala outside or to the northward of said line. Third.—No two or more Drift Nets shall be attached together in any way in the Bay of Killala or to the same boat while fishing in said Bay. Fourth.—Whenever a Drift Net shall be used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in the Bay of Killala it shall be attached to a boat which shall remain over said Net while fishing and the fishermen engaged in fishing with said Drift Net shall remain on board such boat whilst said Drift Net shall be in the water; provided always that nothing herein contained shall be construed to render liable to any penalty any person who shall be prevented by storm or stress of weather from remaining on board such boat whilst such Drift Net shall be in the water.

* Made before the division of the Galway District into the "Galway" and "Connemara" Districts.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Sligo District.
Sligo River, . . . (1st March, 1870.)	Prohibiting the snatching or attempting to snatch Salmon in Sligo River, with any kind of Fish-hook covered in part or in whole, or uncovered.
Ditto, ... (25th Jan., 1897.)	1st. In any part of the Tidal Waters of the Sligo or Garvogue River no two Nets shall be allowed in the water at the same time within 400 yards of each other, whether such Nets shall be on the same side or on opposite sides of the River. 2nd. Until the Net that has been first shot has been beached and is wholly out of the water, no second or other Net shall be commenced to be shot on either side of the said River within 400 yards of such first Net. 3rd. The use of all engines or devices for the capture of fish is hereby prohibited between Victoria Bridge and the portion of the Mill Dam which is above said Bridge.
Lough Doon, . . . (24th March, 1871.)	Permitting use of Nets with meshes of half an inch from knot to knot, for capture of Fish.
	Ballyshannon District.
Upper or Fresh Water portions of District. (20th Oct., 1886.)	Prohibiting to have in possession between sunrise and sunset for purpose of taking fish or with intent to take fish, at any season of the year, on or near the banks of lakes and upper or fresh water portions of rivers, or in or near mill-dams or weirs in the Ballyshannon District, any spear, lyster, strokehaul, or gaff (except a gaff to be used solely as auxiliary to angling for salmon legally with rod and line).
Ditto, ... (13th Feb., 1871.)	Permitting use of Nets with meshes of one inch from knot to knot in tideway of River Erne.
Erne River, . . . (1st June, 1872.)	Prohibiting the capture of Fish of any description with the instrument commonly called and known by the name of the Spoonbait, or any other instrument of the like nature or device during the months of January, February, and March in each year, in that part of the River Erne situated between the Falls of Belleek and a line drawn due south across the River from the point of Castlecaldwell demesne, by the Eastern point of the Muckinish, or White Island, to the opposite Bank, all in the County of Fermanagh.
Lower Lough Erne, . . (30th June, 1874.)	Permitting use of nets with meshes of one inch from knot to knot for capture of fish by persons having right to use nets in said lough, between Enniskillen and Belleek, between 1st May and first day of close season in each year.
Eany Water, or Inver River, (25th June, 1872.)	Permitting use of Nets for the capture of Fish with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), within so much of the River Eany Water, or Inver, in the County of Donegal, as lies above the mouth of said river as defined.
Tidal Waters, etc., . . (2nd Jan., 1907.)	1. Prohibiting to have any net for the capture of Salmon in on board any boat, cot or curragh, in the Tidal Waters off that part of the Coast of the No. 13, or Ballyshannon District, which is situated between Mullaghmore, Co. Sligo, and Rossan Point, Co. Donegal, and in the Tidal Waters around any islands or rocks situate off said part of said coast, between the hours of Twelve of the Clock, noon, on Saturday, and Four of the Clock on Monday morning following.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Ballyshannon District—*continued.*
Tidal Waters, etc.—*continued.* (2nd Jan., 1907.)	2. Prohibiting to use any Drift Net for the capture of Salmon within one mile of the Mouths, as at present defined, of the Rivers Duff or Bunduff, Drowes or Bundrowes, Erne, Eask, Eany-Water or Inver, Oily, Bungosteen or Looghead, Fintragh, Ballaghdoo or Kilcar, Glen or Teelin.
	Letterkenny District.
Crana or Buncrona River, (5th Nov., 1877.)	Permitting the use of nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot in the Crana or Buncrana River, and within one mile seawards and coastwards thereof.
Whole District, Fresh Water, (29th September, 1899.)	1. Prohibiting to beat the Freshwoters of any River in the Letterkenny District with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring or chasing fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof. 2. Prohibiting in the Freshwaters of any River in the said Letterkenny District to catch or attempt to catch fish with the hands (unless such catching or attemping to catch fish with the hands is being used as auxiliary to legal fishing). 3. Prohibiting to have in possession between sunrise and sunset for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, at any season of the year, in or on the banks of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers and their tributaries in the said Letterkenny District, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on the said portions of said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Goff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except o Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line). 4. Repealing the By-Law dated 30th November, 1881, which prohibited to have in possession between sunrise and sunset, for the purpose of taking fish or with the intent to take fish at any season of the year, on the banks of the Buncranna River and its tributaries within the said District, any Speor, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Tidal Waters, etc., (2nd Jan., 1907.)	1. Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon in or on board any boat, cot or curragh, in the Tidal Waters off that part of the Coast of the No 14, or Letterkenny District which is situated between Rossan Point and Malin Head, both in the County of Donegal, and in the Tidal Waters around any islands or rocks situate off said part of said coast, between the hours of Twelve of the Clock, noon, on Saturday, and Four of the Clock on Monday morning following. 2. Prohibiting to use any Drift Net for the capture of Salmon within one mile of the Mouths, as at present defined, of the Rivers Bracky, Owintocker, Owonea, Gweebarra, Owenmarve, Gweedore, Clady, Glenna, Tullaghobegly, Ray, and Lackagh.
	Londonderry District.
River Foyle, (28th Feb., 1871.)	Permitting the use of Nets with meshes of one inch from knot to knot in Lough Foyle and tidal parts of River.
Baronscourt Lakes and Streams, (22nd April, 1871.)	Permitting the use of Nets for the capture of fish other than Salmon and Trout, with meshes of half an inch from knot to knot.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Londonderry District—*continued.*
Tidal Waters, . . . (5th June, 1878.)	Prohibiting having nets for capture of Salmon or Trout in or on board any boat, cot, or curragh in the Tidal Waters of said district, which comprises the whole of the sea along the coast between Malin Head, in the County of Donegal, and the townland boundary between the townlands of Drumagully and Downhill, in the County of Londonderry, with the whole of the tideway along said coast and rivers, and the whole of the tidal portion of the several rivers and their tributaries flowing into said coast between said points, at any time between the hours of twelve of the clock at noon on Saturday and four of the clock on Monday morning.
Upper or Fresh Water portions of Rivers in District. (3rd Dec., 1879.)	Prohibiting having in possession for the purpose of taking Fish, or with the intent to take Fish, between sunrise and sunset, at any season of the year, on or near the banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any Rivers or Loughs within the said District, situated in the Counties of Tyrone, Donegal, and Londonderry, which comprise the fresh water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries flowing into the sea along the coast between Malinhead in the County of Donegal, and the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Drumagully and Downhill in the County of Londonderry, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Upper or Fresh Water portions of Rivers in District. (15th April, 1896.)	Prohibiting to beat the water or to throw stones or other missiles therein for the purpose of capturing or driving Fish close in to the Banks of the freshwater portions of any River or catching, or attempting to catch Fish with the hands (unless such catching or attempting to catch Fish with the hands is being used as auxiliary to legal fishing) on any portion of the freshwaters of the Rivers within the District.
Whole District, . . . (21st Sept., 1889.)	Prohibiting to snatch or attempt to snatch or foul hook Salmon in any tidal or fresh water in the said Londonderry District, with any kind of fish hook or combination of fish hooks, covered in part or in whole with any matter or thing, or uncovered, and whether used with a rod and line or otherwise.
	Coleraine District.
Lough Neagh, . . . (27th April, 1880.)	Permitting Pollen to be taken by Trammel or Set Nets composed of Thread or Yarn of a fine texture, not less than ten hanks to the pound weight, doubled and twisted with a mesh of not less than one inch from knot to knot, and not greater than one and one quarter inches from knot to knot.
Whole District, . . . (17th Oct., 1870.)	Prohibiting snatching or attempting to snatch Salmon in any of the tidal or fresh waters of District.
Tidal Waters, and Loughs Neagh and Beg. (16th Dec., 1878.)	First.—Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout, in or on board any boat, cot, or curragh, in the Tidal Waters of said District, which comprises the tidal portions of all Rivers and their tributaries flowing into the sea along the coast between the sea-point of the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Downhill and Drumagully in the County of Londonderry and the Point of Portrush in the County of Antrim, at any time between the hours of twelve of the clock at noon on Saturday and four of the clock on Monday morning.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES OF IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law and date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Coleraine District—*continued.*
Tidal Waters, and Loughs Neagh and Beg—*continued.* (16th Dec., 1878.)	Second.—Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon, Trout, or Pollen in or on board any boat, cot, or curragh, in Lough Neagh or Lough Beg, situated within the aforesaid District, at any time between the hours of eleven of the clock in the forenoon on Saturday and four of the clock on Monday morning.
Upper or Fresh Water portions of Rivers in District. (3rd Nov., 1879.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking Fish, or with the intent to take Fish, between sunrise and sunset, at any season of the year, on or near the banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any Rivers or Loughs within the said District, situated in the Counties of Londonderry, Antrim, Tyrone, Armagh, Monaghan, and Down, which comprise the fresh water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries flowing into the sea along the coast between the sea-point of the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Downhill and Drumagully in the County of Londonderry, and the Point of Portrush in the County of Antrim, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Lough Neagh, . . . (30th Dec., 1879.)	Prohibiting having any Net for the capture of Salmon, Trout, or Pollen, in or on board any boat, cot, or curragh, in Lough Neagh, in said District, during the annual Close Season for Salmon, Trout, and Pollen, in said Lough Neagh.
Lough Neagh, . . . (12th Oct., 1895.)	Repealing By-Law of 28th February, 1867 (which prohibited the use of Draft Nets for Pollen) and making By-Laws as follows:— First.—Prohibiting to use any Draft Net for the capture of Pollen within the distance of half a mile from the mouth of any River flowing into Lough Neagh; or in Toome Bay within the following imaginary lines, namely:— (*a.*) A line across Toome Bay from Tryad Point in the County of Londonderry, to the northern point of Pullan Bay, in the County of Antrim. (*b.*) A line across the River Baun at the Railway Bridge of the Belfast and Northern Counties Railway near Toome Station. Second.—Prohibiting to use any Draft Net for the capture of Pollen of a greater length than one hundred and thirty yards, or with meshes of less size than 42 rows of knots to the yard, that is each mesh must not be of less size than six-sevenths of an inch from knot to knot, or three and three-sevenths inches all round each mesh (such measurement to be taken in the clear when the net is wet).
Whole District, Fresh Waters (23rd May, 1899.)	1. Prohibiting to beat the Fresh waters of any River in the Coleraine District with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof. 2. Prohibiting in the Fresh waters of any River in the Coleraine District, to catch, or attempt to catch fish with the hands (unless such catching or attempting to catch fish with the hands is being used as auxiliary to legal fishing).

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Ballycastle District.
Bush River, ... (28th Feb., 1870.)	Repealing Definition of Bush River Estuary as fixed by the late Special Commissioners on 8th Feb., 1864.
Ditto, ... (19th Sept., 1898.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between sunrise and sunset, at any season of the year, in or on the banks of the River Bush and its tributaries inside the defined mouth of said River Bush, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said River and tributaries, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with rod and line).
	Dundalk District.
Between Clogher Head and Ballagan Point. (29th April, 1872.)	Prohibiting to catch or attempt to catch Salmon or Trout with any Net of greater length than 500 Yards on that part of the Sea Coast situated between Clogher Head and Ballagan Point in the County of Louth.
Tidal Waters, . . . (30th June, 1873.)	Prohibiting the catching or attempting to catch Salmon in any Tidal water of District between Dunany Point and Soldier's Point, in the County Louth, with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line, or for removing fish from any legal Weir or Box by the Owner or Occupier thereof.
Tidal Waters, . . . (17th April, 1888.)	Prohibiting the catching or attempting to catch Salmon in any Tidal water in that part of the Dundalk District situated between Soldier's Point and Ballagan Point, both in the County of Louth, with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line, or for the purpose of removing fish from any legal Weir or Box by the Owner or Occupier thereof.
Whole District Fresh Waters, (23rd October, 1896.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any season of the year, in or on the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Dundalk District, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said portions of said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line).
	Drogheda District.
River Boyne Tidal Waters, . (12th Jan., 1889.) (See following By-Law.)	First.—Prohibiting use of Draft Nets of greater length than ninety-five yards. Second.—Prohibiting use of Draft Nets at a less distance from each other than one hundred yards. Third.—Prohibiting shooting of Nets simultaneously from points on both banks which are opposite each other, so as to have the Nets in the water at the same time, but ordering that the Net first shot from one bank shall be beached before that from the opposite point is shot.

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APPENDIX No. 22—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Drogheda District—*continued.*
River Boyne Tidal Waters, (9th December, 1896.)	Repealing and rescinding the first of the above By-Laws of the 12th January, 1889, and in lieu thereof prohibiting Draft Nets of greater length than seventy-five yards for the capture of Salmon or Trout in the tidal parts of said River Boyne, that is below or seaward of the Boundary between the Tidal and Fresh Waters of said River, which boundary has heretofore been defined to be a straight line drawn across the River, at right angles with its course, at the most eastern point of Grove Island, at Oldbridge.
River Boyne Fresh Waters, (29th Oct., 1890.)	Prohibiting the use of any Net of a greater length than forty yards in that portion of the River Boyne situated between Navan and the boundary between the Tidal and Fresh Waters of said River, which boundary has heretofore been defined to be a straight line drawn across the River, at right angles with its course at the most eastern point of Grove Island, at Oldbridge.
Whole District Fresh Waters (23rd August, 1906.)	First.—Prohibiting to have in possession between sunrise and sunset for the purpose of taking fish or with the intent to take fish at any season of the year, in or on the Banks of the upper or fresh water portions of all Rivers and their Tributaries in the No. 17[1] or Drogheda District, any Otter, Spear, Lystor, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with rod and line), provided always that nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to Eel Spears. Second.—Prohibiting to take or attempt to take fish with the hands (unless such taking or attempting to take fish with the hands is being used as auxiliary to legal fishing), or by shooting or snaring, in the upper or fresh water portions of all Rivers and their Tributaries in the said No. 17[1] or Drogheda District. Third.—Prohibiting to set or use any night line for the capture of any kind of fish in the upper or fresh water portions of all Rivers and their Tributaries in the said No. 17[1] or Drogheda District, save in Lough Ramore and Lough Mullagh.

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APPENDIX

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the different

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal.	Fresh Water.
1. Dublin,	Skerries to Wicklow.	Between Howth and Dalkey Island, between 15th August and 1st February. Between Dalkey Island and Wicklow Head, between 30th September and 1st April. For remainder of District between 15th September and 4th March.	Same as Tidal, save between Dalkey Island and Wicklow Head, which is between 15th August and 1st April, with the exception of the Bray River, which is between the 30th September and the 1st April following.
2. Wexford,	Wicklow to Kiln Bay, East of Bannow Bay.	Between 15th September and 20th April, save in River Slaney, which is between 15th September and 11th April.	Between 15th Sept. and 20th April, save the River Slaney and Tributaries, which is between 15th Sept. and 11th April.
3. Waterford,	Kiln Bay to Helvick Head.	Between 15th August and 1st February.	Same as Tidal,
4. Lismore,	Helvick Head to Ballycotton.	Between 31st July and 1st February.	Same as Tidal,
5. Cork,	Ballycotton Head to Galley Head.	From Ballycotton to Barry's Head, between 15th August and 1st February; and from Barry's Head to Galley Head (save in Bandon and Argideen Rivers), between 15th August and 15th February; for Bandon, between 15th August and 1st March; and for Argideen, between 31st August and 1st March.	Same as Tidal,
6[1]. Skibbereen,	Galley Head to Mizen Head.	Between 30th September and 1st May.	Same as Tidal,
6[2]. Bantry,	Mizen Head to Crow Head.	Between 30th September and 1st May.	Same as Tidal,

NOTE.—The 21st section of the 26th & 27th Vic., c. 114, requires there shall not be fewer than 168 days Close season in each Fishery.

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No. 23.

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive).

No.	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change.	Principal Rivers in District. No.
1	Same as for Nets in Fresh Water.	Between 31st Oct. and 1st day of Feb., save Broadmeadow Water and Ward Rivers, between 14th Oct. and 1st Feb.	15th Oct., 1874. 21st July, 1882. 27th Jan., 1883. 4th Sept., 1893.	1. Liffey, Bray, Vartry.
2	do.	Between 30th Sept. and 15th Mar., save River Slaney and Tributaries, between 31st August and 26th February.	26th Dec., 1873. 2nd Oct., 1882. 24th Dec., 1888. 9th Feb., 1894.	2. Slaney, Courtown Inch, Urrin, Boro.
3	do.	Between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb., save River Suir and Tributaries, between 15th Oct. and 1st Feb.	12th Nov., 1874. 17th Feb., 1883.	3. Suir, Nore, and Barrow.
4	do.	Between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb.	8th Dec., 1891.	4. Blackwater
5	do.	From Ballycotton to Barry's Head, between 12th Oct. and 1st Feb., and from Barry's Head to Galley Head, between 12th Oct. and 15th Feb., save in the Argideen River, which is between the 31st Oct. and 15th Feb.	20th Dec., 1875. 14th Dec., 1881. 6th April, 1889.	5. Lee, Bandon Argideen.
6¹	do.	Between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.	17th June, 1891.	6¹. Ilen.
6²	do.	Between 31st Oct. and 17th Mar.	29th Jan., 1873	6². Glengariffe, Snave, &c

WEEKLY CLOSE SEASON.—By the 20th section of the 26th & 27th Vic. c. 114 no Salmon or Trout shall be fished for or taken in any way, except by Single Rod and Line, between six of the clock on Saturday morning and six of the clock on the succeeding Monday morning

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APPENDI

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the differen

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal.	Fresh Water.
6[a]. Kenmare,	Crow Head to Lamb Head.	Between 15th September and 1st April.	Same as Tidal,
7[2] Waterville,	Lamb Head to the most westerly point of Kells Bay.	Between the most westerly point of Kelle Bay and Canglass Point, the sea and sea coast between these points, and all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the said sea between said points—between 31st August and 1st May. Between Canglass Point and Bolus Head, embracing the islands and sea and coast between these points, and all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points—between 15th September and 1st June. Between Bolus Head and Lamb Head, embracing the islands and sea and coast between these points and all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points (save the River Inny and the Waterville or Currane River and their Tributaries)—between 31st July and 1st May. In the River Inny and its Tributaries—between 30th September and 1st May. In the Waterville or Currane River and its Tributaries and all Lakes running into said River—between 15th July and 1st January.	Same as Tidal,
7[1]. Killarney,	The most westerly point of Kells Bay to Dunmore Head (the Blaskets inclusive).	Between Dunmore Head and the most westerly point of Kells Bay, embracing the Blasket Islands, the sea and sea coast between these points, and all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points (save the Rivers Maine, Laune, Carragh, and Rosbehy, or Behy, and their Lakes and Tributaries and their common Estuary)—between 31st August and 1st May. In Rivers Maine, Laune, Carragh, and Rosbehy or Behy, and their Lakes and Tributaries and in their common Estuary—between 31st July and 17th January.	Same as Tidal,

NOTE.—Close Season for the capture of Eels by means of any Coghill, Eel, or other net or Basketwork, in the eye, [illegible] between the 31st January and 1st July, and in all other rivers in the Limerick District between 31st December and [illegible] in the Colerraine District, which is between 10th January and 1st June in each year, and save also in Corrib or Galway

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No. 23—*continued.*

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive)—*con.*

No.	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change.	Principal Rivers in District. No.
6[3]	Same as for Nets in Fresh Water.	Between 31st Oct. and 1st April.	7th Feb., 1856. 14th Nov., 1882.	6[3]. Blackwater, Roughty, Cloonee, Sneem.
7[2]	do.	Between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Canglase Point, and including all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points—between 15th October and 1st February. Between Canglaes Point and Bolus Head, and embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points—between 15th September and 1st June. Between Bolus Head and Lamb Head, and embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points—between 15th October and 1st February.	27th Sept., 1889.	7[2] Currane, Inny, Carban, Ferta, or Valentia.
7[1]	do.	Between Dunmore Head and Inch Point, and embracing all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points—between 31st October and 1st April. Between Inch Point and the most westerly point of Kells Bay, and including all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points, save the Rivers Maine and Laune, and their Lakes and Tributaries—between 15th October and 1st February. In Rivers Maine and Laune, and their Lakes and Tributaries—between 31st October and 1st February.	27th Sept., 1889. 29th Nov., 1893. 3rd Jan., 1884.	7[1] Roebehy, Maine Laune, Carragh.

or sluice of any Eel or other weir, between the 10th January and 1st July, save in the River Shannon, which is 1st July in year following, and save in Drogheda District, which is between 30th November and 1st July, and save River which is between the 10th February and 1st July in each year.

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APPENDIX

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the different

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal.	Fresh Water.
8. Limerick,*	Dunmore to Hags Head.	Between 31st July and 12th February, save Rivers Cashen and Maigne, and Tributaries, and eave between Kerry Head and Dunmore Head, and between Loop Head and Hags Head, and all Rivers running into the sea between those points. For River Cashen (down to its month) and Tributaries, between 31st Angnst and 1st June. For Maigue River, between 16th July and 1st February. Between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head, and all Rivere flowing into the sea between those points, between 15th September and 1st April. Between Loop Head and Hage Head, and all Rivers running into the eea between those points, between 15th September and 1st May.	Same as Tidal.
9[1]. Galway,	Hags Head to Sea Point of Boundary between Townlands of Keeraunnagark South and Banraghbaun South, S.E. of Cashla Coast Guard Station.	Between 15th Augnst and 1st February, save in Corrib or Galway, which is between 31st August and 16th February.	Same as Tidal.
9[2]. Connemara	Sea Point of Boundary between Townlands of Keeraunnagark South, and Banraghbaun South, S.E. of Cashla Coast Guard Station, to Slyne Head	Between 15th August and 1st February.	Same as Tidal.
10[1]. Ballinakill,	Slyne Head to Pigeon Point.	Between the 31st August and 16th February, save in Lonisburgh and Carrownisky Rivers and Estuaries. For Louisburgh and Carrownisky Rivers and Estnaries, between 15th of September and 1st July.	Same as Tidal.

* Netting in the River Shannon between Wellesley Bridge and the Railway Bridge is prohibited between 1st June and 11th February, both dates inclusive.

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No. 23—*continued.*

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive)—*con.*

No	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change.	Principal Rivers in District. No.
8	Same as for Nets in Fresh Water.	Between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb., save in that part situated in the County Westmeath the waters of which flow into Lough Ree and the River Shannon, and save in Lough Sheelin; save Shannon, Feale, Geale, and Cashen, save in Mulcair River, and save in all rivers running into the sea, between Loop Head and Hags Head, and between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head, and save also in the Rivers Owenmore and Feohanagh, in the County of Kerry, which are situated between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head. For Rivers Shannon and Mulcair between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb. following. For Feale, Geale, and Cashen and Tributaries, between 31st October and 1st May; between Loop Head and Hags Head between 30th September and 1st March; and between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head (save in the Rivers Owenmore and Feohanagh) between 30th Sept. and 1st April. For Owenmore and Feohanagh, situated between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head, between 31st October and 1st May. For that part of the Limerick District situated in the County Westmeath, the waters of which flow into Lough Ree and the River Shannon, and for Lough Sheelin, between the 30th September and 1st March.	13th Oct. 1874. 17th Sept., 1878. 27th Aug., 1879. 19th Aug., 1882. 8th Sept., 1885. 27th Aug., 1886. 14th Sept., 1889. 18th Jan., 1893.	8. Shannon, Deel, Fergus, Doonbeg, Cashen, Maigue, &c.
9[1]	do.	Between 15th Oct. and 1st Feb., save Spiddle and Crumlin, which is between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.; and save Ongiterard and Tributaries, which is between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb.	26th Dec., 1871. 23rd Oct., 1876. 20th Aug., 1878. 10th July, 1879. 27th Jan., 1887.	9[1]. Corrib, Spiddle, Crumlin, Cughterard, &c.
9[2]	do.	Between 15th Oct. and 1st Feb., save Doohulla, Cashla, Ballinahinch, Screeb, and Inver, which is between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.	26th Dec., 1871. 17th Sept., 1877. 20th Aug., 1878.	9[2]. Cashla, Doohulla, Inver, Screeb, Ballinahinch, Gowla, &c.
10	do.	Between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb., save in Carrownisky River—between 31st Oct. and 1st July, and save Louisburgh River and Tributaries, between 31st Oct. and 1st June.	1st June, 1872. 20th Dec., 1880.	10[1]. Erriff, Dauross, Louisburgh, Carrownisky.

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APPENDIX

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the different

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal.	Fresh Water.
10[2]. Bangor, .	Pigeon Point to Benwee Head.	Between 31st August and 16th February, save in Newport and Glenamoy Rivers. For Newport River and Estuary, 31st August and 20th March; Glenamoy River and Estuary, 15th September and 1st May.	Same as Tidal.
11. Ballina, .	Benwee to Coonamore.	Between 12th August and 16th March, save Palmerstown and Easkey Rivers, which is between 31st August and 1st June.	Between 31st July and 1st Feb., save Palmerstown and Easkey Rivers, which is between 31st August and 1st June.
12. Sligo, .	Coonamore to Mullaghmore.	Between 19th August and 4th February, save in the Tidal Waters, Sligo River and its Estuary, which is between 15th July and 1st January, and save in the Ballisodare River and its Estuary, which is between 13th September and 4th March, following.	Between 19th August and 4th February, save Sligo River, which is between 31st July and 16th January, and save in Ballisodare River, which is between 13th September and 4th March following.
13. Ballyshannon	Mullaghmore to Rossan.	Between 19th August and 1st March, save River Eske and Tributaries, and Estuary, which is between 17th September and 1st April.	Same as Tidal, save Bundrowes, which is between 31st July and 1st February.
14. Letterkenny,	Rossan to Malin Head.	Between 19th August and 4th February, for Tidal, save Crana or Buncrana, and Gweebarra Rivers, Trawbreaga Bay, and Owenea and Owentocker Rivers. For Crana or Buncrana River, between 14th September and 15th April. For Gweebarra, between 30th September and 1st April. For Trawbreaga Bay, between 30th September and 1st July. For Owenea and Owentocker Rivers, between 31st August and 1st June.	Crana or Buncrana River, Lonean and Gweebarra Rivers, same as Tidal for these Rivers. Owenea and Owentocker Rivers, between 19th Aug. and 1st June. Remainder of District, save one mile above the tideway in such remainder, between 19th August and 1st March. One mile above the tideway within such remainder, between 19th August and 4th February.

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No. 23—*continued.*

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive)—*con.*

No.	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change	Principal Rivers in District. No.
10[2]	Same as for Nets in Fresh Water.	Between 30th Sept. and 1st May, save in Owenmore and Munhim, which is between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb.; and save in Burrisboole, between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.; and save Owengarve and Glenamoy, between 31st Oct. and 1st May; and save Owenduff or Ballycroy, and Ballyveeny and Owenduff, and all rivers in Achill Island, between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.	1st June, 1872. 7th Oct., 1875. 5th Dec., 1876. Do.	10[2]. Newport, Owenmore, Burrisboole, Owengarve, Glenamoy, Ballycroy.
11	do.	Between 15th Sept. and 1st Feb., save Oloonaghmore or Palmerston River and Tributaries which is (in tidal) between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb., (upper) between 31st Oct. and 1st June; and save Easkey River and Tributaries, which is between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb. [NOTE—By the By-Laws dated 11th November, 1903, it is prohibited to capture Trout by means of Rods and Lines, during the months of April and May in each year, in all parts of the River Moy and its Tributaries which are accessible to Salmon, save in all Lakes on the course of the said River and its Tributaries.]	19th Dec., 1870. 10th July, 1877. 25th Jan., 1881.	11. Moy, Easkey, Oloonaghmore.
12	do.	30th Sept. and 1st Feb., save in Drumcliffe River and Glencar Lake between 19th Oct. and 1st Feb., and in Grange River between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb., and save also in the tidal parts of the Sligo or Garvogue River, which is between 15th July and 1st January.	24th April, 1871. 27th Sept., 1877. 30th Jan., 1886. 11th Oct., 1886. 9th June, 1893.	12. Sligo, Ballisodare, Drumcliffe.
13	do.	Between 9th October and 1st March, save Bunduff, Bundrowes, and Erne Rivers and Tributaries; Bunduff River, 30th September and 1st February; Bundrowes, 30th September and 1st February, and Erne River, 30th September and 1st March.	24th Nov., 1871. 26th June, 1875. 3rd Dec., 1884. 31st Oct., 1891.	13. Glen, Inver, Eske, Bunduff, Bundrowes, Erne.
14	do.	From 1st November to 1st February, save in Crana or Buncrana, which is between 31st October and 1st March, and Owenea and Owentocker Rivers, between 30th September and 1st April.	2nd Sept., 1857. 28th Feb., 1874. 25th Nov., 1874. 21st March, 1876. 3rd Aug., 1885. 26th Aug., 1885.	14. Lennan, Gweedore, Gweebarra, Buncrana.

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APPENDIX

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the different

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal.	Fresh Water.
15[1]. Londonderry	Malin to Downhill Boundary.	Between 31st August and 15th April.	Same as Tidal.
15[2]. Coleraine, .	Downhill Bonndary to Portrush.	Between 19th August and 4th February.	Between 19th August and 1st March.
16. Ballycastle, .	Portrush to Donaghadee.	Between 19th September and 17th March following.	Same as Tidal.
17[2] Dundalk,	Donaghadee to Clogher Head.	Between Ballaghan Point in County Louth, and Donaghadee in County Down, embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 15th September and 1st April. Between Clogher Head and the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan, County Louth, embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 19th August and 12th February. From the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan to Ballaghan Point, and embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 30th September and 1st May following.	Between Ballaghan Point, in County Louth, and Donaghadee, in County Down, embracing all Lakes and Rivers, and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 15th September and 1st April. Between Clogher Head and the Southern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan, County Louth, embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 19th August and 1st April. From the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan to Ballaghan Point, County Louth, embracing all Lakes and Rivers, and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 30th September and 1st May. In the Annagassan, Glyde, and Dee Rivers and their Tributaries, 19th August and 12th February.
17[1] Drogheda, .	Clogher Head to Skerries.	Between 4th August and 12th February.	Same as Tidal.

NOTE.—Close Season for Pollen Fishing by Trammel and Draft Net in

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No. 23—*continued.*

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive)—*con.*

No.	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change.	Principal Rivers in District. No.
15[1]	Same as for Nets in Fresh Water.	Between 10th October and 1st April, save in the Cuidaff, which is between 15th October and 1st March.	27th Jan., 1862. 19th July, 1877. 30th Dec., 1880. 18th April, 1890.	15[1]. Foyle, Roe.
15[2]	do.	Between 30th September and 1st March, save Rivers Maine and Blackwater, between 31st October and 1st March.	15th Dec., 1856. 12th Sept., 1894.	15[2]. Bann.
16	do.	Between 31st October and 1st February, save in the Bush River, which is between 30th September and 1st February.	23rd July, 1890. 2nd Sept., 1895.	16. Ballycastle, Glenarm, Bush, Glendun.
17[2]	do.	In the Upper or Fresh Waters between Clogher Head and the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan, and embracing all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, 30th Sept. and 1st Feb. In the Upper or Fresh Waters between the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan and Ballaghan Point, and embracing all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 30th Sept. and 1st May. In the Upper or Fresh Waters between Ballaghan Point and Donaghadee, between 31st October and 1st March. In any Tidal Waters between Clogher Head and the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the Annagassan River, between 19th August and 12th Feb. In any Tidal Waters between the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the Annagassan and Ballaghan Point, between 30th Sept. and 1st May. In any Tidal Waters between Ballaghan Point and Donaghadee, between 31st October and 1st March.	30th Oct., 1880. 13th Dec., 1888. 18th Nov., 1892.	17[2]. Fane, Annagassan, Glyde, Dee.
17[1]	do.	Between 15th September and 12th February.	1st Oct., 1888. 6th Dec., 1892	17[1]. Boyne.

Lough Neagh between 1st November and 31st January, both days inclusive.

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APPENDIX No. 24.

CERTIFICATES granted up to Date of this Report for Fixed Engines for fishing for Salmon or Trout (arranged in Districts).

No.	Place.	Name of Person to whom Certificate granted.	Date of Certificate.	Name of Person to whom Certificate transferred.	Date of Transfer.	District in which situated.	Description of Fixed Net.	Particulars of Site, &c.	Observations.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

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Appendix No. 25.

Schedule of Licence Duties payable in each District on Engines used for Fishing for Salmon, &c., at Date of this Report.

District.	1. Salmon Rods.	2. Cross Lines.	3. Snap Nets	4. Draft Nets.	5. Drift Nets.	6. Trammel Nets for Pollen.	7. Draft Nets for Pollen.	8. Pole Nets.	9. Bag Nets.	10. Fly Nets.	11. Stake Nets.	12. Head Weirs.	13. Box, Crib &c.	14. Gap, Rye, &c.	15. Sweepers.	16. Coghill.	17. Loop Nets.	18. Long Lines for White Trout.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d
1. Dublin,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
2. Wexford.	1 0 0	2 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	–	–	2 0 0						0 10 0	–	1 0 0	–	–
3. Waterford,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
4. Lismore,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
5. Cork,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
6[1]. Skibbereen,	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	1 0 0						0 10 0	–	–	–	–
6[2]. Bantry,	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	1 0 0						0 10 0	–	–	–	–
6[3]. Kenmare,	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	1 0 0						0 10 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	–	–
7[1]. Killarney,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	0 15 0	0 15 0	1 0 0						0 10 0	–	–	–	–
7[2]. Waterville,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	0 15 0	0 15 0	1 0 0						0 10 0	–	–	–	–
8. Limerick,	1 0 0	1 5 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
9[1]. Galway,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0	10 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	6 0 0	10 0 0	1 0 0	–	1 0 0	–	–
9[2]. Connemara,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	1 0 0	–	–
10[1]. Ballynakill,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
10[2]. Bangor,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
11. Ballina,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
12. Sligo,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
13. Ballyshannon,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	1 0 0	–	–
14. Letterkenny,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						0 10 0	–	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0
15[1]. Londonderry,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	–	–	–
15[2]. Coleraine,	1 0 0	2 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	1 0 0	1 10 0	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	3 [illegible] 0	–	–
16. Ballycastle,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	0 10 0	–	–
17[1]. Drogheda,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	1 0 0	0 10 0	–
17[2]. Dundalk,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	–	–	2 0 0						1 0 0	–	1 0 0	–	–

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APPENDIX

SCHEDULE of LICENCE DUTIES, &c., received by the

DISTRICT.	Number and Description of Licences sold.																		
	1. Salmon Rods.	2. Cross Lines.	3. Snap Nets.	4. Draft Nets.	5. Drift Nets.	6. Trammel Nets for Pollen.	7. Pole Nets.	8. Bag Nets.	9. Fly Nets.	10. Stake Nets.	11. Head Weirs.	12. Box, Crib, &c.	13. Gap, Eye, &c.	14. Sweepers.	15. Coghills.	16. Loop Nets.	17. Draft Nets for Pollen.	18. Long Lines for White Trout.	19. Draft Nets for Eels.
1 Dublin,	82	-	-	23	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Wexford,	126	2	-	78	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Waterford,	190	-	192	26	67	-	-	1	-	4	-	4	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Lismore,	240	2	15	17	72	-	1	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Cork,	178	-	-	36	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Do. (Bandon),	108	-	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
6[1]. Skibbereen,	27	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6[2]. Bantry,	11	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6[3]. Kenmare	24	-	-	6	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7[1]. Killarney,	156	-	-	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7[2]. Waterville,	138	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. Limerick,	394	13	21	58	67	-	10	-	-	36	-	11	175	-	-	-	-	-	-
9[1]. Galway,	100	-	-	10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	33	-	-	-	-	-	-
9[2]. Connemara,	165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
10[1]. Ballynakill,	95	-	-	13	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10[2]. Bangor,	75	-	-	17	19	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11. Ballina,	87	-	-	24	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	38	-	-	-	-	-	-
12. Sligo,	51	-	-	24	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
13. Ballyshannon,	119	7	-	23	16	-	3	-	-	1	-	5	36	-	-	-	-	-	-
14 Letterkenny,	268	-	-	13	227	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	5	-	-	15	-	3	-
15[1]. Londonderry,	244	-	-	28	104	-	4	4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15[2]. Coleraine,	112	-	-	13	11	88	-	1	-	-	-	4	20	-	54	-	145	-	19
16 Ballycastle,	47	-	-	11	9	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
17[1]. Drogheda,	72	2	2	117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	27	-	-	-	-
17[2]. Dundalk,	44	-	-	35	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total, 1907,	3,147	26	230	665	612	89	21	39	-	47	1	46	343	-	82	15	145	3	19
Total, 1906,	3,124	28	236	738	658	102	23	42	-	48	1	46	368	1	56	25	162	3	21

The estimate of the average number of

1. Salmon Rods,	1 man.	5. Drift Nets,	5 men.
2. Cross Lines,	2 men.	6. Trammel Nets,	2 do.
3. Snap Nets,	4 do.	7. Pole Nets,	3 do.
4. Draft Nets,	6 do.	8. Bag Nets,	4 do.

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No. 26.

BOARDS of CONSERVATORS for the Year 1907.

Amount of Licence Duty.	Per-centage on Poor Law Valuation.	Amount received for Fines, Sale of Forfeited Engines, Interest on Bank Account, Refunds, &c.	Amount of Subscriptions received.	Total Amount received.	Average No. employed.	DISTRICT.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
159 0 0	2 10 0	6 2 0	26 4 0	193 16 6	233	1. Dublin.
367 10 0	25 10 0	19 0 3	—	412 0 3	603	2. Wexford.
942 0 0	56 9 0	52 0 3	—	1,050 15 9	1,501	3. Waterford.
635 10 0	215 7 0	28 11 2	106 0 0	985 8 2	782	4. Lismore.
296 0 0	41 19 0	77 0 0	409 16 0	821 15 0	398	5. Cork.
192 0 0	18 8 0	21 0 0	—	231 8 0	276	Do. (Bandon)
45 0 0	—	1 0 8	25 13 6	72 0 2	63	6[1]. Skibbereen.
29 0 0	1 3 0	3 18 0	—	34 1 9	47	6[2]. Bantry.
62 0 0	0 7 0	11 17 0	95 0 0	178 4 0	68	6[3]. Kenmare.
297 0 0	10 19 0	23 3 2	160 0 0	497 2 2	444	7[1]. Killarney.
170 0 0	—	5 18 0	29 0 0	204 18 9	163	7[2]. Waterville.
2,201 15 0	98 3 0	47 3 2	1,501 18 0	3,848 19 2	1,715	8. Limerick.
216 0 0	10 4 0	17 18 9	10 0 0	254 2 9	233	9[1]. Galway.
169 0 0	48 10 0	—	—	217 10 0	173	9[2]. Connemara.
137 0 0	—	—	60 0 0	197 0 0	178	10[1]. Ballynakill.
312 0 0	14 2 0	—	20 0 0	347 2 0	324	10[2]. Bangor.
402 0 0	110 0 0	11 15 0	3 0 0	526 15 0	535	11. Ballina.
137 0 0	31 0 0	0 3 8	91 17 0	260 1 2	207	12. Sligo.
372 0 0	1 0 0	10 14 4	250 3 0	633 17 4	438	13. Ballyshannon.
1,031 0 0	14 10 0	19 19 11	—	1,065 9 11	1,520	14. Letterkenny.
778 0 0	92 0 0	29 9 0	103 0 0	1,007 6 0	972	15[1]. Londonderry
778 10 0	59 3 0	61 7 8	120 0 0	1,019 0 8	863	15[2]. Coleraine.
247 10 0	15 0 0	3 1 3	—	265 11 3	215	16. Ballycastle.
507 0 0	24 19 0	64 8 4	—	596 7 4	815	17[1]. Drogheda.
183 0 0	11 2 0	5 12 10	—	199 14 10	203	17[2]. Dundalk.
10,667 15 0	917 5 6	521 15 5	3,013 12 0	15,120 7 11	13,064	Total, 1907.
11,042 10 0	732 2 9	385 7 2	1,956 19 6	14,110 19 2	13,715	Total, 1906.

men employed is made up as follows:—

9. Fly Nets, . . . 4 men.
10. Stake Nets, . . . 4 do.
11. Head Weirs, . . . 1 man.
12. Box, Crib, &c. (every 5). . 2 men.
13. Gap Eye, &c. . . . 2 do.
14. Sweepers, . . . 6 do
15. Coghills, . . . 1 man.
16. Loop or Frame Nets, . 1 do.
17. Draft Nets for Pollen, . 2 men.
18. Long Lines, . . . 3 do.
19. Draft Nets for Eels, . 3 do.

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Appendix No. 27.

Table showing the Total Amount received in the various Fishery Districts from the sale of Licences between the years 1863 and 1907, inclusive.

—	Amount received for Licence Duty. £	s.	d.	—	Amount received for Licence Duty. £	s.	d.	—	Amount received for Licence Duty. £	s.	d.
1863, . . .	5,659	7	6	1878, . . .	9,290	5	0	1894, . . .	11,138	2	6
1864, . . .	6,841	5	0	1879, . . .	9,250	15	0	1895 . . .	10,448	5	0
1865, . . .	6,537	6	8	1880, . . .	9,055	10	0	1896, . . .	10,817	15	0
1866, . . .	6,828	16	8	1881, . . .	9,362	0	0	,, Unaccounted for in 1896, .	18	0	0
1867, . . .	6,947	0	0	1882, . . .	9,935	10	0	1897, . . .	10,525	0	0
1868, . . .	6,667	0	0	1883, . . .	9,728	0	0	1898, . . .	10,421	0	0*
1869, . . .	6,444	8	4	1884, . . .	9,976	0	0	1899, . . .	9,821	15	0†
1870, . . .	7,233	3	4	1885, . . .	10,746	15	0	1900, . . .	9,521	15	0
1871, . . .	8,364	5	0	1886, . . .	10,652	4	6	1901, . . .	9,210	10	0
1872, . . .	8,369	5	0	1887, . . .	9,802	10	0	1902, . . .	9,275	0	0
1873, . . .	8,515	5	0	1888, . . .	10,625	0	0	1903, . . .	9,795	15	0
1874, . . .	8,776	0	0	1889, . . .	10,020	10	0	1904, . . .	10,260	0	0
1875, . . .	8,894	5	0	1890, . . .	10,005	10	0	1905, . . .	10,862	5	0
1876, . . .	9,265	15	0	1891, . . .	10,550	10	0	1906, . . .	11,042	10	0
1877, . . .	9,241	15	0	1892, . . .	10,509	0	0	1907, . . .	10,667	15	0
				1893, . . .	10,509	5	0				

* Includes 82 Eel Licences used in 1897, and not paid for until 1898.
† Includes 1 Salmon Rod, 9 Bag Nets, and 7 Eel Licences used in 1898, and not paid for until 1899.

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Appendix No. 28.

ABSTRACTS OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVED FROM THE DIFFERENT DISTRICTS FOR THE YEAR 1907.

Dublin District.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,		—		200	5	8
82 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	82	0	0			
23 Draft Net ,, . .	69	0	0			
2 Drift Net ,, . .	6	0	0			
1 Pole Net ,, . .	2	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .	—			159	0	0
Fines received, ...	—			3	0	0
Produce of Sales of forfeited Engines,	—			3	2	6
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			2	10	0
Subscriptions (including £12 7*s.* from Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction.)	—			26	4	0
Total, ...	—			£394	2	2

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs, ...	92	15	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions, . .	20	14	8			
Postage, ...	1	13	6			
Printing and Stationery, . .	7	0	11			
Travelling and Miscellaneous, .	44	9	4			
Salaries, ...	41	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors, ...	2	0	0			
Total, ...	—			209	13	5
Balance in Bank, . .	—			184	8	9
				£394	2	2

Wexford District.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,		—		415	1	0
126 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	126	0	0			
2 Cross Lines ,, . .	4	0	0			
78 Draft Net ,, . .	234	0	0			
1 Pole Net ,, . .	2	0	0			
1 Trammel Net ,, . .	1	10	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .	—			367	10	0
Fines received, ...	—			9	12	10
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			25	10	0
Interest on Bank Account, .	—			9	7	5
Total, ...	—			£827	1	3

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APPENDIX No. 28.—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	318	3	1			
Prosecutions,	26	1	0			
Postage,	2	11	3			
Printing and Stationery,	12	14	9			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	14	17	11			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	0	3	4			
Total,	—			374	11	4
Balance,	—			452	9	11
				£827	1	3

WATERFORD DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			884	18	4
190 Salmon Rod Licences,	190	0	0			
192 Snap Net ,,	288	0	0			
26 Draft Net ,,	78	0	0			
67 Drift Net ,,	201	0	0			
1 Bag Net ,,	10	0	0			
4 Stake Net ,,	120	0	0			
4 Box or Crib ,,	40	0	0			
15 Gaps or Eyes for Eel Licences,	15	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—			942	0	0
Fines received,	—			46	12	11
Produce of sales of forfeited Engines,	—			0	1	8
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			56	9	6
Miscellaneous Receipts,	—			5	11	8
Total,	—			£1,935	14	1

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	622	17	5			
Prosecutions,	57	1	10			
Postage,	8	17	7			
Printing and Stationery,	16	18	5			
Miscellaneous Expenses,	36	12	10			
Travelling,	48	9	2			
Salaries,	125	0	0			
Commission on Sale of Licences, &c.,	37	9	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	50	9	0			
Auditor's fee,	3	3	0			
Rent of Office,	10	0	0			
Rewards for killing Seals,	3	10	0			
Total,	—			1,020	8	3
Balance	—			915	5	10
				£1,935	14	1

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Appendix No. 28.—*continued.*

Lismore District.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year, .	—			182	8	0
240 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	240	0	0			
2 Cross Line „ . .	4	0	0			
15 Snap Net „ . .	22	10	0			
17 Draft Net „ . .	51	0	0			
72 Drift Net „ . .	216	0	0			
1 Pole Net „ . .	2	0	0			
3 Stake Net „ . .	90	0	0			
1 Box or Crib „ . .	10	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .	—			635	10	0
Fines received, ...	—			26	1	2
Produce of Sales of forfeited Engines,	—			2	10	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			215	7	0
Subscriptions, ...	—			106	0	0
Total, ...	—			£1,167	16	2

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs, ...	575	16	6			
Prosecutions, ...	56	17	7			
Postage, ...	8	9	3			
Printing and Stationery, . .	10	6	4			
Travelling and Miscellaneous, .	71	1	9			
Salaries, ...	100	0	0			
Commission on Sale of Licences, .	30	15	1			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors, ...	13	6	2			
Rewards for killing Seals and Otters,	4	11	0			
Rent of Office, Boathouse, and Bailiffs' Cottages, . . .	24	0	0			
Interest on Overdrafts, . .	1	2	5			
Total, ...	—			896	6	1
Balance, ...	—			271	10	1
				£1,167	16	2

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Appendix No. 28—*continued.*

Cork District.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance,	—			9	10	10
178 Salmon Rod Licences,	178	0	0			
36 Draft Net ,,	108	0	0			
1 Bag Net ,,	10	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—			296	0	0
Fines received,	—			7	0	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			41	19	0
Subscriptions (including £400 from Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction),	—			406	16	0
Claim for malicious injury to Steam Launch,	—			70	0	0
Total,	—			£831	5	10

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance due to Bank on 31st October, 1906,	164	11	1			
Water Bailiffs,	344	8	6			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	3	6	6			
Postage,	1	3	8			
Printing and Stationery,	1	12	6			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	152	13	7			
Salaries, &c.,	86	6	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	20	13	4			
Total,	—			774	15	2
Balance { in Bank,	39	0	3	56	10	8
Balance { in hands of Clerk,	8	10	5			
Balance { due for Licences,	9	0	0			
				£831	5	10

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

CORK DISTRICT (Bandon Division.)

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			70	12	4
108 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	108	0	0			
28 Draft Net „ . .	84	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .	—			192	0	0
Fines received, . . .	—			21	0	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			18	8	0
Total, ...	—			£302	0	4

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs, . . .	118	7	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions, . .	1	19	0			
Printing, ...	5	6	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses, ...	5	13	9			
Salaries, ...	54	12	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors, ...	7	0	0			
Commission on sale of Licences, .	9	12	0			
Total, ...	—			202	9	9
Balance { In Bank, . .	90	4	7			
Balance { In hands of Clerk, .	9	6	0			
				99	10	7
				£302	0	4

SKIBBEREEN DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year, .	—			38	19	3
27 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	27	0	0			
6 Draft Net „ . .	18	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .	—			45	0	0
Fines received, ...	—			1	6	8
Subscriptions (including £25 from Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction),	—			25	13	6
Total, ...	—			£110	19	5

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	25	16	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions, including costs incurred in previous year,	24	11	10			
Postage,	0	11	4			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	10	11	6			
Printing and Stationery,	1	8	10			
Salaries,	10	0	0			
Commission on sale of licences,	2	4	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	5	13	4			
Total,		—		80	16	10
Balance,		—		30	2	7
				£110	19	5

BANTRY DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,		—		18	8	7
11 Salmon Rod Licences,	11	0	0			
6 Draft Net ,,	18	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,		—		29	0	0
Fines received,		—		3	11	6
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,		—		1	3	0
Interest,		—		0	7	3
Total,		—		£52	10	4

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	28	1	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	2	8	2			
Postage,	0	7	0			
Printing and Stationery, &c.,	0	17	7			
Salaries,	9	0	0			
Commission on sale of Licences,	1	9	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	0	8	4			
Total,		—		42	11	1
Balance,		—		9	19	3
				£52	10	4

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

KENMARE DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,		—		7	0	0
24 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	24	0	0			
6 Draft Net ,, . .	18	0	0			
2 Bag Net ,, . .	20	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .		—		62	0	0
Fines received, ...		—		11	16	0
Sale of Forfeited Engines, .		—		0	1	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,		—		9	7	0
Subscriptions (including £60 from the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction), .		—		95	0	0
Total, ...		—		£185	4	0

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs, ...	72	15	0			
Prosecutions, ...	0	5	0			
Postage, ...	0	8	9			
Printing and Stationery, . .	2	0	1			
Travelling and Miscellaneous, .	13	16	8			
Salaries, ...	4	10	0			
Total, ...		—		93	15	6
Balance, In Bank, . .	89	6	6			
Less outstanding cheques, . .	2	18	0			
	86	8	6			
In hands of late Clerk, . .	5	0	0			
				91	8	6
				£185	4	0

WATERVILLE DISTRICT.

	£	s	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,		—		223	0	0
138 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	138	0	0			
4 Draft Net ,, . .	12	0	0			
2 Box or Crib ,, . .	20	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .		—		170	0	0
Fines received, . . .		—		4	14	6
Interest on Bank account, . .		—		1	4	3
Subscriptions (including £14 10*s.* from the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction),		—		29	0	0
Total, ...		—		£427	18	9

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows:

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	126	5	0			
Prosecutions,	5	11	2			
Printing and Stationery,	3	2	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	45	12	7			
Salaries,	60	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	3	6	8			
Total,		—		243	17	5
Balance,		—		184	1	4
				£427	18	9

KILLARNEY DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,		—		387	12	1
150 Salmon Rod Licences,	150	0	0			
49 Draft Net ,,	147	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,		—		297	0	0
Fines received,		—		23	3	2
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,		—		16	19	0
Subscriptions (including £100 from the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction),		—		160	0	0
Total,		—		£884	14	3

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	382	0	0			
Prosecutions,	18	16	3			
Printing and Stationery,	10	5	5			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	33	1	6			
Salaries,	75	0	0			
Commission on Sale of Licences,	14	10	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	7	7	4			
Total,		—		541	0	6
Balance in Bank,		—		343	13	9
				£884	14	3

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Appendix No. 28—*continued.*

Limerick District.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			341	5	9
394 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	394	0	0			
13 Cross Line „ . .	16	5	0			
21 Snap Net „ . .	31	10	0			
58 Draft Net „ . .	174	0	0			
67 Drift Net „ . .	201	0	0			
10 Pole Net „ . .	20	0	0			
36 Stake Weir „ . .	1,080	0	0			
11 Box or Crib „ . .	110	0	0			
175 Gaps for taking Eel Licences, .	175	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .	—			2,201	15	0
Fines received, ...	—			42	11	2
Sales of forfeited Engines, .	—				—	
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			98	3	0
Subscriptions (including £1,110 from the Department) . .	—			1,501	18	0
Interest on Bank Account, .	—			4	12	0
Total, ...	—			£4,190	4	11

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs, . .	£2,153	16	5			
Expenses of Prosecutions, . .	134	0	9			
Postage, ...	34	3	10			
Printing and Stationery, . .	18	8	6			
Travelling and Miscellaneous, .	412	2	0			
Salaries, ...	155	5	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors, ...	18	6	8			
Commission on Sale of Licences,	110	1	9			
Interest on Overdraft at Bank, .	11	4	6			
Total, ...	—			3,047	9	5
Balance { In Bank, . .	951	10	0	1,142	15	6
Balance { In hands of Clerk,	191	5	6			
				£4,190	4	11

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Appendix No. 28—*continued.*

Galway District.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
100 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	100	0	0			
10 Draft Net ,, . .	30	0	0			
1 Drift Net ,, . .	3	0	0			
5 Box or Crib ,, .	50	0	0			
33 Gaps, Eyes or Basket Licences, .	33	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .	—			216	0	0
Subscriptions, . . .	—			10	0	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			10	4	0
Fines received, . . .	—			17	18	9
Total, ...	—			254	2	9
Balance due to Bank, .	—			107	12	5
				£361	15	2

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Balance due to Bank as per last Account, ...	95	1	2			
Water Bailiffs, ...	173	17	4			
Expenses of Prosecutions, .	40	10	9			
Postage, ...	1	16	0			
Printing and Stationery, . .	3	11	6			
Travelling and Miscellaneous, .	32	17	0			
Proportion of penalties to Prosecutors, ...	14	1	5			
Salaries (Clerical work is honorary), ...	—					
Total, ...	—			£361	15	2

Connemara District.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			77	1	7½
165 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	165	0	0			
4 Gaps or Eyes or Basket Licences,	4	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, .	—			169	0	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	56	10	0			
Less amounts paid as Licence Duty, ...	8	0	0			
				48	10	0
Total, ...	—			£294	11	7½

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows :—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	133	15	0			
Postage,	3	0	8			
Printing and Stationery,	3	8	6			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	2	18	2			
Salaries,	40	0	0			
Commission on Sale of Licences,	10	8	0			
Total,	—			193	10	4
Balance, In Bank,	95	15	3			
Balance, In Clerk's hands,	5	6	0½			
				101	1	3½
				£294	11	7½

BALLYNAKILL DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			152	9	9
95 Salmon Rod Licences,	95	0	0			
13 Draft Net "	39	0	0			
1 Drift Net "	3	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—			137	0	0
Subscriptions,	—			60	0	0
Total,	—			£349	9	9

The Expenditure was as follows :—

Water Bailiffs,	162	10	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	7	7	0			
Postage,	1	4	0			
Printing and Stationery,	1	18	6			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	7	6	6			
Salaries,	18	0	0			
Commission and Bonus,	12	11	7			
Total,	—			210	17	7
Balance,	—			138	12	2
				£349	9	9

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Appendix No. 28—*continued.*

Bangor District.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			330	7	0
75 Salmon Rod Licences,	75	0	0			
17 Draft Net "	51	0	0			
19 Drift Net "	57	0	0			
13 Bag Net "	130	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—			313	0	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			14	2	0
Subscriptions,	—			20	0	0
Total,	—			£677	9	0

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	310	0	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	0	5	0			
Postage,	1	0	0			
Printing and Stationery,	6	0	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	4	16	0			
Salaries,	30	0	0			
Premium on Fidelity Bond,	3	15	0			
Total,	—			355	16	0
Balance,	—			321	13	0
				£677	9	0

Ballina District.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			318	0	7
87 Salmon Rod Licences,	87	0	0			
24 Draft Net "	72	0	0			
45 Drift Net "	135	0	0			
7 Box "	70	0	0			
*38 Gaps for taking Eels Licences,	38	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—			402	0	0
Fines received,	—			10	6	8
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			110	0	0
Sales of Forfeited Engines,	—			1	8	4
Subscriptions received,	—			3	0	0
Total,	—			£844	15	7

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	428	10	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	19	14	2			
Postage,	0	5	0			
Printing and Stationery,	1	4	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	2	8	0			
Salaries,	40	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	4	10	0			
Election of Conservators,	6	1	0			
Total,	—			502	12	2
Balance,	—			342	3	5
				£844	15	7

* 16 of these licences were issued in October, 1906, after closing accounts for that year.

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

SLIGO DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			131	12	8
51 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	51	0	0			
24 Draft Net ,, . .	72	0	0			
1 Bag Net ,, . .	10	0	0			
4 Gaps or Eyes ,, . .	4	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .	—			137	0	0
Subscriptions, . . .	—			91	17	6
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			31	0	0
Fines received, . . .	—			0	1	8
Refund of Law Costs, . .	—			0	2	0
Total, ...	—			£391	13	10

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs, . . .	260	10	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	2	9	0			
Postage, ...	1	10	0			
Printing and Stationery, . .	1	15	3			
Travelling and Miscellaneous, .	6	7	8			
Salaries, ...	25	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors, ...	0	1	8			
Total, ...	—			297	13	7
Balance { In Bank, . .	93	11	0	94	0	3
Balance { In Clerk's hands,	0	9	3			
				£391	13	10

BALLYSHANNON DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			480	16	10
119 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	119	0	0			
7 Cross Line ,, . .	14	0	0			
23 Draft Net ,, . .	69	0	0			
16 Drift Net ,, . .	48	0	0			
3 Pole Net ,, . .	6	0	0			
1 Stake Net ,, . .	30	0	0			
5 Box or Crib ,, . .	50	0	0			
36 Gaps or Eyes ,, . .	36	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .	—			372	0	0
Fines received, . . .	—			5	3	4
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			1	0	0
Subscriptions, ...	—			250	3	0
Bank Interest, ...	—			5	11	0
Total, ...	—			£1,114	14	2

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows :—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	598	3	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	7	16	4			
Postage,	2	10	0			
Printing and Stationery,	8	10	4			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	4	7	0			
Salaries,	60	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	5	3	4			
Auditor's Fee,	2	2	0			
Total,		—		688	12	0
Balance,		—		426	2	2
				£1,114	14	2

LETTERKENNY DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,		—		540	16	2
268 Salmon Rod Liconces,	268	0	0			
13 Draft Net ,,	39	0	0			
227 Drift Net ,,	681	0	0			
1 Bag Net ,,	10	0	0			
2 Box or Crib ,,	20	0	0			
5 Gaps or Eyes ,,	2	10	0			
15 Loop Net ,,	7	10	0			
3 Long Lines for White Trout,	3	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,		—		1,031	0	0
Fines received,		—		1	6	8
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,		—		14	10	0
Produce of Sales of Forfeited Engines,		—		0	3	11
Interest on Bank Account,		—		17	19	4
Refund by Clerk,		—		0	10	0
Total,		—		£1,606	6	1

The Expenditure was as follows :—

Water Bailiffs,				687	16	6		
Expenses of Prosecutions,				28	3	4		
Postage,				7	4	9½		
Printing and Stationery,				11	5	10		
Travelling and Miscellaneous,				82	6	1		
Salaries,				70	0	0		
Total,					—		886	16	6½
Balance: In Bank,	841	7	0					
Less outstanding cheques.	122	15	0	718	12	0		
In hands of Clerk,				0	17	6½		
							719	9	6½
							£1,606	6	1

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

LONDONDERRY DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,		—		692	8	9
244 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	244	0	0			
28 Draft Net " . .	84	0	0			
104 Drift Net " . .	312	0	0			
4 Pole Net " . .	8	0	0			
4 Bag Net " . .	40	0	0			
3 Stake Net " . .	90	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .		—		778	0	0
Fines received, . . .		—		29	6	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,		—		92	0	0
Subscriptions, ...		—		108	0	0
Total, ...		—		£1,699	14	9

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs, . . .	981	17	10			
Expenses of Prosecutions, .	84	15	6			
Printing and Stationery, .	0	16	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous, .	0	8	4			
Salaries, ...	95	0	0			
Total, ...		—		1,162	17	8
Balance, ...		—		536	17	1
				£1,699	14	9

COLERAINE DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,		—		54	8	10
112 Salmon Rod Licences, . .	112	0	0			
13 Draft Net "	39	0	0			
11 Drift Net "	33	0	0			
88 Trammel Net for Pollen Licences,	88	0	0			
1 Bag Net Licence, ...	10	0	0			
4 Box or Crib Licences, . .	40	0	0			
20 Gaps Eyes or Baskets Licences, .	20	0	0			
54 Coghill Licences, ...	162	0	0			
145 Draft Net for Pollen Licences, .	217	10	0			
19 Draft Net for Eel Licences, .	57	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . .		—		778	10	0
Fines received, ...		—		59	1	5
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,		—		59	3	0
Interest on Bank Account, .		—		2	6	3
Grant from Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for purchase of Trout Fry, ...		—		20	0	0
Grant from Department for Close Season Protection, . .		—		100	0	0
Total, ...		—		£1,073	9	6

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	457	19	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	189	9	0			
Postage,	3	7	7			
Printing and Stationery,	10	9	11			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	107	7	10			
Trout Fry	40	0	0			
Salaries,	150	0	0			
Awards to Royal Irish Constabulary,	14	15	0			
Commission on sale of Licences,	40	5	0			
Total,	—			1,013	13	4
Balance,	—			59	16	2
				£1,073	9	6

BALLYCASTLE DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			0	13	4
47 Salmon Rod Licences,	47	0	0			
11 Draft Net ,,	33	0	0			
9 Drift Net ,,	27	0	0			
14 Bag Net ,,	140	0	0			
1 Coghill ,,	0	10	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—			247	10	0
Fines received,	—			3	1	3
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			15	0	0
Total,	—			£266	4	7

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	239	5	11			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	5	14	0			
Postage,	0	6	2			
Printing and Stationery,	0	7	6			
Miscellaneous (reductions on Licences),	8	0	0			
Salaries,	10	0	0			
Commission,	2	11	0			
Total,	—			266	4	7
Balance,	—				—	
Total,	—			£266	4	7

DUNDALK DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			263	7	8
44 Salmon Rod Licences	44	0	0			
35 Draft Net ,,	105	0	0			
1 Drift Net ,,	3	0	0			
1 Pole Net ,,	2	0	0			
1 Bag Net ,,	10	0	0			
1 Head Weir ,,	6	0	0			
13 Gaps or Eyes for Eels Licences,	13	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—			183	0	0
Fines received,	—			5	12	10
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			11	2	0
Total,	—			£463	2	6

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APPENDIX No. 28—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	109	10	0			
Postage,	1	0	0			
Printing and Stationery,	2	10	7			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	30	5	6			
Salaries,	70	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	3	10	0			
Total,	—			216	16	1
Balance,	—			246	6	5
				£463	2	6

DROGHEDA DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			410	4	8
72 Salmon Rod Licences,	72	0	0			
2 Cross Line "	4	0	0			
2 Snap Net "	3	0	0			
117 Draft Net "	351	0	0			
5 Box or Crib "	50	0	0			
27 Coghill Licences,	27	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—			£507	0	0
Received from Mr. M'Cann, Solicitor, balance due on foot of £100 paid on account of costs,	—			60	0	0
Fines received,	—			4	8	4
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—			24	19	0
Total,	—			£1,006	12	0

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	249	0	4			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	30	5	6			
Postage,	3	8	7			
Printing and Stationery,	3	10	4			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	78	9	4			
Salaries,	115	0	0			
Commission on collection of Rates,	3	11	3			
Commission on sale of Licences,	1	12	0			
Total,	—			£484	17	4
Balance in Bank,	524	12	4			
Less outstanding Cheques,	2	17	8			
				521	14	8
				£1,006	12	0

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APPENDIX

SUBSTANCE of REPORTS received from Clerks of

DISTRICT.	What is the general state of the Salmon Fisheries in this District? Are they as a rule improving or declining?	Has the take of Salmon and Grilse by nets and weirs throughout the District been more, or less, productive in the present year than in the past one?
Dublin,	Not satisfactory, although this year shows a slight improvement on past few years,	More productive,
Wexford,	Slight improvement this year,	Take by nets more productive,
Waterford,	Satisfactory; not declining,	The take of salmon by nets and weirs was about the same as in previous year.
Lismore,	Good; improving,	About the same.
Cork,	Fairly good; about the same as past years.	More productive,
Cork (Bandon),	Fair; improving slightly.	Take of salmon about the same; that of grilse less productive.
Skibbereen	Improving,	Less productive,
Bantry,	Declining,	Less productive,
Kenmare,	Bad; declining,	Less productive,
Waterville,	Good; improving,	More productive,
Killarney,	Poor; not improving, but not declining.	About the same,
Limerick,	Declining,	Much less, and not more than half the average.
Galway,	Not good; much below average; worst year on record for Galway Fishery.	Less productive,
Connemara,	Fair; declining,	—
Ballinakill,	Fair; much the same as last year,	Very much less; failure due to floods,
Bangor,	Unsatisfactory; declining,	Less productive,
Ballina,	Fair; not as a rule declining, but the year 1907 was the worst on record for the Moy.	Less productive,
Sligo,	Fairly good: improving,	About the same,
Ballyshannon,	Not so good as last year; declining,	Less productive,
Letterkenny,	Fair; improving,	More productive,
Londonderry,	Not so good as in 1905; declining,	Less productive,
Coleraine,	Declining,	Less productive,
Ballycastle,	Great decline; worst season for many years.	Much less productive,
Dundalk,	Satisfactory on the whole; declining as compared with last year.	Less productive,
Drogheda,	Declining,	Less productive,

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No. 29.

Conservators relative to Salmon Fisheries.

Has the take of Sea Trout by nets and weirs been more, or less, productive this year than in the past one?	What is your report as to Angling in the District?	What was the highest wholesale price given for Salmon this season?	What was the lowest wholesale price?
		s. d.	s. d.
About the same,	Fair,	4 0	1 4
Take by nets less productive,	Fair,	2 5	1 0
No sea trout taken,	Good in early part of season,	2 9	0 10
About the same,	Good,	2 6	1 0
Considerably less productive,	Fairly good in March and April, but on the whole not up to standard of previous years owing to low water.	2 9	1 0
More productive, but only a few taken.	Fair; a little above average, particularly in upper waters.	2 8	1 0
About the average,	Good,	1 2	0 6
Less productive,	Fair,	1 0	0 10
No nets for sea trout used in this district.	Poor,	1 6	0 9
About the same,	Angling for salmon was good; angling for sea trout slightly better than in 1906.	4 0	1 0
About the same,	Not good; indifferent in summer, fair in spring.	3 10	0 10
No sea trout in Shannon.	Very bad last year—one of the worst for many years.	2 9	1 7
Less productive,	Fairly good, but salmon angling in Galway Fishery only about one-third as good as that of previous year.	3 0	1 0
—	Improving in Rivers Ballynahinch, Gowla, Inver, and Lower Costello; fair in other rivers.	—	—
Very much less—a failure,	Very good,	1 0	0 7
Less productive,	Not good,	2 10	0 11
Less productive,	Fairly good,	2 0	1 0
Slight increase,	Angling very good when weather and water favourable.	7 6	1 0
About the same,	Good,	3 0	1 0
No remarkable change,	Much improved from former years,	2 6	0 8
Less productive,	Fair,	2 8	0 10
Much the same as previous year.	Very poor in early part of season, but improved in July, August and September,	2 6	0 10
Scarcely any caught,	Quite up to the average,	2 8	1 0
Slightly more productive,	Good during first three months of season; bad for remainder of season.	3 6	1 0
Less productive,	Fair,	2 6	1 0

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APPENDIX

SUBSTANCE of REPORTS received from Clerks of

DISTRICT.	In your opinion was the weather favourable or unfavourable in each month of the open season?	
	(i.) To Netting.	(ii.) To Angling.
Dublin,	Unfavourable,	Favourable,
Wexford,	Favourable,	Unfavourable in February, March and April: improved in May, June, and July
Waterford,	February, March, latter part of May and latter part of July favourable, early part of May unfavourable.	February, March, and latter part of July favourable. Early part of May and the whole of June unfavourable.
Lismore,	Favourable,	Favourable during February, March, and April, from Lismore to Careysville; fair for the whole river Blackwater during remainder of season.
Cork,	Favourable in February and March.	Fair,
Cork (Bandon),	Unfavourable,	Favourable in upper waters, unfavourable in lower waters.
Skibbereen,	Favourable,	Fairly favourable, except in October,
Bantry,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Kenmare,	Unfavourable,	Unfavourable,
Waterville,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Killarney,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Limerick,	Most unfavourable,	Favourable part of the year, but not in the summer months.
Galway,	Unfavourable in spring; generally favourable during summer.	Unfavourable in spring, generally favourable during summer.
Connemara,	—	Favourable,
Ballinakill,	Very unfavourable,	Very favourable,
Bangor,	Unfavourable,	Unfavourable,
Ballina,	Most unfavourable,	Unfavourable owing to floods and cold weather.
Sligo,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Ballyshannon,	Unfavourable owing to floods,	Most favourable,
Letterkenny,	Unfavourable,	Favourable,
Londonderry,	Rather unfavourable,	Favourable,
Coleraine,	Very unfavourable,	Unfavourable in the early part of the season; but favourable in July, August, and September.
Ballycastle,	Most unfavourable,	Favourable,
Dundalk,	Favourable,	Unfavourable, except during early months of season.
Drogheda,	Favourable,	Favourable,

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No. 29—*continued.*

Conservators relative to Salmon Fisheries—*continued.*

Have there been cases of poisoning the rivers in the District? If so, give particulars of the different cases, and if by Lime, Spurge, or Flax Water.	Have offences against the Fishery Laws increased or diminished? What proportion (approximately) may be attributed to those who took out licences and those who did not?
One alleged case in River Liffey which was dismissed by the Court.	Diminished. None by licence holders.
No, ...	Diminished. About two-thirds by licence holders.
One case of poisoning by chloride of lime in a tributary of River Nore.	Diminished on the whole owing to vigilance.
No, ...	Decreased. One-half of the offences committed by unlicensed persons.
No, ...	Diminished.
One case of the use of spurge in a tributary of Bandon River.	Diminished. It is believed that licence holders are the greatest offenders.
Two cases of the use of dynamite, . .	Diminished. All offences by unlicensed persons.
One case of poisoning by spurge in Ballylickey River, and one case of poisoning in Dunnamark River.	Diminished.
Yes; by spurge in Rivers Finnihy and Awbeg.	Decreased. All offences were committed by unlicensed persons.
No, ...	About the same. No offences by licensed anglers.
One case of poisoning by lime in the Brown Flesk.	About the same. Not more than one per cent. fished without a licence.
Four—two in the Listowel District by spurge, and one by lime, one in Monntmagent River by sheep dip.	Increased this year, fifty-seven offences committed by unlicensed persons; eighteen by licensed.
No legally proved cases, but a factory is said to discharge deleterious matter into the river.	Decreased slightly.
No, ...	Neither increased nor diminished.
No, ...	Decreased.
No, ...	Decreased.
No, ...	Poaching is widespread during close season.
No, but some fish have been killed by dynamite,	Diminished.
Yes, by flax water and chloride of lime. .	Diminished
A few cases of flax water poisoning, . .	Diminished.
One case of poisoning by dynamite, one or two reports of the use of lime, and many of flax water.	About the same.
Yes; about 60 prosecutions for flax water pollution, 3 cases of poisoning by chloride of lime reported.	More prosecutions this year than usual. Very few offences attributable to licence holders.
A few cases of flax water pollution. . .	Slight increase. None by licence holders.
Twelve cases of flax water poisoning. . .	Diminished. One to fifteen.
No, ...	Decreased. One offence committed by an unlicensed person.

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RETURNS OF FISH CARRIED BY

Returns of Fish conveyed over the

GREAT SOUTHERN AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Eels.			Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Ardrahan,	Through stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	63	3	19	.
Athlone	—	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	.
Athy,	—	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	10	2	.	.	.	.
Bagenalstown,	Through stations	15	.	1	2	.	.	.	2	11	2	.		.	.
Ballycullane,	Local stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	2	.
Ballyhale,	—	*	.	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.
Banagher,	—	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	5	3	.	.	.	.
Bennett's Bridge.	Through stations,	70	2	6	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cahireiveen,	Local stations,	30	1	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	7	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Campile,	Local stations,	39	.	10	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cappoqnin,	Local stations,	108	2	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	4	.	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cappagh,	Local stations,	570	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Caragh Lake,	" "	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	28	.	5	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Castleconnell,	Local stations,	25	.	6	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	63	.	17	2	.	.	.	19	2	1	.	.	.	.
Clondulane,	—	*	3	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cork	Local stations,	*	41	17	.	149	7	4	.	.	.	759	40	18	.
		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	306	22	5	3	7	.	7½	.	.	.	6	.	5	.
Dublin (Kingsbridge).	Local stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	†24,369	786	11	3
	Through stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	†907	28	13	3
Dungarvan,	Local stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ennis,	Local stations,	*	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	4	1
	Through stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	5	.	.	.	.	.
Fenit,	Local stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fermoy,	Local stations,	26	.	4	2	66	4	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	22	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fiddown,	" "	169	13	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Foynes,	" "	258	19	9	.	51	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Grange,	Local stations,	103	2	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny,	Through stations,	26	1	18	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Killarney,	—	*	4	9	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kenmare,	Local stations,	212	8	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	36	1	17	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Killaloe,	Local stations,	165	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	741	.	15	.	.	.	.	36	17	.	.	.	.	.
Killorglin,	Local stations,	395	2	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	668	45	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilsheelan	Local stations,	169	2	4	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	2	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Limerick	Local stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	442	21	8	2	.	.	.	8	14	3	.	.	.	.
Lismore,	Local stations,	47	4	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	225	13	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Listowel,	Local stations,	82	1	17	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Lixnaw,	Local stations,	242	7	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	41	3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Not ascertained. † Contents not described by consignors.

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No 30.

RAILWAY AND STEAMSHIP COMPANIES.

following Railways during 1907.

WESTERN RAILWAY.

Fresh Mackerel.				Salted Mackerel.			Fresh Herrings.				Lobsters.				Oysters.				Other Shell Fish.		
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	731	36	10	3	70	3	.	.	12	.	10
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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210	11	.	.	.	.	.	330	18	.	.	10	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1,560	76	.	.	.	.	.	250	12	10	.	5	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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20	1	5	.	.	.	.	9	.	13	.	9	.	2	3	134	7	7	.	40	.	13¼
15	.	14	.	.	.	.	‡29	.	‡6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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142	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8,834	441	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	20	1	12	.	283	14	3	2	.	.	.
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35	1	18	3	.	.	.	202	12	9	.	71	13	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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‡ Kippered Herrings.

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GREAT SOUTHERN AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Eels.			Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Midleton,	Local stations,	57	1	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	52	2	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	4	.
Milltown (Galway).	—	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	.	.	.	.	.
Queenstown,	Local stations,	39	1	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	56	2	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Rosslare Strand,	Local stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	7	.	7	.	8	.	5	.	5	2	.	.	.	.
Tralee,	Local stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Valencia Harbour.	Local stations,	.	.	.	.	90	6	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Through stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Waterford,	Local stations,	220	12	15	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	12	.	5	.
	Through stations,	268	8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford,	Local stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	.	.
Youghal,	Local stations,	242	18	9	2	.	.	.	.	18	2	397	28	6	3
	Through stations,	789	60	19	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,		360	13	1	371	19	16¼	83	18	1	26,524	889	9	2

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Eels and Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Dublin,	Particulars not furnished.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Howth,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Skerries,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	28	2	4	.
Balbriggan,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	520	26	.	.
Laytown,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Drogheda,		735	27	1	3	24	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Beauparc,		168	2	18	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Navan,		41	.	5	2	10	Eels	.	10	2	14	.	.	.	.
Virginia Road,		.	.	.	.	.	Eels	3	6	2	.	45	3	18	2
Oldcastle,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	14	1
Dunleer,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Castlebellingham,		15	.	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dundalk,		189	10	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Newry,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	138	8	10	.
Warrenpoint,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Markethill,		.	.	.	.	.	Eels	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.
Poyntzpass,		.	.	.	.	.	Eels	.	9	2	.	.	.	.	.
Portadown,		20	1	.	.	.	Eels	5	10	.	.	655	53	6	.
Lurgan,		52	2	1	.	7	Eels	25	17	3	.	742	40	19	2
Moira,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	124	12	.	.
Newcastle,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	35	2	1	.
Ballinderry,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	41	2	2	2
Glenavy,		.	.	.	.	.	Eels	14	17	.	.	412	23	2	3

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WESTERN RAILWAY—*continued.*

Fresh Mackerel.				Salted Mackerel.			Fresh Herrings.				Lobsters.				Oysters.				Other Shell Fish.		
Boxes.	Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	112	5	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,023	49	14	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
486	21	6	.	.	.	.	188	0	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	20	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	*16	.	*9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	*4	.	.	*2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
140	7	.	.	35	1	15	45	2	5	.	.	.	.	.	46	.	3	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	100	1	.	.	.	.	.
2,297	114	17	.	19	1	7	1,394	69	14	.	40	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	†59	†2	†15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
16,713	835	13	.	5,815	872	10	747	37	7	.	326	16	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
180	9	.	.	.	.	.	100	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
515	25	3	.	.	.	.	120	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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77	4	12	3	.	.	.	92	5	7	3	12	.	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
18	.	19	3	.	.	.	10	.	12	.	107	2	18	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	¼
																			4	.	½
31,243	1,563	6	2	5,869	875	12	6,273	347	13	.	1,610	87	14	.	679	28	7	2	110	5	7¼
							*49	.	15	2											
							†59	2	15	.											

* Kippered Herrings. † Salted Herrings.

COMPANY (IRELAND).

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Oysters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
130	21	.	.	3,835	382	11	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
645	24	7	.	4,070	227	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	765	89	18	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	42	4	4	.
.	.	.	.	7,380	369	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	.	18	.
.	.	.	.	1,225	140	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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.	.	.	.	71	7	2	.	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	15	1	2	.
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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Eels and Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Crumlin,	Particulars not furnished.	.	.	.	.	.	Eels	4	3	1	.	416	19	10	.
Aldergrove,		15	.	7	.	.	Eels	.	19	.	.	543	23	16	.
Belfast,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3,410	117	8	.
Tynan,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	.	14	2
Glasslough,		.	.	.	.	.	Eels	2	5	.	.	.	.	.	.
Annaghmore,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	81	3	16	1
Stewartstown,		25	1	5	.	.	Eels	37	16	.	.	261	17	10	2
Culloville,		.	.	.	.	.	Eels	4	6	.	.	.	.	.	.
Newtownbutler,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	62	3	15	1
Lisnaskea,		.	.	.	.	.	Eels	.	1	3	3	44	5	2	3
Lisbellaw,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	43	3	5	1
Enniskillen,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	328	18	10	1
Ballinamallard,		.	.	.	.	.	11	.	0	3	.	.	.	.	.
Irvinestown,		.	.	.	.	.	Eels	4	9	1	.	.	.	.	.
Kesh,		60	1	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	30	1	1	1
Pettigo,		166	2	.	3	14	50	1	19	3	15	.	.	.	.
Belleek,		208	1	.	2	18	Eels	37	5	1	26	.	.	.	.
Ballyshannon,		430	38	15	.	.	Eels	1	2	3	.	.	.	.	.
Bundoran,		129	2	6	.	.	Eels	.	18	3	.	97	6	5	.
Sion Mills,		16	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Strabane,		40	.	17	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Porthall,		11	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
St. Johnston,		15	.	9	1	20	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Londonderry,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	34	2	5	.
	Total,	2,326	93	15	1	14	Eels Prime	144 61	1 2	. 6	15 2 15	3,110	397	18	2

DUNDALK, NEWRY, AND

From what Stations.	To	Fresh Herrings.				Lobsters.			
		Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Omeath,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dundalk,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Newry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dublin,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bush,	Do.,	.	.	.	.	61	1	17	.
Bellurgan,	Newry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Omeath,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Greenore,	Dublin,	11	.	11	2	80	2	4	1
Do.,	Enniskillen,	19	.	19	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dundalk,	7	.	7	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Strabane,	29	1	9	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Clones,	32	1	12	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Newry,	119	5	19	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Lisnaskea,	12	.	12	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Cootehill,	6	.	6	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kells,	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Newbliss,	38	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Carlingford,	4	.	3	1	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Castleblayney,	6	.	0	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Ballybay,	4	.	3	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Belturbet,	49	2	9	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Maguire's B'dge,	13	.	13	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Cavan,	12	.	12	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Omagh,	7	.	7	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Victoria Bridge,	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	373	18	13	3	141	4	1	1

Oyster tonnage does not include weight of packages. Weight of packages included

NOTE.—In addition to the above, the fish shipped by the London and North-Western

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COMPANY (IRELAND)—*continued.*

Mackerel. Boxes.	Mackerel. Tons.	Mackerel. Cwts.	Mackerel. Qrs.	Herrings. Boxes.	Herrings. Tons.	Herrings. Cwts.	Herrings. Qrs.	Lobsters. Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Lobsters. Tons.	Lobsters. Cwts.	Lobsters. Qrs.	Oysters. Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Oysters. Tons.	Oysters. Cwts.	Oysters. Qrs.	Other Shell Fish. Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Other Shell Fish. Tons.	Other Shell Fish. Cwts.	Other Shell Fish. Qrs.
.	.	.	.	120	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	385	34	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	176	14	1	1	9	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	24	.	14	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	343	53	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
775	45	7	.	20,526	1,443	18	1	377	18	13	1	18	.	9	.	75	6	4	.

GREENORE RAILWAY.

Oysters. Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Oysters. Tons.	Oysters. Cwts.	Other Shell Fish. Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Other Shell Fish. Cwts.	Other Shell Fish. Qrs.	Salmon and Trout. Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Salmon and Trout. Tons.	Salmon and Trout. Cwts.	Salmon and Trout. Qrs.	Prime Fish. Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Prime Fish. Tons.	Prime Fish. Cwts.	Prime Fish. Qrs.
112	6	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
49	2	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
48	2	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
83	4	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
5	.	5	7	11	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
297	15	14	7	11	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

for herrings, lobsters, and other shell fish. No ice packed in any of above.
Railway Company, *via* Greenore and Holyhead (see page 206), passed over this line.

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From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Belfast,	Ballymena,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Ballymoney,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Coleraine,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Portrush,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Bellarena,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Limavady,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Ballyclare,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Garvagh,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Larne,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Randalstown.	.	.	.	.
Do.	Cookstown,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Portstewart,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Tonme,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Kilrea,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Magherafelt,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Doncaster,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Euston,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Leamington,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Leicester,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Manchester,	.	.	.	.
Carrick,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.
Ballycarry,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.
Larne,	do.,	.	.	.	.
Larne Harbour,	do.,	5	.	3	.
Do.	Carrick,	.	.	.	.
Antrim,	Manchester, L. & Y.	18	1	2	1
Do.	do., L. & N. W.,	14	.	15	3
Do.	Birmingham, L. & N. W.	4	.	4	2
Do.	Blackburn, L. & Y.,	6	.	7	2
Do.	Leeds, Mid.,	.	.	.	.
Do.	do., L. & N. W.,	.	.	.	.
Do.	St. Helen's, L. & N. W.,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Wigan, L. & Y.,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Euston, L. & N. W.,	.	.	.	.
Randalstown,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.
Toome,	Euston,	150	4	15	.
Do.	Manchester,	10	.	5	.
Do.	Birmingham,	28	1	11	.
Moneymore,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Leeds,	.	.	.	.

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OF MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Herrings.				Shell Fish.		
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
964	58	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
612	37	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
794	49	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
547	34	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
40	1	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
124	7	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
50	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20	1	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
120	7	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
34	2	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
62	4	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
68	4	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
24	1	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
50	3	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
60	3	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
68	3	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
16	.	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
7	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
9	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
30	1	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	18	.	18	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	7	.	7	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	18	.	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	45	1	11	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	375	20	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	57	2	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	93	4	19	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	10	.	10	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	26	1	8	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	23	1	10	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	11	.	11	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	3	.	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	4	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
6	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	147	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	68	4	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

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From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Moneymore,	Wigan,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Blackburn,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Euston,	.	.	.	.
Cookstown,	Manchester,	8	.	2	2
Ballymena,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Garvagh,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Ballymoney,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Manchester,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Hull,	.	.	.	.
Ballymoney,	Belfast,	35	1	13	1
Do.	Ballymena,	4	.	3	.
Do.	Liverpool, L. & Y.,	.	.	.	.
Do.	" L. & N. W.	.	.	.	.
Do.	" B. S. S. Co.	.	.	.	.
Do.	Manchester, L. & Y.,	60	3	14	1
Do.	" L. & N. W.,	41	2	11	.
Do.	Birmingham, Mid.,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Wigan, L. & Y.,	.	.	.	.
Do.	St. Pancras, Mid.,	10	.	13	.
Do.	Euston, L. & N. W.,	8	.	10	.
Do.	Grimsby, G. C.,	.	.	.	.
Coleraine,	Euston,	431	51	10	3
Do.	Liverpool,	15	.	9	3
Do.	Manchester,	16	.	13	2
Do.	Belfast,	55	3	8	3
Do.	Maghera,	12		10	3
Do.	Ballymoney,	2	.	2	2
Do.	Wigan,	.	.	.	.
Portstewart,	Belfast,	1	.	1	.
Do.	Kilrea,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Ballymena,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Manchester,	17	1	4	1
Portrush,	Belfast,	6	.	5	3
Do.	Ballymena,	5	.	5	.
Do.	Derry,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Liverpool,	73	3	12	.
Do.	Manchester,	93	4	16	.
Do.	Euston,	38	1	10	.
Do.	Wigan,	.	.	.	.

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OF MIDLAND RAILWAY—*continued.*

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Herrings.				Lobsters.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	8	.	10	.	.	.	.		.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	10	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	30	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	16	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	11	.	12	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	.	16	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	97	5	19	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	76	4	16	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	70	4	3	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	00	3	13	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	1	17	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	10	3
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	6	2
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	20	1	9	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	17	3
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	12	1
.	.	.	.	37	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	129	11	14	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	76	6	15	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	363	19	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	589	35	18	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	9	.	16	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	13	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	225	19	15	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	10	.	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	670	42	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	262	14	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	461	26	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	44	2	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
36	2	.	.	400	23	8	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
9	.	16	.	150	7	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	36	1	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

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From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.			
		Boxes Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Magilligan,	Manchester,	6	.	9	.
Do	Liverpool,	30	1	15	.
Do.	Belfast,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Ballymena,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Coleraine,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Portstewart,	.	.	.	.
Bellarena,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Limavady,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Coleraine,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Portstewart,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Portrush,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Larne,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Cookstown,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Manchester,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Leeds,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.
Limavady Junction,	Belfast,	3	.	2	1
Do.	Coleraine,	76	3	10	.
Do.	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Manchester,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Euston,	37	3	1	2
Culmore,	Euston,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Birmingham (L. & N. W.)	.	.	.	.
Do.	Manchester (L. & Y.)	.	.	.	.
Do.	Liverpool (L. & Y.)	.	.	.	.
Londonderry, W.S.	Euston (L. & N. W.)	120	11	9	.
Do.	Liverpool (L. & Y.)	368	35	14	.
Do.	Manchester (L. & Y.)	203	20	9	.
Do.,	Bradford (Mid.),	.	.	.	.
Parkmore,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.
Do.	Portrush,	.	.	.	.
	Total,	2,008	163	10	3

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OF MIDLAND RAILWAY—*continued.*

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Herrings.				Lobsters.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	14	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	125	6	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	61	4	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	36	1	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	27	1	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	676	51	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	47	4	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	58	3	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	21	1	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	30	1	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	18	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	123	6	13	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	30	1	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	12	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	5	.	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	8	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
113	5	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
4	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
33	1	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
12	.	0	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
26	.	12	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	53	2	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	282	14	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	56	2	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	75	3	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	23	1	4	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	33	1	15	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3,950	239	12	0	6,301	385	8	1	.	.	.	.	392	25	1	2

Weight includes boxes and ice,

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BELFAST AND COUNTY

From what Stations.	To	Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Fresh Mackerel.		
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.
Newtownards, .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	5	.	.	.	.
Donaghadee, .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	587	30	12	.	.	.	.
Downpatrick, .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dundrum, .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Newcastle, .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	386	22	1	.	.	.	.
Killough, .	London, Liverpool, & Manchester.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ardglass, .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	.	94	5	17	2	.	.	.
Do., .	Saintfield, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Ballynahinch,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Crossgar, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Downpatrick,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Newcastle, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Castlewellan, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bangor, .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	.	273	15	6	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Holywood, .	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	.	.	.	.	.	1,346	74	12	2	.	.	.

BALLYCASTLE

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Ballycastle, . . .	Ballymoney, .	145	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Belfast, . .	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	11	1
	Total,	145	8	.	.	.	10	.	11	1

Weight includes that

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DOWN RAILWAY.

Fresh Herrings.				Salted Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	90	4	1	.	20	2	10	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	20	.	5	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	21	5	15	3	15	1	2	.
32	3	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	300	3	15	.	256	44	13	.
12,096	756	.	.	444	66	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
7	.	8	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
45	2	16	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
26	1	12	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
31	1	13	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
18	1	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
43	2	13	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	33	4	1	2
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
12,293	770	5	2	444	66	12	.	434	13	18	1	324	52	5	3

Weight includes that of packages, &c.

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Fresh Mackerel.			Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	144	7	15	2	204	12	16	3
26	1	15	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
26	1	15	1	.	.	.	144	7	15	2	204	12	16	3

of the packages, etc.

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'LONDONDERRY AND LOUGH

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Bunorana, .	Ballyliffin, .	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	10	.	.
Do., .	Burtonport, .	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	7	2	.
Do., .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Blackburn, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Dublin, .	.	.	.	.	.	22	1	6	2	.
Do., .	Enniskillen, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Glasgow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	104	6	7	1	.
Do., .	Limavady, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	London, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	.	17	1	2	2	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	19	.	16	.	14	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Omagh, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Strabane, .	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	8	2	.
	*Total, .	19	.	16	.	14	162	10	2	1	.
Burtonport, .	Bradford, .	17	.	17	1	14	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Birmingham,	32	1	13	.	19	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Blackburn, .	16	.	16	3	10	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Dublin, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Dorby, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Glasgow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Hudder-field,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	London, .	79	3	17	2	21	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Leeds, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Leicester, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	133	7	6	.	9	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Nottingham,	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Omagh, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Preston, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Sheffield, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Strabane, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	†Total, .	279	14	13	.	17	.	.	.	.	.

* Gross weight of fish and packages. † Weight includes packages and ice.

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SWILLY RAILWAY.

Fresh Mackerel.				Fresh Herrings.				Salted Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
19	1	13	3	73	4	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	25	1	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
92	10	15	2	185	21	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	12	.	13	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
40	2	7	.	110	7	14	.	2,229	270	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
40	2	3	3	95	6	14	3	3,086	235	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
‡14	1	7	.																
.	.	.	.	6	.	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	103	5	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	30	1	17	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	28	1	17	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	14	.	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
7	.	9	1	13	.	13	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
198	18	.	1	699	53	12	1	5,315	506	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
‡14	1	7	.																
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	55	1	19	3	.	.	.	.
16	1	3	.	64	5	14	.	§30	.	3	3	41	1	4	1	26	1	5	.
.	.	.	.	22	1	7	2	§40	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20	1	3	3	25	1	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
56	3	11	.	62	4	14	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
39	2	8	3	8	.	9	3	373	55	19	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	3	1
.	.	.	.	5	.	5	3	§185	1	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	907	80	.	.	1,417	212	11	.	.	.	.	.	64	3	17	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	§20	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	.	135	13	1	2	§7,109	41	14	.	70	2	7	2	61	2	17	2
‡8	1	1	2	.	.	.	.	103	15	9	.	65	3	9	2	42	2	5	3
14	1	1	.	5	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	20	1	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	145	16	17	3	.	.	.	.	141	5	9	.	412	22	13	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	§48	.	6	.	2	.	1	1	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	40	3	19	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
146	2	13	2	1,439	130	.	2	1,893	283	19	.	374	14	11	1	612	33	6	2
‡8	1	1	2					§7,432	43	14	2								

‡ Salted Mackerel. § Boxes of Kippered Herrings.

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From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Carndonagh, .	Manchester,	293	23	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do, .	Liverpool, .	7	.	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Bradford, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Ballymena, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Omagh, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Coleraine, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Strabane, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Portrush, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Letterkenny,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	300	23	10	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cashelnagore,	Birmingham,	8	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Glasgow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	London, .	98	4	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	65	5	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	171	10	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Clonmany, .	Buncrana, .	3	.	.	.	24	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Londonderry,	38	.	10	3	25	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Fahan, .	2	.	.	.	16	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	London, .	10	.	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Leeds, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do, .	Manchester, .	75	6	5	2	13	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	130	7	13	1	22	.	.	.	.	.

Weight includes that of packages and ice.

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SWILLY RAILWAY—*continued.*

Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings.)				Fresh Herrings.				Salted Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts	Qrs.
90	5	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	28	.	14	3	31	1	12	.
41	2	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	.	8	1	512	26	9	1
18	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	5	1	.	122	6	4	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	1	.
2	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
13	.	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
12	.	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
8	.	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
70	4	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
87	5	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
346	20	10	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	46	6	5	.	667	34	7	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	24	1	16	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	64	6	15	.	820	70	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	7	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	348	39	6	2	22	1	1	3	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	49	2	8	2	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	64	6	15	.	1,168	109	11	2	105	5	13	1	.	.	.	.
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.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	51	2	8	3	.	.	.	.

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LONDONDERRY AND LOUGH

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings.)				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Creeslough,	Birmingham,	86	5	19	2	.	42	2	10	.	.
Do.,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dublin,	2	.	2	2	.	5	.	7	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow,	20	1	3	1	.	10	.	11	.	.
Do.,	Leicester,	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	4	.	.
Do.,	London,	90	5	4	.	.	53	2	18	.	.
Do.,	Londonderry,	5	.	5	.	.	1	.	1	.	.
Do.,	Lotterkenny,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	140	9	3	1	8	35	1	19	2	.
	Total,	343	21	17	2	8	149	8	10	2	.
Dunfanaghy Road,	London,	35	1	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	33	1	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	55	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	123	6	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dungloe,	Blackburn,	3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Bradford,	5	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total.	12	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fahan,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.
Do.,	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	464	28	4	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	60	4	2	.	.
Do.,	Letterkenny,	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.
	Total,	.	.	.	.	.	532	32	8	1	.
Falcarragh,	Letterkenny,	0	.	1	3	26	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Londonderry,	2	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	1	.	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	1	.	.	3	11	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	86	1	18	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	46	2	4	2	9	.	.	.	.	.

Weight includes that of the packages.

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SWILLY RAILWAY—*continued.*

Fresh Mackerel.				Fresh Herrings.				Salted Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.		
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.
17	1	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
14	.	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
39	2	16	2	12	1	2	2	2	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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.	.	.	.	5	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.
70	4	15	1	17	1	8	2	2	.	4	2	2	.	2	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	1	7	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	101	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	17	1	5	.	52	7	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	27	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	17	1	5	.	180	26	17	.	25	1	7	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	1	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	6	.	1	.	1
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.	.	.	.	2	.	6	1	103	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	219	31	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	5	1	322	33	3	.	1	.	.	3	.	.	.

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From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Gweedore, .	Birmingham,	60	3	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Bradford, .	9	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Dublin, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Glasgow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	London, .	41	2	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	12	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	100	6	10	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	222	12	18	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Inch Road, .	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ramelton, .	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	12	.	12	.	.
Rathmullan, .	Londonderry,	40	2	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Do. .	Inch Road, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Bridge End, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	40	2	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Grand Total,	1,685	104	4	.	14	12	.	12	.	.

Weight includes that of packages.

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SWILLY RAILWAY—*continued.*

Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Fresh Herrings.				Salted Herrings.				Lobsters.					Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	1	.	1	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	45	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	85	11	18	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	122	9	.	.	124	9	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	80	2	2	.	.	32	1	10	.
.	.	.	.	48	2	13	.	37	5	11	.	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	72	2	.	1	.	47	2	7	.
.	.	.	.	212	15	.	.	240	27	5	2	165	4	12	1	.	80	3	18	.
.	.	.	.	20	1	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
180	8	1	.	10	.	14	.	.	.	.	.	15	.	11	1	.	15	1	4	.
5	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
2	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
188	8	8	3	10	.	14	.	.	.	.	.	15	.	11	1	.	15	1	4	.
1377	20	.	2	2480	210	5	.	9126	987	4	2	792	35	17	2	.	1,375	72	16	3
							‡	7432	48	14	2									
M 414	Fresh Mackerel 32	9	.																	
M 22	Salted Mackerel 2	8	2																	

‡ Boxes of kippered herrings.

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DONEGAL, GREAT NORTHERN (IRELAND), AND

Strabane, Greenore,

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Trimo Fish.					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs	Lbs.
Ardara Road, .	Broad Street, London.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	St. Pancras, London.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

DONEGAL JOINT

*Ballyshannon,	Londonderry, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Killybegs, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	London, . .	24	2	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	24	2	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bridgetown, .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Manchester, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
†Bruckless, .	Dublin, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	8	.	10	.	.
Do., . .	London, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Leicester, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	10	.	.
*Clady, . .	Belfast, . .	53	1	10	1	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
†Clogban, .	Dublin, . .	55	.	19	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Donegal, .	Armagh, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Ballybay, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Belfast, . .	20	.	14	2	27	3	.	2	2	14	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Belturbet, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Clones, . .	.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Coalisland, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.
Do., . .	Cookstown, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Castlederg, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Dublin, . .	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	2	1	.	148	.	8	5	2
Do., . .	Dungannon, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Fintona, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Irvinestown, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Killybegs, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Lurgan, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Limavady, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Weight includes that of packages and ice. † Weight includes packages.

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LONDON & NORTH WESTERN RAILWAYS.
and Holyhead.

Fresh Herrings.				Salted Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	37	3	9	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	34	2	11	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	*71	6	.	1

* Periwinkles.

COMMITTEE RAILWAY.

146	10	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
71	8	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
217	19	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	225	22	10	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	119	11	18	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	344	34	8	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	16	.	7	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	89	7	5	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	1	3	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	16	.	7	.	100	8	8	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
34	2	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
2	.	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
486	33	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
4	.	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20	2	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
6	.	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
12	1	5	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
17	1	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1418	122	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
7	.	18	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
515	66	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
10	.	12	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

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DONEGAL JOINT

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).					Fresh Mackerel.			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Donegal—*con.*	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Omagh,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Port,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Enniskillen,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Strabane,	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Stranorlar,	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Stewartstown,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Trillick,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dunkineely,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leicester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leeds,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Ballyshannon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Newbuildings,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Castlefinn,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Killygordon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	†Total,	20	.	14	2	27	154 * 6	8 .	14 4	3	14	.	.	.	.
Dunkineely,	Dublin,	10	.	4	.	.	331	39	16	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Belfast,	30	.	12	2	.	1500	112	13	1	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Bundoran,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2
Do.,	Londonderry,	2	.	1	.	.	1	.	1	2	.	1	.	1	2
Do.,	Lisbellaw,	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Gullybackey,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Stranorlar,	.	.	.	.	.	61	4	13	3	.	1	.	1	2
Do.,	Enniskillen,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.
Do.,	Manchester,	28	1	8	3	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Donegal.	.	.	.	.	.	3	5	.	.	.	3	.	3	.
Do.	Grimsby,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	6	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Bradford,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leeds,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leicester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Mountcharles,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Prime Fish (not Salmon or Trout).
† Weight includes that of the packages.

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COMMITTEE RAILWAY—*continued.*

Fresh Herrings.				Salted Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
238	22	15	.	120	17	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
47	4	9	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
42	4	16	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
11	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
302	23	8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
25	22	5	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
21	1	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
2	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
9	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8	.	16	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	277	24	2	.
3	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
11	.	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	6	.
12	.	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
21	15	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	39	6	14	.
4874	351	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	28	2	16	.
40	2	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
6	.	14	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8616	687	14	.	120	17	6	2	.	.	.	.	347	33	18	.
129	9	7	1	.	.	.	.	69	1	3	.	.	.	.	.
15	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	76	7	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
2	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	4	.	3	.	5	.	10	3
1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	31	.	19	1	93	0	13	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	1	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	35	1	1	1	.	.	.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	7	1	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	2	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	50	5	5	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	5	2

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DONEGAL JOINT

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (Not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Dunkineely,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Killybegs,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Killygordon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Strabane,	15	.	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.
Do.,	Monaghan,	15	.	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Inver,	1	.	.	.	24	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Blackburn,	16	.	14	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Banbridge,	1	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	*Total,	124	4	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	2,406	157	13	3
Fintown,	Strabane,	16	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London,	5	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birminghnm,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	†Total,	21	.	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Glenties,	Strabnne,	24	.	8	1	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Ballybofey,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Belfast,	57	.	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Londonderry,	20	.	3	1	25	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dublin,	26	.	9	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Omagh,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Euston,	19	.	16	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leicester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	146	2	14	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Inver,	Belfast (G.N.),	2	.	.	3	6	.	.	.	.	.	233	15	3	2
Do.,	Dublin,	10	.	5	2	16	.	.	.	.	.	433	27	19	3
Do.,	Belfast (Mid.),	1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Blackburn,	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	L'derry (Mid.)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	2
Do.,	„ (G.N.),	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2
Do.,	Strabane,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	14	1	1	3
Do.,	Stranorlar,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	75	5	3	.
Do.,	Ballyshannon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	29	1	12	3
Do.,	Ballintra,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Donegal,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Killybegs,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	*Total,	14	.	8	.	22	.	.	.	.	.	787	51	4	3

* Weights given includes weight of packages and ice.
† Weight includes that of packages.

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COMMITTEE RAILWAY—*continued.*

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	30	2	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*4	.	12	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	‡ 2	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	‡ 12	1	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8	.	10	2	182	13	13	.	154	3	17	2	151	15	14	2
*4	.	12	3	‡90	9	8	.								
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	135	3	16	.	63	3	3	0
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	45	1	11	.	27	1	5	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	39	1	2	.	39	1	19	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	219	6	9	.	129	8	7	.
.	.	.	.	4	.	8	.	7	.	4	1	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	‡2	.	3	1								
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	4	.
.	.	.	.	6	.	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	‡155	23	1	.	3	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	28	1	16	2	23	.	16	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	86	5	18	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	23	2	7	.
.	.	.	.	209	13	2	1	14	.	13	.	6	.	13	1
.	.	.	.	‡243	21	.	.								
.	.	.	.	29	2	11	2	.	.	.	.	9	1	1	.
.	.	.	.	571	35	8	2	46	2	.	.	5	10	2	.
.	.	.	.	578	46	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
				‡1280	148	14	2								
.	.		.	1,510	106	13	1	93	3	15	1	45	14	7	1
				‡1680	192	18	3								
.	.	.	.	111	8	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	153	11	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	4	.
.	.	.	.	3	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	6	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	17	1	5	2
.	.	.	.	231	17	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	‡35	5	.	.								
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	48	3	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	‡20	3	.	.								
.	.	.	.	121	8	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	4	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	711	87	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1,393	137	8	3	.	.	.	.	19	1	9	2
				‡55	8	.	.								

‡ Barrels of Salted Herrings.

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DONEGAL JOINT

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Killybogs,	Armagh,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	39	2	9	1
Do.	Ballyshannon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	37	2	.	1
Do.,	Belfast,	28	.	19	1	8	.	.	.	.	.	231	13	12	.
Do.,	Dublin,	41	1	16	2	22	.	.	.	.	.	1,098	61	15	3
Do.,	Dungannon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	3	1
Do.,	Londonderry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	219	13	10	3
Do.	Omagh,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Strabane,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	90	5	10	.
Do.,	Stranorlar,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	10	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	9	.	8	2	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Blackburn,	44	2	2	2	20	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Bradford,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leeds,	23	1	5	2	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leicester,	3	.	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	6	.	6	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	6	.
Do.,	London,	18	.	19	2	14	.	.	.	.	.	38	2	16	2
Do.,	Nottingham,	5	.	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	20	1	2	3	8	.	.	.	.	.	33	8	7	.
Do.,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	* Total,	197	9	9	3	13	.	.	.	.	.	1,805	106	.	3
Mountcharles,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	104	0	13	2
Do.,	Belturbet,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Clones,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dublin,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	121	7	19	3
Do.,	Derry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2
Do.,	Dunkineely,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leeds,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.	Monaghan,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Port,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	226	14	14	3

* Weight includes that of the packages and ice.

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COMMITTEE RAILWAY—*continued.*

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	8	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
55	3	6	.	93	5	8	.	14	.	6	3	.	.	.	.
324	18	5	2	242	19	3	.	73	1	17	1	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	10 †1415	. 141	12 8	2 .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	6	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	14	.	18	2	5	.	2	2	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	20	1	9	2	.		.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	33	1	4	1	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	.	9	1	.	.	.	.
9	.	13	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	.	11	1	.	.	.	.
5	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	5	1	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	†185	24	8	.	56	2	4	3	.	.	.	.
19	1	3	.	26 778 †3,588	1 58 359	15 7 4	. . .	93 .	3 .	8 .	1 .	.	.	.	.
412	23	13	.	1,192 †5,188	88 525	5 .	2 .	305	10	9	2	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	13	1	6	2	2	.	1	.	1	.	2	.
.	.	.	.	121	10	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	31	2	10	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	11	16	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	781	68	5	1	54	.	18	3	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	532 †161	51 18	11 1	1 .	.	.		.	98	11	9	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	2	.	4	.
.	.	.	.	154	12	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	15	1	10	.	1	.	.	2	1	.	2	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	41	4	11	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	3	2	153	17	1	.
.	.	.	.	440	43	11	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	7	.	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	26	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2,131	210	6	.	62	1	3	3	296	33	9	.

† Barrels of Salted Herrings.

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DONEGAL JOINT

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Port, . .	Armagh, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.. .	Belfast, . .	1	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	6	19	.
Do., . .	Ballyshannon, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Birmingham, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Bradford, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Dublin, .	1	.	.	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	136	19	2	2
Do., . .	Enniskillen, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Glasgow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Londonderry, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Manchester, .	12	.	7	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Strabane, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Stranorlar, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	* Total, .	14	.	8	2	13	.	.	.	.	.	243	17	1	2
	Gross Total, .	668	23	3	1	21	6	.	4	3	14	5,629	355	19	2

* Weight includes that of packages and ice.

CAVAN AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings.)				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Drumshambo,	Dublin, .	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.
Do. .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	8	.	2	1	.
Do. .	Manchester, .	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	.
	Total, .	.	.	.	.	19	.	3	.	.

Weight includes that of packages and ice.

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COMMITTEE RAILWAY—*continued.*

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	19	1	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	18	1	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	23	1	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	18	1	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	32	2	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3	.	3	2	295	24	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	955 §178	70 22	12 8	. .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	34 §95	2 14	9 9	. .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	44	3	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	49 §8	3 1	8 4	. .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3	.	3	2	1,489 §281	113 38	11 1	2 .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
423 ‡4	24 .	7 12	. 3	16,730 37,414	1,377 790	8 12	. 1	849	26	2	.	1,502	154	1	2

‡ Salted Mackerel. § Barrels of Salted Herrings

LEITRIM RAILWAY.

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

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TRALEE AND DINGLE

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Dingle,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	1,758	126	6	1	19
Do.,	London,	.	.	.	.		6	.	6	3	18
Do.,	Holyhead,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leeds,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.	Bedford,	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	5	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	3	1	22
	Total,	.	.	.	.	.	1,773	127	1	3	3
Castlegregory,	Cork,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kingsbridge,	9	.	4	2	4	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	9	.	4	2	4	.	.	.	.	.
	Grand Total,	9	.	4	2	4	1,773	127	1	3	3

LISTOWEL AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Primo Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Ballybunion,	Dublin,	7	.	1	3	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Limerick,	4	.	.	1	22	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Limerick Junc.,	2	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Tipperary,	1	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Rathkeale,	1	.	.	.	22	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Listowel,	3	.	.	.	20	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	18	.	2	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

Weight includes that of the packages, &c.

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LIGHT RAILWAY.

Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).					Fresh Mackerel.				Salted Mackerel.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	66	3	6	.	.	.	.	.	18	.	10	3	.	.	.	.
690	34	10	.	.	121	6	1	.	.	.	.	.	194	10	2	2	44	5	.	3
117	8	14	.	.	1,236	61	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	.	17	1
5	.	5	.	.	34	1	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	6	.	6	.	4,963	695	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	6	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	64	3	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
212	43	9	.	.	1,529	76	9	.	4,963	695	12	.	212	10	13	1	55	5	18	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	248	35	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
245	12	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	162	6	6	3	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	155	7	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	141	10	.	.
6	.	8	.	.	44	2	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2,430	344	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
251	12	12	.	.	202	10	2	.	2,678	379	15	.	162	5	0	3	141	10	.	.
1,663	56	1	.	.	1,731	86	11	.	7,646	1075	7	.	374	16	.	.	196	16	18	.

BALLYBUNION RAILWAY.

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Oysters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.			.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

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MIDLAND GREAT

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Oranmore, .	Particulars not furnished.	16	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	14	1	2	.
Galway, .		139	12	17	.	.	4,878	480	19	.	.	1,734	103	13	.
Onghterard,		298	5	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Recess, .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Maam Cross,		5	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballynahinch		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Clifden, .		88	2	16	.	.	27	1	7	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballysodare,		87	4	13	2	9	.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sligo, . .		596	39	5	.	.	.		.	.	.	479	20	13	.
Westport, Newport, Mallaranny Achill, .		296	13	17	1	3	2	.	2	.	.	409	23	4	.
Foxford, .		105	8	14	3	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballina, .		2,533	148	13	1	12	270	9	8	3	.	.	.	.	.
Killala, . .		87	4	9	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Totals, .	4,250	241	13	8	13	5,183	491	10	3	.	2,630	148	12	.

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WESTERN RAILWAY.

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Oysters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	211	12	3	.	1,138	47	2	.	679	65	17	.
2,470	160	2	.	163 † 864	13 116	14 13	. .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2,832	232	16	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	504	14	12	1	.	.	.	.	475	39	3	.
.	.	.	.	114	9	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	405	40	7	.
4,693 *206	245 30	14 .	. .	.	.	.	.	56	2	10	.	193	4	4	.	98	13	.	.
9,735 *1,564	486 220	15 12	. .	32	1	12	.	1,253	39	8	.	8	.	3	.	769	64	6	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
564	29	12	3	127	7	10	2	997	40	6	2	.	.	.	.	1,474	105	14	3
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*41	5	.	.	671	83	12	.	160	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*9	.	10	.	150	10	17	1	306	3	4	3	.	.	.	.	52	5	1	1
17,662 *1,820	922 256	3 2	3 .	1,257 †864	126 116	5 13	3 .	3,504	122	6	1	1,339	51	9	0	6,784	566	7	.

* Barrels of Salted Mackerel. † Barrels of Salted Herrings.

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SLIGO, LEITRIM, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Ballysodare,	Liverpool,	1	.	.	2	.
Do.,	Manchester,	2	.	2	1	.
Do.,	Armagh,	5	.	1	2	9
Do.,	Belfast,	2	.	.	.	16
Do.,	Omagh,	12	.	3	.	17
Do.,	Enniskillen,	23	.	8	2	16
Do.,	Dromahair,	5	.	.	1	10
	Total,	50	.	16	2	12

Weight includes that of the packages and fee.

DUBLIN AND

From what Stations.	Salmon and Trout.				Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Harcourt-street,	3	6	.	21	.	.	.	.	.	146	3	19	1
Bray,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	998	62	6	.
Newcastle,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wicklow,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	65	5	6	.
Aughrim,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tinahely,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Arklow,	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	3	10	139	11	12	2
Gorey,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ferns,	.	11	.	25	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Macmine,	62	.	8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Killurin,	1	3	2	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford,	5	3	2	25	53	1	17	2	18	384	29	.	2
New Ross,	27	5	.	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Aylwardstown,	.	12	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Waterford (Coaching)	26	16	.	26	616	8	2	3	17	.	.	.	.
Clonmel,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westland-row,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	720	36	15	1
Kingstown,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Amiens-street,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Waterford (Goods),	12	15	2	.	1	.	1	1	.	26	2	2	2
Total,	139	14	2	19	672	5	2	2	17	2,478	151	2	.

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NORTHERN COUNTIES RAILWAY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Salted Herrings.				Kippered Herrings.				Oysters.			
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.

Fresh Herrings.			Salted Herrings.				Kippered Herrings.				Lobsters.				Oysters.			
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
26	2	.	.	.	.	.	396	6	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	3	.	12	.	12	.	.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
75	11	.	80	9	6	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	48	3	5	3
.	.	.	52	5	1	3	.	.	.	.	5	.	8	1	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	48	2	7	.	.	.	.	.
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.	.	.	3	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.
116	10	3	213	20	17	3	557	7	2	2	54	2	16	3	46	3	5	3

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CORK, BANDON, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Ballineen,	Cork	132		12	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Baltimore,	Cork,	.	.	.	.	.	15	.	15	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Cardiff,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Bristol,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Euston (London).	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	9	.
Do.,	Fishguard,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Holyhead,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London (Midland).	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leicester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London (Great Western).	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Milford Haven,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Nottingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Sheffield,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.	St. Helens,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	.	.	.	.	.	15	.	15	.	9	.	9	.
Bandon,	Cork,	120 Loose Fish, 319	2	12	.	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bantry,	Cork,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,317	65	17	.
Do.,	Dublin,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	English Stations.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,317	65	17	.
Clonakilty,	Cork,	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	17	.	17	.
Do.,	Dublin,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	17	.	17	.

Weight includes that of the packages and ice.

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SOUTH COAST RAILWAY.

Fresh Mackerel.			Salted Mackerel.				Fresh Herrings.			Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
712	35	12	.	.	.	.	95	4	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
14	.	14	.	.	.	.	8	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
12	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
86	4	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
30	1	10	.	.	.	.	17	.	17	514	31	9	.	.	.	.	.
573	28	13	.	.	.	.	102	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
550	27	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
146	7	6	.	.	.	.	263	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
4,881	244	1	1,771	253	.	.	832	41	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	87	10	7	.
3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	40	4	10	.
1,222	61	2	.	.	.	.	168	8	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
11	.	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
5	.	5	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
206	10	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
12	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8,463	423	3	1,771	253	.	.	1,487	76	4	514	31	9	.	127	14	17	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
397	19	17	.	.	.	.	2,634	126	14	.	.	.	.	423	38	9	.
786	38	6	.	.	.	.	1,590	79	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
432	21	12	170	27	11	.	1,210 † 144	61 17	15 10	.	.	.	.	897	86	13	.
1,615	79	15	170	27	11	.	5,334 † 144	267 17	19 10	.	.	.	.	1,320	125	2	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	.	11	.	.	.	.	.

† Barrels of Salted herrings.

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CORK, BANDON, AND SOUTH

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (Not Salmon and Trout).			Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
*Courtmacsherry.	Cork, . .	.	.	.	.	.	200	10	.	.	.	.	.
† Kinsale, .	Cork, . .	3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	104	5	4	.
Skibbereen, .	Cork, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	389	23	2	.
Do., .	Kingsbridge, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Ports, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	4	.
Do. .	English Stations.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	1	2	.
	† Total, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	409	24	8	.
† Upton, .	Cork, . .	116	2	1	1	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Gross Total, .	371‡	5	9	.	5	219	10	19	1,856	96	15	.

* Weight includes that of the packages. † Weight includes that of the packages and ice.
‡ And 319 loose fish.

CORK AND MACROOM

From what Stations.	To	Coarse Fish.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Cork, ...	Macroom, . . .	.	.	.	.	.

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COAST RAILWAY—*continued.*

Fresh Mackerel.			Salted Mackerel.				Fresh Herrings.			Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	40	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
12,648	632	8	700	101	15	.	2,222	111	2	.	.	.	.	§117	14	5	.
87	4	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
605	30	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
390	19	10	182	26	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
754	37	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1,836	92	1	182	20	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
24,562	1,227	7	2,823	408	0	.	9,043 ‖144	455 17	5 10	565	34	.	.	1,564	154	4	.

§ Bags of Periwinkles. ‖ Barrels of Salted Herrings.

DIRECT RAILWAY.

Fresh Mackerel.				Salted Mackerel.				Fresh Herrings.				Salted Herrings.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
132	6	12	1	.	.	.	.	187	12	11	1	.	.	.	.

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CORK, BLACKROCK, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Carrigaline, .	Cork, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ringaskiddy, .	London, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Euston, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kingsbridge, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Birmingham, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kildare, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

WATERFORD AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Tramore, .	Waterford, .	.	.	.	.	.	43	1	19	2

Net weight.

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PASSAGE RAILWAY.

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.				
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	1	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	15	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	*2	11	1	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	*.	8	2	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	*1	3	1	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	3	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	7	.	.

* Prawns.

TRAMORE RAILWAY.

Fresh Mackerel.				Lobsters.				Shrimps.					Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Bags, Hampers.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
15	.	11	1	9	.	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	13	.	4	1

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WEST AND SOUTH

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Corofin,	Kingsbridge,	29	.	3	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*Ennistymon,	Ennis,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.
Do.,	Corofin,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.
Do.,	Limerick,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	8	3
Do.,	Cork,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	.
†Lahinch,	Ennis,	.	.	.	.	.	63	3	13	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Limerick,	.	.	.	.	.	17	.	17	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	.
Do.,	Euston,	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.
†Quilty,	Ennis,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.
Do.,	Ennistymon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kilrush,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kilkee,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Euston,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Halifax,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Limerick,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Paddington,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilmurry,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Ennis,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kilrush,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kilkee,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Doonbeg,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Weight includes that of packages and ice. † Weight includes that of packages.

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CLARE RAILWAY.

Fresh Mackerel.				Salted Mackerel.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Bags.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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14	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	15	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.
42	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.		.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.		.	.	.
1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.		.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	1	.		.	.	.
.	.	.	.	106	15	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
18	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	42	4	6	1
.	.	.	.	390	55	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
19	.	19	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
10	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.
6	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
9	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
5	.	.	.	44	6	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

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WEST AND SOUTH

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Kilrush, . .	Birmingham,	2	.	3	.	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Enston, .	352	28	18	1	24	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Manchester, .	80	5	11	3	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Paddington, .	71	6	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Kingsbridge,	7	.	7	3	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkee, . .	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Enston, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Leeds, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Manchester, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Swansea, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Limerick, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Ennis, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Corofin. .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., . .	Ennistymon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Miltown, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kilmurry, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	541	42	.	2	20	85	4	15	.	.	.	8	4	3

* Weight includes that of the packages.

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CLARE RAILWAY—*continued.*

Fresh Mackerel.				Salted Mackerel.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Bags.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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8	.	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
85	4	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
19	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
9	.	9	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
55	2	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
57	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
64	3	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
31	1	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
159	7	19	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
11	.	11	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	647	92	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
636	32	8	1	1,187	170	8	.	22	.	5	.	46	4	10	1

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RETURNS OF POLLEN

Conveyed by the following Railway Companies during the year 1907.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

From what Stations.	To	Pollen.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Portadown,	Particulars not furnished.	645	41	4	.	.
Lurgan,		596	33	10	3	14
Moira,		.	.	.	.	.
Lisburn,		.	.	.	.	.
Brookmount,		.	.	.	.	.
Ballinderry,		41	2	2	2	.
Glenavy,		215	11	15	.	.
Crumlin,		277	12	11	.	.
Aldergrove,		543	23	16	.	.
Antrim,		.	.	.	.	.
Trew & Moy,		.	.	.	.	.
Dungannon,		.	.	.	.	.
Coalisland,		.	.	.	.	.
Stewartstown,		233	15	18	2	.
Cookstown,		.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	2,550	140	17	3	14

These items are included under the heading "Coarse Fish" in the general return of fish carried by this Company, see page 154.

NORTHERN COUNTIES COMMITTEE OF MIDLAND RAILWAY.

From what Stations.	To	Pollen.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Belfast,	Euston, Liverpool, Manchester,	31	2	.	.	7
Antrim,	Manchester, Liverpool, Leeds, Bradford, St. Helens, Blackburn, Euston, Bolton, Birmingham, Leicester,	553	30	4	1	24

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NORTHERN COUNTIES COMMITTEE OF MIDLAND RAILWAY—*continued.*

From what Stations	To	Pollen.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Toome,	Glasgow,	1,397	87	6	1	.
	Accrington,					
	Blackburn,					
	Birmingham,					
	Bolton,					
	Liverpool,					
	Manchester,					
	Leicester,					
	Preston,					
	Wigan,					
	Barrow,					
	Bradford,					
	Leeds,					
	St. Heleos,					
	Warrington,					
Moneymore,	Manchester,	432	30	1	3	.
	Leeds,					
	Wigan,					
	Accrington,					
	Blackburn,					
	Liverpool,					
	Preston,					
	Birmingham,					
	Bolton,					
	Euston,					
	Total,	2,413	149	12	1	24

RETURNS OF FISH

Conveyed by the following Steam Packet Companies from Ports in Ireland during the year 1907.

LARNE AND STRANRAER STEAMSHIP JOINT COMMITTEE.

From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		Prime Fish.		Lobsters.		Other Fish.	
		Tons	Cwts	Tons	Cwts	Tons	Cwts.	Tons	Cwts.
Larne Harbour,	Liverpool,	1	10	.	.	2	.	.	.
Do.,	London,	.	5	.	.	.	.	1	5
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	3	2	.	.	2
Do.,	St. Helens,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
Do.,	Wigan,	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2
	Total,	2	15	.	3	4	.	2	11

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LONDON AND NORTH-WESTERN

RETURN OF SALMON

Conveyed by the London and North Western Railway Company *via* Dublin (North Wall) during the year ended 31st December, 1907.

Station from.	Boxes.	Weight.		Station from.	Boxes.	Weight.	
		T.	C.			T.	C.
Sligo,	504	37	10	Dunfanaghy Road,	6	.	6
Youghal,	630	39	.	Killybegs,	0	.	9
Crumlin,	42	2	2	Creeslough,	56	2	16
Glenavy,	3	.	3	Strabane,	10	.	10
Aldergrove,	7	.	7	Gweedore,	4	.	4
Killorglin,	425	21	5	Cappoquin,	4	.	4
Drogheda,	173	3	13	Clonmel,	4	.	4
Bennett's Bridge,	53	2	13	Oughterard,	136	6	10
Macmine Junction,	80	4	.	Cappagh,	9	.	0
Kilrush,	409	20	9	Mogeney,	20	1	.
Limerick,	530	39	15	Killarney,	39	1	19
Galway,	164	12	2	Enniscorthy,	5	.	5
Ballina,	427	21	7	Queenstown,	50	2	10
Cork,	239	11	19	Fintown,	3	.	3
Foxford,	100	5	.	Killaloe,	16	.	10
Waterford,	420	31	10	Claromorris,	2	.	2
Thomastown,	43	2	3	Athenry,	2	.	2
Lismore,	70	3	10	Tuam,	2	.	2
Ballysodare,	63	3	8	Athlone,	43	2	3
Achill,	112	5	12	Midleton,	59	2	19
Clifden,	122	6	2	Caherciveon,	3	.	3
Kenmare,	41	2	1	Clondulane,	27	1	7
Mallaranny,	67	3	7	Banbridge,	14	.	14
Foynes,	52	2	12	Askeaton,	16	.	16
Wexford,	50	2	10	Gort,	2	.	2
Killala,	61	3	1	Navan,	5	.	5
Beauparc,	59	2	19	Castleconnell,	5	.	5
New Ross,	33	1	13				
Burton Port,	14	.	14	Total,	5,549	324	18

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RAILWAY COMPANY'S STEAMERS.

RETURN OF EELS

Conveyed by the London and North-Western Railway Company *via* Dublin (North Wall) during the year ended 31st December, 1907.

Station from.	Boxes	Weight.		Station from.	Boxes.	Weight.	
		T.	C.			T.	C.
Kildare,	2	.	2	Multyfarnham,	12	.	12
Ballybeg,	2	.	2	Ballycar,	14	.	14
Oldcastle,	3	.	3	Valencia,	14	.	14
Maam Cross,	3	.	3	Thurles,	14	.	14
Dromod,	3	.	3	Mullingar,	14	.	14
Drumsna,	3	.	3	Ennis,	17	.	17
Ferbane,	3	.	3	Navan,	20	1	.
Borris,	3	.	3	Boyle,	20	1	.
Recess,	4	.	4	Wexford,	23	1	3
Longford,	4	.	4	Crumlin,	31	1	11
Knockcroghery,	4	.	4	Wexford,	31	1	11
Horseleap,	4	.	4	Trim,	32	1	12
Ballinahinch,	5	.	5	Float	39	1	19
Carlow,	5	.	5	Ballina,	43	2	3
Kells,	5	.	5	Virginia,	44	2	4
Ballyvarry,	5	.	5	Corofin,	45	2	5
Waterford,	6	.	6	Athy,	46	2	6
Shillelagh,	6	.	6	Ballinasloe,	47	2	7
Clifden,	7	.	7	Oughterard,	64	3	4
Loughrea,	7	.	7	Banagher,	70	3	10
Killeshandra,	8	.	8	Ballinrobe,	75	3	15
Ballywillan,	9	.	9	Limerick,	76	3	16
Goresbridge,	9	.	9	Foxford,	86	4	6
Bagnalstown,	9	.	9	Castletown,	86	4	6
Castlebar,	9	.	9	Galway,	228	11	6
Cavan,	11	.	11	Castleconnell,	297	14	17
Ballinahinch,	11	.	11	Athlone,	345	17	5
Milltown,	11	.	11	Killaloe,	695	34	15
Beauparc,	11	.	11				
Ballymote,	12	.	12	Total,	2,716	135	10

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RETURN OF COARSE FISH

Conveyed by the London and North-Western Railway *via* Dublin (North Wall) during the year ended 31st December, 1907.

Stations from.	Boxes.	Weight.		Stations from.	Boxes.	Weight.	
		T.	C.			T.	C.
Lurgan,	1	.	1	Cork,	14	.	14
Clondulane,	1	.	1	Athlone,	15	.	15
Multyfarnham,	2	.	2	Queenstown,	18	.	18
Rush and Lusk	2	.	2	Kilmurry,	18	.	18
Midleton,	2	.	2	Londonderry,	18	.	18
Moycullen,	2	.	2	Bagnalstown,	21	1	1
Ardrahan,	2	.	2	Baltimore,	25	1	5
Borris,	2	.	2	Skibbereen,	30	1	10
New Ross,	3	.	3	Cahirciveen,	30	1	16
Gorey,	3	.	3	Killybegs,	38	1	18
Float,	3	.	3	Bantry,	39	1	19
Killeshandra,	3	.	3	Oughterard,	39	1	19
Listowel,	4	.	4	Cavan,	45	2	5
Ballina,	5	.	5	Nenagh,	45	2	5
Lucan,	5	.	5	Killorglin,	45	2	5
Clonmel,	5	.	5	Crumlin,	40	2	6
Knockcroghery,	5	.	5	Clifden,	46	2	6
Ballywillan,	5	.	5	Limerick,	49	2	9
Buncrana,	6	.	6	Kilkee,	51	2	11
Killurin,	6	.	6	Killarney,	61	3	1
Quilty,	7	.	7	Valencia,	63	3	3
Athy,	7	.	7	Aldergrove,	68	3	8
Drogheda,	8	.	8	Wexford,	70	3	10
Castleconnell,	8	.	8	Fenit,	88	4	8
Castlegregory,	8	.	8	Virginia Road,	104	5	4
Achill,	9	.	9	Glenavy,	120	0	0
Lahinch,	10	.	10	Waterford,	151	11	17
Foynes,	10	.	10	Dingle,	721	36	1
Ballinderry,	11	.	11	Galway,	740	54	0
Ballinrobe,	11	.	11				
Dungarvan,	14	.	14	Total,	3,003	171	9

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RAILWAY COMPANY'S STEAMERS—*continued.*

RETURN OF MACKEREL

Conveyed by the London and North-Western Railway Company *via* Dublin (North Wall) during the year ended 31st December, 1907.

Stations from.	Boxes.	Weight.		Stations from.	Boxes.	Weight.	
		T.	C.			T.	C.
Quilty,	6	.	6	Skibbereen,	862	43	2
Cork,	18	.	18	Cahersiveen,	1,220	61	.
Burton Port,	20	1	.	Dingle,	1,297	64	17
Kenmare,	26	1	0	Ballynahinch,	1,638	81	18
Kilkee,	54	2	14	Baltimore,	2,375	118	15
Bantry,	133	6	13	Galway,	3,337	166	17
Castlegregory,	218	10	18	Clifden,	5,457	271	17
Achill,	388	10	8	Fenit,	8,777	438	17
Queenstown,	556	27	16	Valencia,	10,053	502	13
Kinsale,	701	35	1				
Howth,	848	42	8	Total,	37,984	1,898	4

RETURN OF HERRINGS

Conveyed by the London and North-Western Railway Company *via* Dublin (North Wall) during the year ended 31st December, 1907.

Stations from.	Boxes.	Weight.		Stations from.	Boxes.	Weight.	
		T.	C.			T.	C.
Killala,	4	.	4	Kenmare,	55	2	15
Donegal,	5	.	5	Queenstown,	83	4	3
Recess,	5	.	5	Kinsale,	173	8	13
Achill,	0	.	6	Cahersiveen,	204	10	4
Midleton,	10	.	10	Baltimore,	218	10	18
Waterford,	12	.	12	Valencia,	756	37	10
Fenit,	14	.	14	Burtonport,	1,223	91	14
Galway,	18	.	18	Do.,	*198	19	16
Maam Cross,	30	1	10	Howth,	1,341	97	1
Glenties,	31	1	11				
Clifden,	38	1	18	Total,	4,269	293	10
Gweedore,	43	2	3		*198		
				Burtonport,	†4,363	27	6

* Barrels. † Kippers.

OYSTERS AND LOBSTERS

Conveyed by the London and North-Western Railway Company *via* Dublin (North Wall) during the year ended December 31st, 1907.

Stations from.	Boxes.	Weight.		Stations from.	Boxes.	Weight.	
		T.	C.			T.	C.
Newport,	2	.	1	Tralee,	39	1	19
Quilty,	2	.	1	Ballinahinch,	100	5	.
Spa,	4	.	2	Valencia,	131	6	11
Onghterard,	5	.	5	Galway,	168	8	8
Bansha,	7	.	7	Dingle,	183	9	3
Listowel,	12	.	12	Oranmore,	*291	14	11
Kells,	12	.	12	Recess,	386	19	6
Westport,	12	.	12	Baltimore,	417	20	17
Mountain Stage,	12	.	12	Ardrahan,	*703	35	3
Cork,	16	.	16	Achill,	782	39	2
Glenties,	17	.	17	Clifden,	992	49	12
Sligo,	22	1	2	Waterford,	10	.	10
Youghal,	26	1	6				
Fenit,	33	1	13		3,429	220	19
Wexford,	39	1	19	Total,	*994		

* Barrels. From Bantry, 299 bags Scollops, 10 tons.

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LONDON AND NORTH-WESTERN

RETURN of Fish conveyed by the Trains of the Dundalk, Newry, and by the London and North-Western Railway

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish.			Fresh Mackerel.		
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.
Armagh,	Places in England.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.
Ballinamore,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.
Ballysodare,	do.,	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballyshannon,	do.,	225	22	1	.	.	4	.	5	.	.	.
Belfast,	do.,	3	.	2	.	.	16	1	6	.	.	.
Belleek,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	66	3	11	.	.	.
Beloco,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Belturbet,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	12	.	15	.	.	.
Bunerana,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bundoran,	do.,	56	3	11	.	.	11	.	15	.	.	.
Burtonport,	do.,	92	5	7	.	.	7	.	7	.	.	.
Castlebellingham,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cootehill,	do.,	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cookstown,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	7	.	.	.
Crumlin,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	.
Dunkineely,	do.,	22	1	13	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.
Dunfanaghy	do.,	43	3	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	.
Enniskillen,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	81	4	5	.	.	.
Gweedore,	do.,	65	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Glenties,	do.,	11	.	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Irvinestown,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	11	.	.	.
Lurgan,	do.,	35	2	11	.	.	265	13	8	.	.	.
Lismaskea,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	39	2	12	.	.	.
Lisbellaw,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	26	1	14	.	.	.
Killybegs,	do.,	44	2	19	.	.	28	2	11	33	2	1
Creeslough,	do.,	65	5	5	.	.	4	.	4	.	.	.
Londonderry,	do.,	17	.	18	.	.	38	2	8	.	.	.
Mountcharlee,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Newtownbutler,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	36	1	19	.	.	.
Pettigo,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	5	.	.	.
Port,	do.,	3	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Portadown,	do.,	1	.	2	.	.	61	3	5	.	.	.
Strabane,	do.,	16	1	8	.	.	4	.	4	.	.	.
Stewartstown,	do.,	1	.	2	.	.	135	7	11	.	.	.
Tynan,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	.
Fintona,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	.	.

Oyster tonnage does not include weight of packages. Weight of packages included

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RAILWAY COMPANY'S STEAMERS—*continued.*

Greenore Railway Co., during the year 1907, and shipped to Holyhead Company's Steamers from Greenore.

Fresh Herrings.			Kippered Herrings.			Lobsters.				Oysters.			Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	8	.	.	.	.	61	6	10	.
29	2	16	912	5	14	60	2	10	.	.	.	.	38	2	.	.
2	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
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.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	24	.	16	.	.	.	.	39	1	8	.
84	8	13	.	.	.	12	.	12	.	.	.	.	2	.	4	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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5	.	7	.	.	.	146	7	3	.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.
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.	.	.	.	.	.	22	1	2	.	.	.	.	34	1	15	.
235	26	9	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	93	9	11	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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20	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
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.	.	.	.	.	.	17	.	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	8	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	141	5	7	.	.	.	.	79	3	19	.

for herrings, lobsters, and other shell fish. No ice packed in any of above.

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LONDON AND NORTH-WESTERN

RETURN of Fish conveyed by the Trains of the Dundalk, Newry, and the London and North-Western Railway

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish.			Fresh Mackerel.		
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.
Coalisland, .	Places in England.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	8	.	.	.
Annaghmore, .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	30	1	11	.	.	.
Dunleer, . .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballybay, .	do., .	12	.	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Falcarragh, .	do., .	21	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, . .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	6	.	.	.
Cashelnagore, .	do., .	64	4	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Greenore, .	do., .	3	.	6	.	.	54	3	18	93	4	14
Donegal, .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Glasslough, .	do., .	.		.	.	.	27	1	13	.	.	.
Carrickmacross,	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	.	.
Newtownstewart.	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	6	.	.	.
Newry, . .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Carlingford, .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Omeath, .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bush, . .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bellurgan, .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dundalk, .	do., .	58	3	2	3	14	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	859	63	16	3	14	1,000	57	2	126	6	15

Ice used for salmon and trout only, weight of ice and packages included. Oyster included for all

CITY OF DUBLIN

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
1907.					
January to June.	Dublin, . . .	Liverpool, . .	14	15	.
July to December.	Do., . . .	do., . .	23	12	.
		Total, . .	38	7	.

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RAILWAY COMPANY'S STEAMERS—*continued.*

Greenore Railway Co., during the year 1907, and shipped to Holyhead by Company's Steamers from Greenore—*con.*

Fresh Herrings.			Kippered Herrings.			Lobsters.				Oysters.			Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.		.	.	.	.	12	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	28	1	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
418	21	6	.	.	.	712	17	14	3	.	.	.	711	37	10	.
180	12	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	32	1	17	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	84	4	9	3
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	241	11	15	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,397	272	15	206	11	15	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	178	4	9	2	.	.	.	211	12	1	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	73	3	13	84	4	14	2
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
973	73	9	1,579	9	18	1,392	44	10	1	1,470	276	8	2,046	119	17	1

figures are nett weight of fish, weight of packages not included. Weight of packages other kinds of fish.

STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.		Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	582	14	.	6	4	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	85	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	668	5	.	6	4	.	.	.	.	.	.

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BRITISH AND IRISH

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
1907.					
July, . .	Howth, ...	Plymouth, . .	.	.	.
August, . .	Do., ...	do., . . .	.	.	.
		Total, .	.	.	.

Note.—Fish shipped from Dublin.

TEDCASTLE, M'CORMICK

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
1907.					
November, .	Galway, ...	Liverpool, . .	.	.	.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

SUMMARY of total weights of fish for

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January, .	Waterford, .	Fishguard, .	.	.	.	.	.	.
February, .	do., . .	do., . .	2	17	.	.	10	1
March, . .	do., . .	do., . .	4	16	3	.	6	1
April, , .	do., . .	do., . .	6	18	.	.	2	1
May, . .	do., . .	do., . .	11	6	1	.	18	1
June, . .	do., . .	do., . .	7	14	.	.	19	.
July, . .	do., . .	do., . .	5	9	1	1	3	8
August, . .	do., . .	do., . .	2	9	2	.	5	1
September, .	do., . .	do., . .	.	3	3	.	1	.
October, .	do., . .	do., . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
November, .	do., . .	do., . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
December, .	do., . .	do., . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total, .	41	14	2	4	6	.

In addition to the above, 152 tons 1 cwt. of fish (including 95 tons 3 cwts. of salmon) were

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STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

	Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.		Other Fish.		
	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Cwts.	Qrs	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	4	.	.	.	.	.	.
		.	.	.	.	.	1	14	.	.	.	.	.	.
	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	18	.	.	.	.	.	.

AND CO., LIMITED.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	8	3	.	.	.	.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS.
each Month during the Year 1907.

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	2
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	2
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	12	1
.	.	.	.	15	.	.	.	2	.	8	.
.	9	.	7	3	.	.	.	.	.	16	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	.	6	2	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	1	4	8	2
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	2	5	18	2
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	3	16	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	17	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	3
.	9	.	7	19	.	1	10	1	28	8	.

shipped by the steamers of the Great Western Railway Company from Rosslare Harbour.

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CITY OF CORK STEAM

Months.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Oysters.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Jan. 1st to Dec. 31st, 1907.	Cork, .	Bristol, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	do., .	Fishguard, .	5	.	.	8	.	.
Do., .	do., .	Liverpool, .	22	.	.	3	.	.
Do., .	do., .	Southampton, .	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total, .	27	.	.	11	.	.

CLYDE SHIPPING

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
March, . .	Waterford, . .	Greenock, . .	.	.	.
March, . .	do., . . .	Southampton, . .	.	.	3
April, . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	8	3
May, . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	12	3
June, . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	1	5	3
July, . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	11	2
August, . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
September, .	do. . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
		Total . .	2	19	2

DUNDALK AND NEWRY

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
—	Dundalk, . . .	Liverpool, . .	.	.	.

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PACKET COMPANY.

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.
173	.	.	21	.	.	9	.	.	82	.	.
*436 †545	. .	. .	7	.	.	.	.	.	242	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	.
1,154	5	.	28	.	.	9	.	.	334	.	.

* Cured. † Fresh.

COMPANY, LIMITED.

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	3
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	17	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	14	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	12	2

STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Mussels.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	133	15	.

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WATERFORD STEAMSHIP

Month	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1907, .	Waterford, .	Liverpool, . . .	2	18	.
Do., . .	Do., .	Bristol, . . .	7	18	.
		Total, . .	10	16	.

DROGHEDA AND

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January, .	Drogheda, . .	Liverpool, . .	.	.	.
February, .	Do., . . .	do., . . .	.	2	.
March, . .	Do., . . .	do., . . .	.	7	.
April, . .	Do., . . .	do., . .	.	3	.
May, . .	Do., . . .	do., . .	.	0	.
June, . .	Do., . . .	do., . . .	.	2	.
July, . .	Do., . . .	do., . . .	.	0	1
August, .	Do., . . .	do., . . .	.	9	2
September, .	Do., . . .	do., . . .	.	4	2
October, .	Do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
November, .	Do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
December, .	Do. . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
		Total, .	2	3	1

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COMPANY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish. (Ray, &c.)		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	909	17	.	4	10	.	.	10	.	2	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	4	18	.	.	.	.	3	14	.
.	.	.	909	17	.	9	8	.	.	10	.	5	14	.

LIVERPOOL STEAMERS.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout.)			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	2	12	.	18	9	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	7	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	10	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	7	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	2	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	14	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	18	.	1	17	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	14	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	10	.
.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	16	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	11	15	.	2	17	2
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	5	.
.	3	.	.	.	.	15	.	.	60	8	2

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ISLE OF MAN STEAM

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.				
			Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
February,	Belfast,	Douglas,	.	.	.	.	.
April,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
June,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
July,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
August,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.

LAIRD LINE AND

Month.	From what Place.	To what Ports.	Salmon.		Prime Fish, (Not Salmon and Trout.)	
			Boxes.	Parcels.	Boxes.	Barrels.
—	Londonderry,	Glasgow,	.	.	1,039	2
—	Sligo,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.
—	Innisbofin,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.

GLASGOW, PORTRUSH, LONDONDERRY, MILFORD

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.				
			Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
January,	Downings,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.	.
May,	Mulroy,	Greenock,	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Downings,	Glasgow,	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kincasslagh,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
June,	Downings,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Mulroy,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
July,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
August,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
September,	Do.,	do.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Downings,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
October,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Mulroy,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
November,	Downings,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
December,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kincasslagh,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Mulroy,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
		Totals,	.	.	.	.	.

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PACKET COMPANY (LTD.).

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Fish.		
Boxes Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.
	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	3
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	2
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	2

G. & J. BURNS (LTD.)

Mackerel.		Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Barrels.	Packages.	Tons.	Cwts	Qrs.	Tons	Cwts	Qrs.
.	.	7,449	16,373	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.						
.	.	14	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

AND MULROY STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Fish.				
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
.	.	.	.		18	13	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	4	2	.	535	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
.	.	.	.	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	231	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	16	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	2	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	66	18	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	162	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	
.	.	.	.	.	14	16	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.		.			20	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	119	13	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	12	.	.	1,179	15	3	.	.	19	1	.		16	2	.

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DUBLIN AND LIVERPOOL SCREW

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Cabirciveen,	Liverpool,	.	.	.
February,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
March,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
April,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
May,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
July,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
August,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
December,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
January,	Valentia Harbour,	Liverpool,	.	.	.
February,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
March,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
June,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
July,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
August,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
October,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
December,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
January,	Galway,	Liverpool,	.	.	.
February,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
July,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
December,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
January,	Ballynabinoh,	Liverpool,	.	.	.
March,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
June,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
September,	Kells,	Liverpool,	.	.	.
October,	Dingle,	do.,	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	7	.
		Total,	.	.	.

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STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	59	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	.	.	14	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	42	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	20	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	24	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	2	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	9	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	4	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	190	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	181	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	78	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.		38	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	82	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	81	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	109	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	12	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	30	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	15	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	25	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	656	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	3	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	9	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.		3	.	.		.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	12	6	.	13	0	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	11	12	.	.	.	.		.	.
.	.	.	45	11	.	13	6	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	3	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	2	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	5	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	11	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	20	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	20	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

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DUBLIN AND LIVERPOOL SCREW

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Clifden,	Liverpool,	.	.	.
February,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
March,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
May,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
June,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
July,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
August,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
October,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
December,	Do	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
		Grand Total,	.	.	.

DUBLIN AND MANCHESTER

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
July,	Dublin,	Manchester,	.	.	.

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STEAM PACKET COMPANY—*continued.*

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout.)			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	24	12	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	7	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	1	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	5	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	12	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	37	19	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	6	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	18	13	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	11	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	10	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	3	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	151	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	1,077	9	.	13	6	.	.	.	.

STEAM SHIP COMPANY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

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THE SLIGO STEAM NAVIGATION

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Sligo,	Liverpool,	.	.	.
February,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
March,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
April,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
May,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
June,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
July,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
August,	Do.,	do.	.	.	.
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
October,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
December,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.

G. & J. BURNS, Ltd. (BELFAST

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Enniskillen,	Ardrossan,	.	.	.
Do.,	Belfast,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
February,	Belfast,	Ardrossan,	.	.	.
March,	Enniskillen,	do.,	.	.	.
Do.,	Lisnaskea,	do.,	.	.	.
Do.,	Belfast,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
April,	Enniskillen,	Ardrossan,	.	.	.
Do.,	Belfast,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
May,	Belfast,	Ardrossan,	.	.	.
Do.,	Enniskillen,	do.,	.	.	.
Do.,	Portadown,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
June,	Belfast,	Ardrossan,	.	.	.
July,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
August,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.

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COMPANY (LIMITED).

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
10	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	27	8	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	2	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	16	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	16	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	10	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	16	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	12	.
2	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	8	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	26	7	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	22	8	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	1	.
27	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	10	.
40	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	153	14	.

TO ARDROSSAN STEAMERS).

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	9	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

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G. AND J. BURNS, LTD. (BELFAST

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Belfast,	Glasgow,	.	.	.
Do.	Enniskillen,	Do.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
February,	Belfast,	Glasgow,	.	.	.
Do.	Toome,	Do.	.	.	.
Do.	Enniskillen,	Do.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
March,	Belfast,	Glasgow,	.	.	.
Do.	Enniskillen,	Do.,	.	.	.
Do.	Lisnaskea,	Do.	.	.	.
Do.	Newtownbutler,	Do.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
April,	Belfast,	Glasgow,	.	.	.
Do.	Enniskillen,	do.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
May,	Belfast,	Glasgow,	.	.	.
Do.	Enniskillen,	do.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
June,	Belfast,	Glasgow,	.	.	.
Do.	Enniskillen,	do.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
July,	Belfast,	Glasgow,	.	.	.
August,	Belfast,	Glasgow,	.	.	.
September,	Belfast,	Glasgow,	.	.	.
October,	do.	do.	.	.	.
November,	do.	do.	.	.	.
December,	do.	do.	.	.	.
		Grand Total,	.	.	.

The Department have information that from various points on the West of Ireland and by various steamers the following amount of fish has been carried direct to English ports :—

	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Mackerel,	1,202	19	0

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TO GLASGOW STEAMERS).

Prime Fish (Not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	11	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	12	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	7	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	13	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
4	11	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
5	12	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	5	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	9	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	11	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	3	2	4	4	2	2	5	.	.	.	.
.	.	2	1	2	.	4	13	.	.	.	.
.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
15	5	.	5	6	2	6	18	.	.	.	.

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